

G.M. 4T80-E

INDEX

POWERFLOW AND SOLENOID CHARTS	4
SOLENOID LOCATIONS	
ELECTRONIC CONTROLS DESCRIPTION	
TROUBLE CODE CHART	11
ONBOARD DIAGNOSTIC	12
WIRE SCHEMATIC	
CASE CONNECTOR PIN I.D	16
LINE PRESSURE TEST	
OIL PASSAGE I.D	29
CASE COVER CHECKBALLLOCATIONS	
LOWER VALVE BODY CHECKBALL LOCATIONS	
ACCUMULATOR HOUSING CHECKBALL LOCATIONS	36
TRANSAXLE DISASSEMBLY	38
COMPONENT SUB-ASSEMBLY	53
TRANSAXLE RE-ASSEMBLY	77
INPUT SHAFT END-PLAY MEASUREMENT	85
FINAL DRIVE END-PLAY MEASUREMENT	92
TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS	102
BOLT LOCATIONS AND IDENTIFICATION 1	104
AIR CHECKING PROCEDURES 1	08
SPECIAL TOOL REOUIREMENTS	12

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP 18639 S.W. 107TH AVENUE MIAMI, FLORIDA 33157 (305) 670-4161

Copyright © ATSG 1999



INTRODUCTION THM 4T80-E

This booklet contains the general description, diagnosis charts, and the procedures necessary to overhaul, repair or service the General Motors THM 4T80-E four speed automatic overdrive transaxle. This information will assist you in training your technicians to provide your customers with the best possible transmission service that is available.

The THM 4T80-E is a fully automatic, front wheel drive, electronically controlled transaxle. It provides four forward speeds with 4th gear being overdrive. Shift points are controlled by the Powertrain Control Module (PCM) with two shift solenoids. Oil pressure is supplied by two gear type pumps. Oil pressure is regulated by the PCM using a Pressure Control Solenoid. Shift schedule and TCC apply rates are also controlled by the PCM and are influenced by many inputs from various sensors on the vehicle.

No part of any ATSG publication may be reproduced, stored in any retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, including but not limited to electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without *written* permission of Automatic Transmission Service Group. This includes all text illustrations, tables and charts.

"Portions of materials contained herein have been reprinted under license from General Motors Corp, Service & Parts Operations."

The information and part numbers contained in this booklet have been carefully compiled from industry sources known for their reliability, but ATSG does not guarantee its accuracy.

Copyright © ATSG 2003

DALE ENGLAND FIELD SERVICE CONSULTANT

WAYNE COLONNA TECHNICAL SUPERVISOR

PETER LUBAN TECHNICAL CONSULTANT

JON GLATSTEIN TECHNICAL CONSULTANT

ROLAND ALVAREZ
TECHNICAL CONSULTANT

GERALD CAMPBELL TECHNICAL CONSULTANT JIM DIAL TECHNICAL CONSULTANT

ED KRUSE TECHNICAL CONSULTANT

GREGORY LIPNICK
TECHNICAL CONSULTANT

DAVID CHALKER
TECHNICAL CONSULTANT
JERRY GOTT
TECHNICAL CONSULTANT
MIKE SOUZA

MIKE SOUZA TECHNICAL CONSULTANT

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP 18639 S.W. 107TH AVENUE MIAMI, FLORIDA 33157 (305) 670-4161



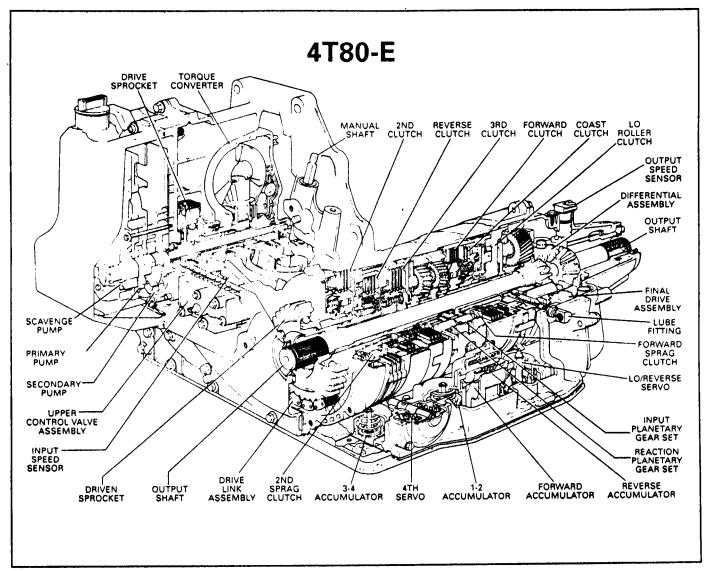
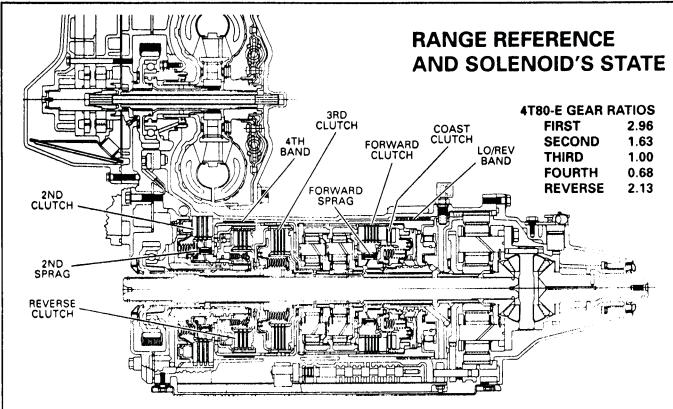


Figure 1





RANGE	GEAR	SHIFT "A" SOL	SHIFT "B" SOL	FORWARD	COAST	3RD CLUTCH	2ND CLUTCH	REVERSE	4TH BAND	LO/REV. BAND	LO ROLLER	2ND SPRAG	FORWARD SPRAG
PARK	N	ON	OFF							APPLIED			
REV	R	ON	OFF					APPLIED		APPLIED			
NEU	N	ON	OFF							APPLIED			
	1	ON	OFF	APPLIED						APPLIED	HOLDING		HOLDING
	2	OFF	OFF	APPLIED			APPLIED					HOLDING	HOLDING
D4	3	OFF	ON	APPLIED		APPLIED	APPLIED						HOLDING
	4	ON	ON	APPLIED		APPLIED	APPLIED		APPLIED				
	1	ON	OFF	APPLIED	APPLIED					APPLIED	HOLDING		HOLDING
D3	2	OFF	OFF	APPLIED	APPLIED		APPLIED					HOLDING	HOLDING
	3	OFF	ON	APPLIED	APPLIED	APPLIED	APPLIED						HOLDING
	1	ON	OFF	APPLIED	APPLIED					APPLIED	HOLDING		HOLDING
D2	2	OFF	OFF	APPLIED	APPLIED		APPLIED		APPLIED			HOLDING	HOLDING
	1	ON	OFF	APPLIED	APPLIED					APPLIED	HOLDING		HOLDING
D1	2	OFF	OFF	APPLIED	APPLIED		APPLIED		APPLIED			HOLDING	HOLDING

ON - SOLENOID ENEGERIZED

OFF - SOLENOID DE-ENEGERIZED

@ THE SOLENOID'S STATE FOLLOWS A SHIFT PATTERN WHICH DEPENDS UPON VEHICLE SPEED AND THROTTLE POSITION. IT DOES NOT DEPEND UPON THE SELECTED GEAR.

Figure 2



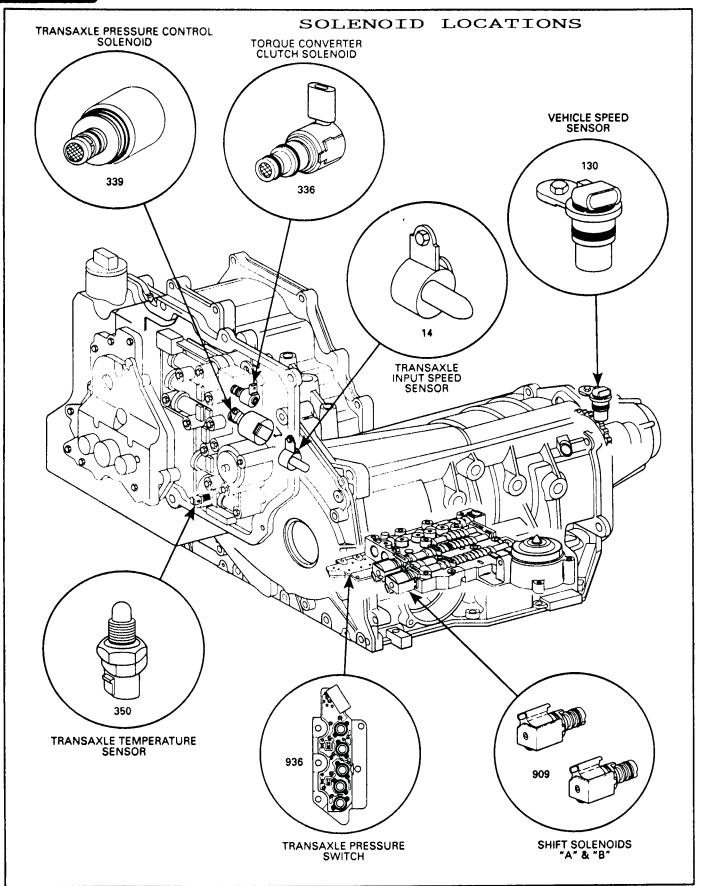


Figure 3
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SERVICE GROUP



Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid



The TCC solenoid is a three-port assembly which uses negative (-) Duty Cycle, Pulse Width Modulation (Fixed 32 Hz) to control the rate of TCC apply-release. The solenoid's ability to "ramp" apply and release pressures result in a smoother apply and release of TCC in all conditions.

The TCC solenoid is a normally closed valve, mounted to the upper valve body and used to control the position of the TCC apply valve.

A Transaxle Pressure Control Solenoid (also known as a Force

Motor) is a three-port, spool valve, electronic pressure regulator

that controls pressure based on current flow through its coil-winding.

The Transaxle Pressure Control Solenoid is attached to the upper

valve body and controls main line pressure by moving a pressure

TCC solenoid resistance should be 10-15 ohms when measured at 20°C (68°F), at 88°C (190°F) 11-25 ohms. Maximum solenoid current flow should not exceed 1.5 amps.

On the 6-way transaxle connector, measure resistance across Pins E and F.

Transaxle Pressure Control Solenoid (Force Motor)



Force Low Line Pressure

+ 0% Duty Cycle + 40% Duty Cycle

Force High

0 Amps 1.1 Amps @ 4-5 V Maximum Minimum

Transaxle Pressure Control Solenoid resistance should

On the 6-way transaxle connector measure resistance across Pins C

measure 3.5 - 4.6 ohms when measured at 20°C (68°F).

regulator valve against spring pressure. The Transaxle Pressure Control Solenoid eliminates the need for a TV cable or vacuum modulator to adjust line pressure according to engine load changes. The Transaxle Pressure Control Solenoid position is controlled by a combination of two methods: High side and Low side control. One terminal of the Transaxle Pressure Control Solenoid receives a fixed frequency (292.5 Hz) signal which varies in positive (+) Duty Cycle.

terminal of the Transaxle Pressure Control Solenoid receives a fixed frequency (292.5 Hz) signal which varies in positive (+) Duty Cycle. This feed circuit to the Transaxle Pressure Control Solenoid is called "Force HI". The opposite terminal of the Transaxle Pressure Control Solenoid is called "Force LO". Force LO is used to provide a ground for the solenoid. It is through this combination of "Force HI" and "Force LO" circuitry that actual Transaxle Pressure Control Solenoid current is finely controlled. This advanced control method assures instantaneous control of line pressure when changes in TPS

Shift Solenoids "A" and "B"

and adaptive learning occur.



A shift solenoid is a two-port, feed bled device which consists of a coil/plunger-ball assembly. The solenoid assembly works in conjunction with an orifice to pressurize the shift valve end chamber when voltage is applied to its coil. The controlled pressure then moves the shift valve against a spring causing a shift to occur. When voltage is no longer applied, the chamber is then opened to exhaust and the opposite shift valve action occurs. Shift solenoids eliminate the need for TV and governor pressures to control shift valve operation.

The 4T80-E transaxle uses two shift solenoids: Solenoid "A" and Solenoid "B", which are attached to the lower valve body.

Shift solenoid resistance should measure 20-30 ohms when measured at 20°C (68°F), at 88°C (190°F) 23-50 ohms. Shift solenoid current flow should not exceed 0.75 amps. The shift solenoid should energize at a voltage of 7.5 volts or more (measured across the terminals). The shift solenoid should de-energize when voltage is one volt or local.

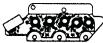
On the 8-way transaxle connector measure solenoid "A" resistance across Pins F and E.

On the 8-way transaxle connector measure solenoid "B" resistance across Pins F and G.

If both solenoids lose power, second gear only will result.



Transaxle Pressure Switch



The transaxle pressure switch contains five normally open pressure switch assemblies which are used to indicate transmission manual valve range through the use of Binary code. Each switch produces either an open or a ground for the three PCM/TCM signal lines, depending on which switches have pressure applied to them. The transaxle pressure switch is attached to the valve body. The sequence of which switches are open and which switches are closed will be used by the PCM/TCM to determine actual manual valve position (except park/neutral). This input is used for line pressure, TCC and shift solenoid control.

To monitor TPS operation, the PCM/TCM compares the voltage values it sees to a TPS combination chart stored in its memory. If the PCM/TCM does not recognize the TPS switch sequence (voltage sequence) for the range selected, a Code 028 will result.

For a given range, TPS signal voltage can be measured from each pin to ground and compared to the combination chart.

On the 8-way transaxle connector pin A is "mode A", pin B is "mode B", and pin H is "mode C". When checking for continuity transaxle harness remains connected, and wires must be probed.

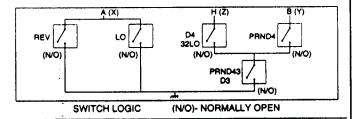
12 = 12 Volts 0 = Grounded Seven valid combinations and two invalid combinations are available from the TPS. Valid combinations for Circuits A, B and C are shown in Figure. Invalid combinations are A=0V, B=0V and C=0V; or A=0V, B=12V and C=0V.

RANGE	OIL PRESSURE						
INDICATOR	*****	PRND43	ro				
PARK							
REVERSE							
NEUTRAL							
D4 -							
D3							
D2							
LO							

CHART					
	Z	Y	X		
PARK	12	0	12		
REVERSE	12	0	0		
NEUTRAL	12	0	12		
4TH	0	0	12		
3RD	0	12	12		
2ND	12	12	12		
1 S T	12	12	0		
ILLEGAL	0	12	0		
ILLEGAL	٥	٥	١٥		

VALID TPS COMBINATION

EXPECTED VOLTAGE READINGS



Transaxle Vehicle Speed Sensor



The vehicle speed sensor is mounted on the transaxle case extension facing toward the right wheel. The sensor consists of a permanent magnet surrounded by a coil of wire. The sensor mounts into the extension and maintains a slight air gap (0.045 - 0.109 in.) between itself and a toothed ring located on the differential. The vehicle speed sensor can then measure the speed of the rotor which contains 31 teeth and is attached to the transaxle output shaft. As the differential is rotated, an AC signal is induced in the rear sensor, which varies in frequency and voltage output.

This input is used for TCC, line pressure, shift timing and torque management controls.

Sensor resistance should be 1260-1540 ohms when measure at 20°C (68°F). Output voltage will vary with speed from a minimum of 0.5 Volts AC at 100 RPM, to more than 100 Volts AC at 8000 RPM.

Measure vehicle speed sensor resistance at sensor.

- Low speed = low Hz and voltage amplitude.
- High speed = high Hz and voltage amplitude.

Transaxle Input Speed Sensor



The input speed sensor is mounted in the case cover facing the drive sprocket. The sensor consists of a permanent magnet surrounded by a coil of wire. The sensor mounts into the case and maintains a slight air gap (0.045 - 0.109 in.) between itself and the drive sprocket. An AC voltage signal is induced in the input sensor by rotating the drive sprocket which contains 39 teeth cut in its outside diameter. The voltage output and frequency will vary with housing speed:

- Low speed = low Hz and voltage amplitude.
- High speed = high Hz and voltage amplitude.

Inside the PCM/TCM, this analog signal is changed to a digital signal. This digital signal is then compared by the processor to a

fixed clock signal internally within the PCM/TCM to determine actual turbine speed. The PCM/TCM uses input speed for control of line pressure and speed calculation.

Sensor resistance should be 1260-1540 ohms when measured at 20°C (68°F). Output voltage will vary with speed from a minimum of 0.5 Volts AC at 100 RPM, to more than 100 Volts AC at 8000 RPM.

On the 6-way transaxle connector measure I.S.S. resistance across Pins A and B.

Figure 5



Transaxle Temperature Sensor (Trans Temp)



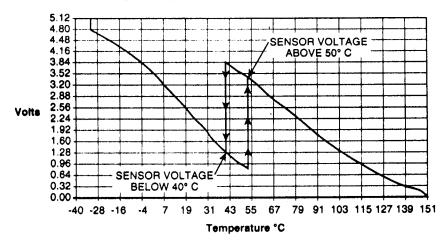
The transaxle temperature sensor is used to control TCC and line pressure.

The transaxle temperature sensor attaches to the upper control valve assembly. It signals the PCM regarding transaxle fluid temperature. The sensor is a negative temperature coefficient thermistor which receives a five volt signal from the PCM. When the temperature is cold, the sensor resistance is high; therefore, the PCM sees a high signal voltage. As the fluid warms, the sensor resistance decreases, the voltage drop across the sensor decreases so the signal voltage will become lower. The transaxle temperature sensor may be tested with a Voltmeter across pin terminals C and D of the 8-way transaxle connector. Nominal voltage readings at specified temperatures are given in Voltage levels at the PCM.

Temperature sensor mode:

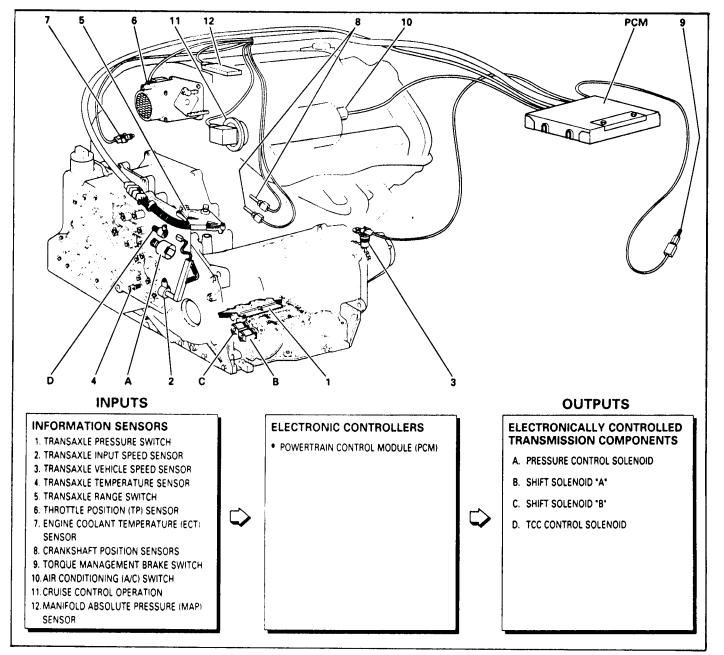
- 1. Hot mode enable (Above 130°C [266°F]) TCC On in 3rd at 30 mph, 0-10 degrees throttle angle and 4th at 39 mph, 0-10 degrees throttle angle This reduces transaxle temperature by decreasing heat generated in the torque converter. It also provides maximum cooling by routing transaxle fluid directly to the transaxle cooler in the engine radiator.
- 2. Super-hot disable (270 HP RPO LD8 ENGINE) (Above 140°C [284°F]) VCC Off, Inhibit operation of 4th Super-hot is a condition where a hot engine adds heat to the transaxle through the transaxle cooler. By inhibiting VCC and 4th gear operation, the engine works under less load. This reduces the heat added to the transaxle fluid by the transaxle cooler. As both engine and transaxle cool off, VCC and 4th are permitted again.

TRANSAXLE SENSOR VOLTAGE VS. TEMPERATURE



- NOTE A PCM INTERNAL SHUNT CIRCUIT WILL COME INTO PLAY AS TEMPERATURE INCREASES BEYOND 50°C. AS
TEMPERATURE IS DECREASING, INTERNAL SHUNT COMES OUT AT 40°C. THERE IS A 10°C OVERLAP.







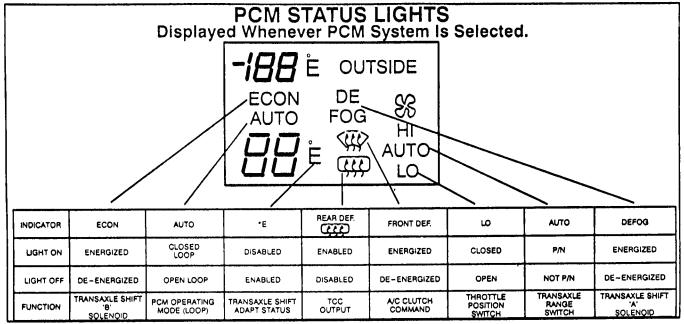


Figure 7

As soon as "PCM?" is selected (See Pages 11 and 12), the Climate Control Center(CCC) panel begins display of PCM Status Lights. PCM Status Lights will continue to be displayed, as shown in Figure 7, until PCM diagnostic functions are exited. PCM Status Lights show the current state of certain discrete PCM inputs and outputs by turning on or off certain indicators on the CCC. (See Figure 7).

NOTE: PAGES 9 THROUGH 14 APPLY TO ELDORADO/SEVILLE ONLY.



ELDORADO/SEVILLE

	PCM DIAGNO	 	
CODE	DESCRIPTION TELLTALE STATUS	CODE	DESCRIPTION TELLTALE STATUS
P012 P013 P014 P015 P016	No 4X Reference Signal From Ignition Control A Module Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Not Ready A Shorted Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor A Open Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor A Generator Voltage Out Of Range [EVAP, EGR, B CRUISE, TCC Transaxle Pressure Control Long Term Fuel Trim]	P059 P060 P061 P062 P063 P064 P065	Open Transaxle Temperature Sensor Circuit B Cruise Control — Transaxle Not In Drive [Cruise] C Cruise Control — Vent Solenoid Problem [Cruise] C Cruise Control — Vacuum Solenoid C Problem [Cruise] Set vs Vehicle Speed Difference [Cruise] C Vehicle Acceleration Too High [Cruise] C Cruise Control Servo Position Sensor C
P017 P019 P020 P021 P022 P023 P024 P025	Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Not Ready Shorted Fuel Pump Circuit Open Fuel Pump Circuit Shorted Throttle Position (TP) Sensor [TCC, Transaxie Pressure Control] Open Throttle Position (TP) Sensor [TCC, EGR] A Ugnition Control Circuit Problem [Ignition Control] Vehicle Speed Sensor Circuit Problem [TCC] A 24X Reference Signal Low B	P066 P067 P068 P069 P070 P071	Failure [Cruise] Cruise Control - Engine RPM Too High [Cruise] C Set/Coast Or Resume/Accel Input Shorted [Cruise] C Cruise Control Servo Position Out Of C Range [Cruise] Traction Control Active While In Cruise [Cruise] C Intermittent Throttle Position (TP) Sensor C Intermittent Manifold Absolute Pressure C (MAP) Sensor
P026 P027 P028 P029 P030 P031	Shorted Throttle Position (TP) Switch Circuit [EGR] A Open Throttle Position (TP) Switch Circuit [EGR] A Transaxle Pressure Switch/Circuit Problem A Transaxle Shift 'B' Solenoid Problem A [1st, 3rd, 4th Gear] Idle Speed Control (ISC) RPM Out Of Range A Shorted Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP) Sensor A [Long Term Fuel Trim]	P073 P074 P075 P076 P080 P081	Intermittent Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor C Intermittent Intake Air Temperature (IAT) Sensor C Vehicle Speed Sensor Signal Interrupt [TCC] C Transaxle Pressure Control Solenoid Circuit A Malfunction [Trans. Pressure Control] TP Sensor/Idle Learn Not Complete A CAM To 4X Reference Correlation Problem C
P032 P033	Cpen Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP) Sensor A [Long Term Fuel Trim] Extended Travel Brake Switch Input Circuit B Problem [Cruise]	P083 P085 P086 P088	24X Reference Signal High
P034 P035 P036 P037 P038	Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP) Signal Too A High [Long Term Fuel Trim] Ignition Ground Voltage Out of Range C Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) Valve Pintle A Position Out Of Range (EGR) Shorted Intake Air Temperature (IAT) Sensor A Open Intake Air Temperature (IAT) Sensor A	P089 P090 P091 P092 P093	Disengaging [Trans. Adapts] Long Shift and Maximum Adapt A [Trans. Pressure Control] TCC Brake Switch Input Circuit Problem [Cruise] E Transaxle Range Switch Problem [Cruise] B Heated Windshield Request Problem B Traction Control System PWM Link Failure A
P039 P040 P041	Torque Converter Clutch (TCC) Engagement A Problem [4th Gear, TCC for Ignition Cycle] Power Steering Pressure Switch Open A No Cam Reference Signal From Ignition	P094 P095 P096 P097	Transaxle Shift 'A' Solenold Problem A [1st, 3rd, 4th Gear] Engine Stall Detected C Torque Converter Overstress A P/N To D/R At High Throttle Angle E
P042 P043 P044 P045 P046 P047	Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Lean Exhaust Signal A Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Rich Exhaust Signal A Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Lean Exhaust Signal A Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Rich Exhaust Signal A Left To Right Bank Fueling Difference A PCM/BCM Data Link Problem B	P102 P103	Cruise Control Servo Applied Not In Cruise
P048 P051 P052 P053	Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) System A Malfunction [EGR] PROM Checksum Mismatch A PCM Keep Allve Memory Reset C 4X Reference Signal Interrupt From Ignition Control C	P105 P106 P107 P108	Transaxle Adapts] Brake Booster Vacuum (BBV) Too Low B Stop Lamp Switch Input Circuit Problem E PCM/BCM Data Link Problem C PROM Checksum Mismatch A PCM Keep Alive Memory Reset C
P055 P056 P057 P058	Module Closed Throttle Angle Out-Of-Range	P109 P110 P112 P117 P131 P132 P137	Generator L—Terminal Circuit Problem F Total EEPROM Failure C Shift 'A'/Shift 'B' Circuit Output Open Or Shorted C Active Knock Sensor Failure A Knock Sensor Circuitry Failure A Loss Of ABS/TCS Data

TELLTALE STATUS

- A = 'SERVICE ENGINE SOON' Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) ON
- 3 = 'SERVICE VEHICLE SOON' message On DIC
- C = No telitale or message
- # 'THEFT SYSTEM PROBLEM CAR MAY NOT RESTART' message
- E 😑 'REDUCED ENGINE POWER' message.
- = 'BATTERY NO CHARGE' message.
- [] = BRACKETED SYSTEMS ARE DISABLED WHEN CODE IS CURRENT

PD84

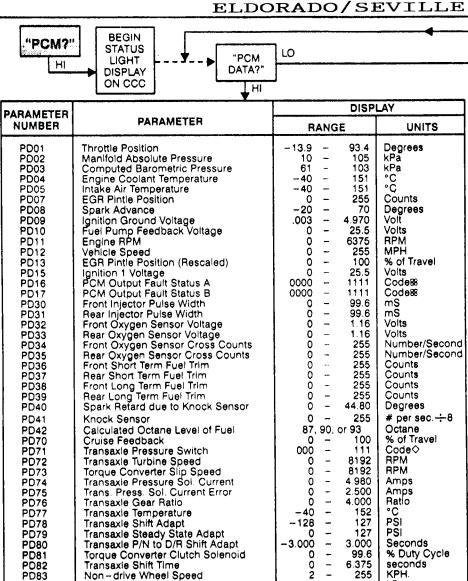
PD99

PD98

PD99



Technical Service Information



\			
	PCM INPUTS ▼ ○		
INPUT NUM	INPUT		
PI70 PI71 PI72 PI79 PI82 PI83 PI84 PI85 PI86 PI87 PI88	Cruise Brake Switch TCC Brake Switch TCC Brake Switch Throttle Position Switch Park/Neutral Switch Cruise On/Off Cruise Set/Coast Switch † Cruise Resume/Accel Switch † Power Steering Pressure Switch Extended Travel Brake Switch Low Coolant Level Switch Oil Level Switch Stop Lamp Switch		

"РСМ

Н

INPUTS?

LO

♦Transaxle Pressure Switch Code				
CODE	SELECTED GEAR			
000 001 010 011 100 101 110	lliegal D4 Illegal D3 Reverse Park/Neutral D1 D2			
NOTE: PD	NOTE: PD71 will read 111 with			

the engine not running

PARAM.	STATUS A	STATUS B
1st Digit	TCC Sol/Engine Temp Lite	Shift 'A'/Shift 'B'
2nd Digit	EGR/EVAP/Starter Inhibit	Injectors
3rd Digit	Cooling Fans/Service	
	Engine Soon MIL	Generator
4th Digit	A/C Clutch/Delivered	
•	Torque/RSS Lift/Dive	Not Used

Brake Booster Vacuum

PCM PROM ID - Transaxie

Ignition Cycle Counter PCM PROM ID - Engine

	KEY
To Select Another Test Within	Α
Particular Test Type Press:	
Hi - To Increment	
Lo - To Decrement	

kPa

Code

Key Cycles Code ●

83.4

9999 255

9999

-10.7

0

O ŏ

▼ "Hi" = High Signal Voltage
"LO" = Low Signal Voltage

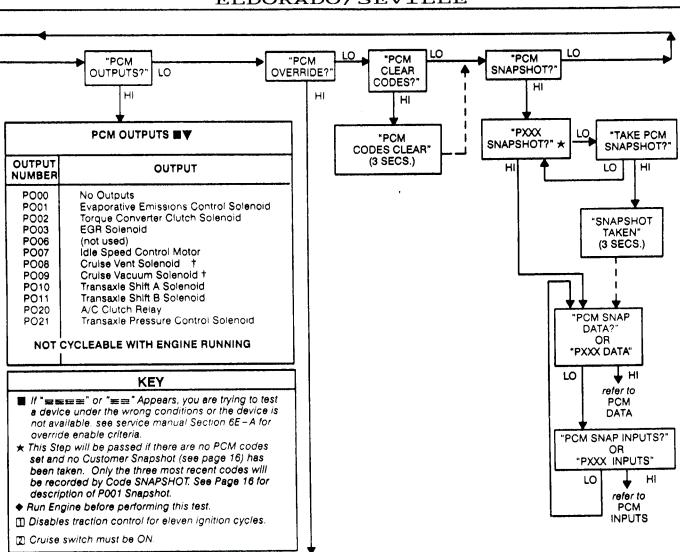
O"O" = Input Same Since Displayed
"X" = Input Changed Since Displayed

PROM ID Code Number Identifies An Individual Calibration And Is Periodically Updated; Refer To Latest Service Publication For Correct ID Number.

† Switch Cruise ON Before Testing

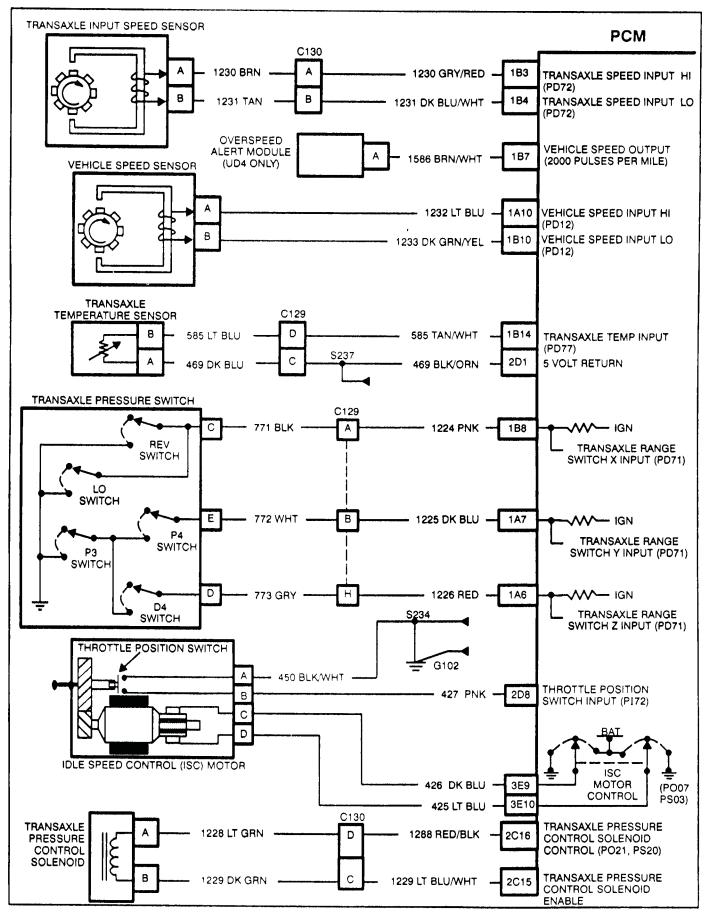


ELDORADO/SEVILLE

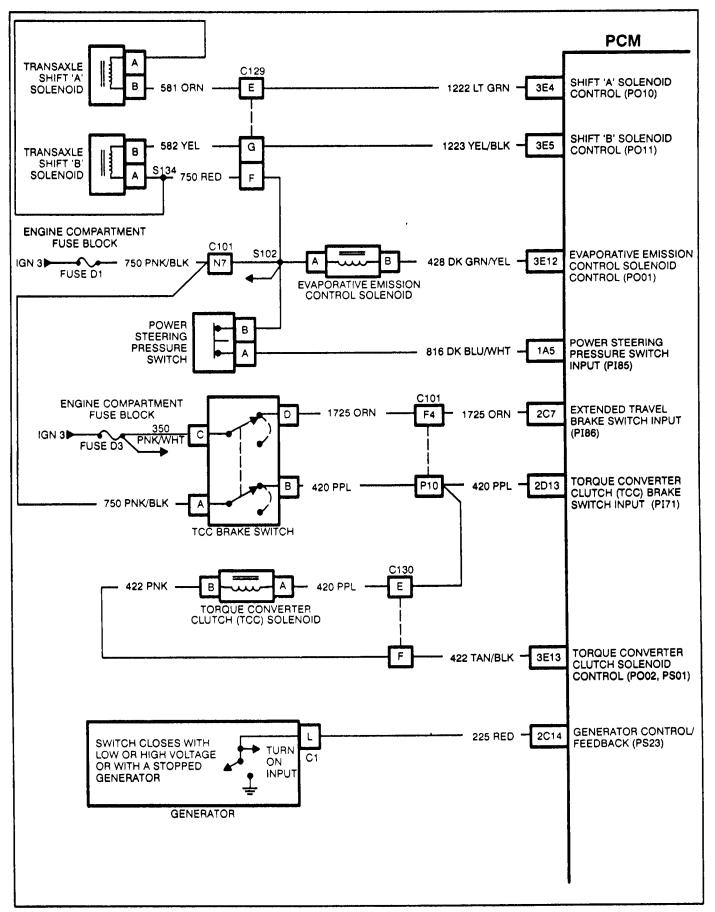


	PCM OVERRIDE ■		
OUTPUT OVERRIDE NUMBER	OUTPUT OVERRIDE		RIDE ION WARMER
PS00 PS01 PS02 PS03 PS04 PS05 PS06 PS07 PS08 PS10 PS11 PS12 PS13 PS14 PS15 PS20 PS21	No Override Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid EGR Solenold ISC Motor Injector Disable (1 thru 8) Fuel Pump Relay AIR Pump (not used) Cruise Control Servo◆ [2] Cooling Fan Relay Temporary Spark Advance Injector Flow Transaxie Override Long Term Fuel Trim Reset TP Sensor & Idle Learn/Garage Shift Adapt Reset Transaxle Shift/Steady State Adapt Reset Transaxle Oil Life Transaxle Pressure Control Knock Sensor Test Permanent Spark Retard Generator Traction Control Disable □	Off Decrease Retract Disable Off Release Low Speed Fan Relay Retard Select Upshift Reset Reset Learn Reset Shift Decrease Decrease Advance Retard Off Enable	On Increase Extend Select On Pull In High Speed Fan Relay Advance T3st Downshift No Action Reset Adapt Reset Steady Increase Increase No Action Advance On Disable











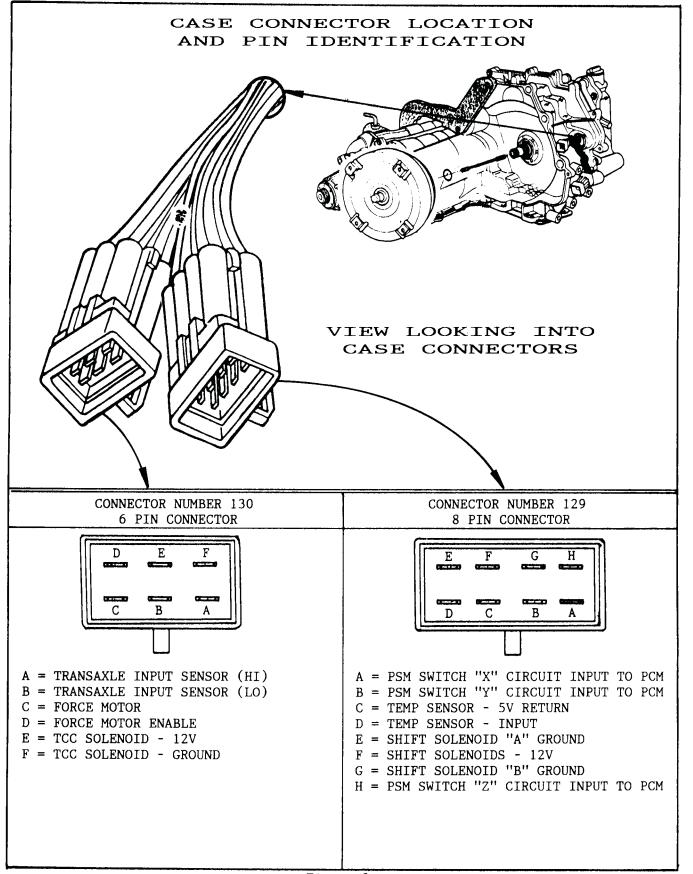


Figure 8



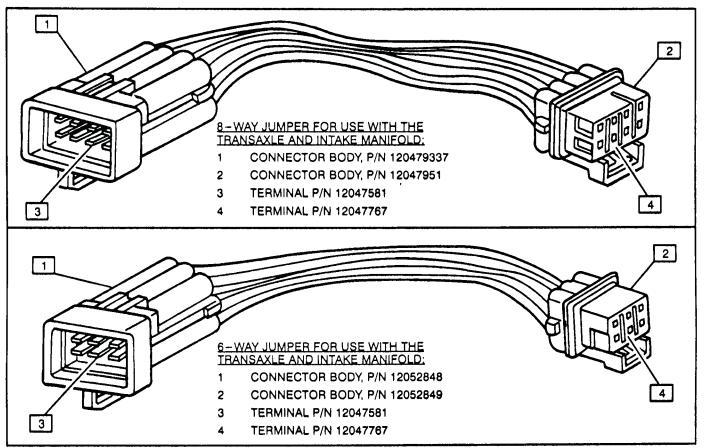


Figure 9



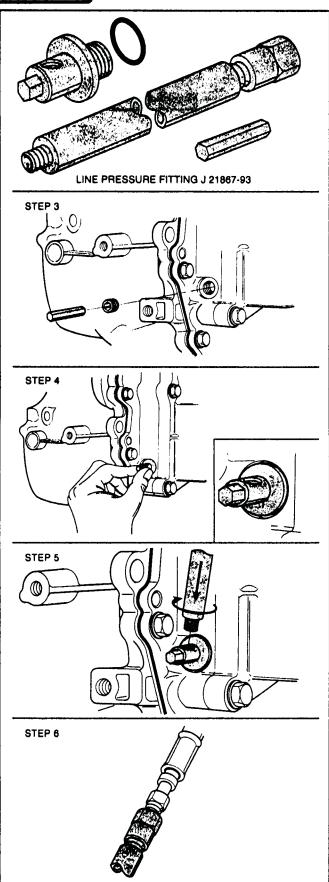


Figure 10

LINE PRESSURE TEST

- 1. Requires special line pressure fitting J-21867-93, as shown at left.
- 2. Remove the air cleaner assembly.
- 3. Raise vehicle and suitably support.
- 4. Install bar stock into pressure plug, and remove line pressure plug, as shown in Figure 10, Step 3.
- 5. Install line pressure fitting using a ratchet box wrench. Tighten adapter so the insert hole for the dowel rod is in a 1 O'Clock position. Refer to Figure 10, Step 4.
- 6. Lower vehicle and install dowel rod in fitting as shown in Figure 10, Step 5.
- 7. Attach line pressure gage and hose to dowel rod fitting as shown in Figure 10, Step 6.
- 8. Secure hose in a safe position to avoid damage during line pressure test.
- 9. To remove the line pressure gage, reverse the steps above.



1993 HYDRA-MATIC 4T80-E LINE PRESSURE CHECK PROCEDURE

Line pressures are calibrated for two sets of gear ranges - Drive-Park-Neutral, and Reverse. This allows the transaxle line pressure to be appropriate for different pressure needs in different gear ranges:

Gear Range

Line Pressure Range

Drive, Park or Neutral

Minimum line 50-55 psi., Maximum line 230-250 psi.

Reverse

Minimum line 90 psi., Maximum line 300 psi.

Before performing a line pressure check, verify that the transaxle pressure control solenoid is receiving the correct electrical signal from the vehicle computer:

- 1. Start the engine and set parking brake.
- 2. Enter On-board diagnostics.
- 3. Check for a stored transaxle pressure control solenoid malfunction code P076, or other malfunction codes.
- 4. Repair vehicle if necessary.

Inspect

- Fluid level
- Manual linkage at transaxle
- · Install line pressure gage.
- 5. Put gear selector in Park and set the parking brake.
- 6. Start engine and allow it to warm up at idle.
- 7. Enter diagnostics and select "PCM output override" level.
- 8. Access the "override" transaxle pressure control solenoid test (PS20).
- 9. Increase TRANSAXLE PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID pressure signal and read the corresponding line pressure on the pressure gage. (Allow pressure to stabilize for 5 seconds after each pressure change.)
- 10. Compare data to the Drive-Park-Neutral line pressure chart below.

NOTE: This line pressure is valid for TPC Solenoid overrides with vehicle stopped at idle and in Park-Neutral.

CAUTION Brakes must be applied at all times to prevent unexpected vehicle motion.

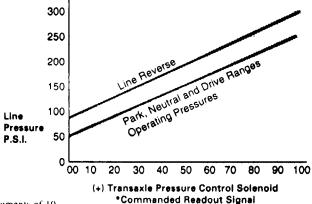
If pressure readings differ greatly from the line pressure chart, refer to the Diagnosis Charts contained in this section.

Dynamic Line Pressure Testing:

The vehicle diagnostic overrides are designed to control the transaxle pressure control solenoid in Park and Neutral with the vehicle stopped at idle and in a dynamic mode during road testing. Under dynamic testing conditions the transaxle pressure control solenoid pressure signal can be overridden to increase pressure from normal PCM commanded pressure. During road test conditions, high line pressures can be commanded to verify line pressure system response.

To verify line pressure response in the dynamic mode, access PCM output override transaxle pressure control solenoid test PS20 and drive the vehicle under normal road test conditions. While driving the vehicle, depress the warmer button to gradually increase the transaxle pressure control solenoid signal. As the transaxle pressure control solenoid signal increases transaxle upshifts should become progressively harsher. This occurs because higher than required line pressures are commanded in this test mode.

If pressure readings differ greatly from the line pressure chart, refer to the Diagnosis Charts contained in this section.



* (+) Signal time is shown in increments of 10

Cooler Flow Rates: 1500 + RPM = 7-9 Litres at Min Line, 12-14 at Max Line, Per Minute.

Figure 11



CONDITION	INSPECT	FOR CAUSE
High Line Pressure (Harsh Shifts)	 Press. Reg. Valve (211) Pressure Control Solenoid (339) Possible Codes; 56, 75, 76, 86, 89 T.P.C.S. Feed Valve P.R. Boost Valve (213) PSM (936) Transmission Harness (12) Checkballs (65) Final Drive Internal Gear 	 Stuck at high torque signal due to under sized bore, sediment or T.P.C.S. Failed "off", intermittent short Loose connector Stuck Stuck open Loose connector Loose connector Missing
(Harsh Engagement)	Snap Ring (135) • Actuator Feed Limit Valve (309)	MissingStuck open
Inadequate Lube or Low Line Pressure	 Scavenge Pump Body (225) Scavenge Pipe (54) Scavenge Pipe Seal (53) Primary Pump Body (200) Scavenge Screens (51 and 52) P.R.Valve (211) Secondary Pump Body (203) Transaxle Fluid Cooler Lines 	 Leakage at gasket or pump body Restriction Damaged, cut or leaking Leakage at gasket or pump body Clogged Stuck due to sediment Leakage at gasket or pump body Low level Clogged or restricted
Second Gear Starts	 "A" Shift Solenoid (909) - Possible Codes; 29, 16, 94 Transaxle Pressure Control Solenoid (339) Starts At HI Line Only, Driven Sprocket Support (418) 	 Stuck off Pinched wire to ground Inoperative Leakage Pinched wire to ground Staked checkball missing
Transaxle Slips in Reverse	 Fluid Level Line Pressure Scavenge Pump (223, 224, 225) Primary Pump (200, 201, 202) Scavenge Pipe (54) Scavenge Pipe Seal (53) Rev. Clutch Seals (506, 507) Plates (511, 512, 513) Reverse Band (13) Rev. Servo Piston (928) Rev. Servo Seals (929 and 930) Rev. Servo Pin (931) Rev. Band Anchor Pins (9) 	 Too high or low Too low Gears worn or broken Gears worn or broken Debris in pipe Cut or damaged Cut, damaged or leaking Damaged or burned Damaged, burned, slipping Damaged or cracked Cut, damaged or leaking Binding, too short Loose, missing
Soft Shifts	 Line Pressure Transaxle Pressure Control Solenoid (339) Transaxle Pressure Switch (PSM) (Clip) Clamp (340) Possible Code; 28 Calibration Prom 	 Too low Stuck "on" Broken clip causing leakage Pinched wire to ground Incorrect

Figure 12



CONDITION	INSPECT	FOR CAUSE
2, D3, D4 o First Gear	 Checkballs Lo/Rev Servo Apply Pin (931) 1-2 Shift Valve (919) FWD/CC Support Seals (829) FWD/CC Studs (5) Lo Roller Clutch (830) "A" Shift Solenoid (909) Possible Code 94 Forward C. Piston (807) Forward C. Piston Seals (808 and 809) Support Housing Seal Rings (829) Forward Sprag (716) Checkball No. 8 	 Missing from FWD/coast clutch Apply pin damage Stuck in up shifted position Damaged Damaged, broken Worn or damaged Debris, or fialed off Pinched or damaged wires, inoperative Damaged or cracked Rolled, cut or damaged Leaking, damaged or cut Damaged, not holding Missing
02, D3 No Second Gear	 Clutch Plates (431-435) Piston (430) Springs (428) Piston Seals on Piston (430) 2nd Sprag (517) "A" Shift Solenoid (909) 1-2 Shift Valve (919 and 920) 	 Burned or damaged Cracked or damaged Broken, out of position Rolled, damaged or leaking Damaged, not holding Stuck on Stuck in 1st gear
D3 No Third Gear	 3/4 Shift Valve Bore Plug (914) Driven Sprocket Support (418) 3rd Clutch Plates (610-613) 3rd Clutch Piston (606) 3rd Clutch Seals on Piston (606) Checkballs (437) "B" Shift Solenoid (909) Possible Codes; 29, 117 "A" Shift Solenoid (909) Code 94, 117 	 Misassembled Exhaust valve cup plug or valve improperly installed Burned, splines damaged Cracked, damaged, checkball damage Cut or rolled Missing, stuck Debris Wires pinched or damaged Inoperative
No Fourth Gear	 "A" Shift Solenoid (909) - possible code; 94 4th Band (523) 4th Servo Pin (527) 4th Servo Piston (529) 4th Servo Seals (525 and 532) 4th Servo Cover (524) 3/4 Shift Valve Bore Plug (914) 	 Inoperative Debris Pinched wires Burned, slipping, missing Broken, seized Damaged Rolled, cut or damaged Cracked Misassembled

Figure 13



CONDITION	INSPECT	FOR CAUSE
No First Gear	 Lo Roller Clutch (830) Forward Sprag (716) Oil Transfer Sleeve Forward Clutch Plate (815-817) Seals (808 and 809) Detent Lever (17) FWD/Coast Housing (801) Piston (807) "A" and/or "B" Shift Solenoid (909) Possible Codes; 16, 29, 94 Manual Valve (916) Checkball (437) in Housing 	 Worn or damaged Damaged, not holding Misaligned, damaged, leaking Burned, damaged Leaking, cut or rolled Misaligned Broken or spline damage Cracked or damaged Debris Pinched or damaged wires "A" and "B" Shift Solenoids Disabled Misaligned Leaking
Inconsistent Shifts	• "A" and "B" Shift Solenoids (909)	O-ring seal damageNo compression
Third and Fourth Gear Only	"B" Shift Solenoid (909) Possible Codes; 117	Stuck "on"Pinched wire to ground
No Engine Braking	 Oil Transfer Sleeve (824) Drive Chain (414) Sprockets (407 and 415) Drive Axle 	 Misaligned Broken, slipping Damaged Splines damaged
No Overrun Braking in D3	 Coast C. Plates (812-814) Coast C. Seal/Checkball (810) Forward Clutch Housing (801) Oil Level 3-4 Shift Valve (912) "A" Shift Solenoid (909) Possible Code; 94 	 Burned or damaged Cut, worn or nicked Splines damaged Housing cracked Low Stuck in upshift position Debris, stuck
No Overrun Braking in D2	 4th Band (523) 4th Band Servo Pin (527) 4th Servo Piston (529) 4th Servo Seals (525 and 532) Coast Clutch Plates(812-814) Coast Clutch Seal/Checkball (810) Transaxle Pressure Switch - Code 28 Coast Clutch Support Seals (829) 	 Slipping, burned Stuck, broken Damaged, cracked Cut, rolled or damaged Burned, damaged Cut, worn or nicked Inoperative Damaged, missing
No Engine Braking in D1	Transaxle Pressure Switch (936) Possible Code; 28 Coast Clutch Plates (812-814) Coast Clutch Seal/Checkball (810) Checkball No. 6 Lo/Rev Band (13) Lo/Rev Servo Piston (928) Seals (929 and 930)	 Inoperative Burned, damaged Cut, worn or nicked Missing Slipping, burned, damaged Damaged, seized Leaking, rolled

Figure 14



CONDITION	INSPECT	FOR CAUSE
ward Motion in N	 Manual Valve (916) Forward Clutch Springs (820) Forward Clutch Piston (807) Forward Clutch Plates (815-817) Forward Clutch Housing (801) Sprocket Support Hub (822) Shift Linkage 	 Mispositioned or stuck Jammed Jammed Seized or jammed Feed hole plugged, inspect tower Holes plugged Mispositioned Disconnected
gine Stall	 TCC Converter Feed Valve (312) TCC Solenoid (336) Possible Code; 39 Converter Feed Valve (312) Turbine Shaft (410) 	 Stuck on or dragging Stuck open Stuck on Pinched wire to ground Inoperative Stuck open Spline damaged
oss of Power	 Transaxle "A" and "B" Shift Solenoids (909) Possible Codes; 16, 29, 94 TCC System Torque Converter (1) Turbine Shaft (410) 	 Low fluid 2nd gear starts TCC stuck on or dragging Debris Bushing damage
oss of Drive	• Torque Converter (1) • Scavenger, Primary Pumps (225 and 200) • Pump Shaft (2) • Channel Plates (33, 900) • Gaskets (228, 326, 328, 935) • Scavenge Pipe Seal (53) • Drive Sprockets (407 and 415) • Drive Chain (414) • Driven Sprocket Support (418) • Final Drive • F.D. Pinions (103) • Roller, Forward Sprag • Forward/Coast Support (822) • Manual Valve and Link (915 and 916) • Turbine Shaft (410)	 Broken lug, failed lug weld Sheared lug bolts Worn turbine shaft splines Low fluid Pump hub cracked or broken Internal failure Closure weld failure Cover cracked at weld Seized, broken pump gears Broken Damaged Damaged Damaged or missing Broken Broken Damaged, porosity, leaking Damaged, splines worn Spalled pins or pinions Lack of lube Worn, broken or locked No lube Not attached to detent lever Dislodged, stripped splines

Figure 15



CONDITION	INSPECT	FOR CAUSE
Engine Starts in Gear	Manual Valve (916) Transaxle Range Switch	 Not engaged to detent lever Stuck in wrong position Not working, mispositioned
No Gear Selections	 Detent Lever (17) Manual Valve (916) Spacer Plate Gasket (935) Valve Bodies/Case 	 Nut loose or missing Stuck Blocked holes Blocked channels
Shift Lever Indicates Wrong Gear	 Manual Valve (916) Detent Roller Pin (26) Detent Roller (26) Spring (27) Manual Detent Pivot (26) Manual Shaft (16) Indicator Linkage 	 Not engaged to detent lever Missing, damaged Broken or disconnected Loose or missing Flats not parallel Misadjusted
No TCC	 TCC Solenoid (336) PCM Brake Switch TCC Control Valve (317) TCC Regulating Valve (318) TCC Feed Valve (312) Oil Pressure Screen (342) O-Ring (412) Torque Converter (1) O-Ring (412) Possible Codes; 16, 29, 88, 117 39, 90 	 Stuck off O-ring failed No voltage to solenoid Poor connection No signal to solenoid Contact corroded Poor connection Pinched wire Misadjusted No supply voltage Stuck off due to sediment or undersized bore Stuck off due to sediment or undersized bore Stuck off due to sediment or undersized bore Clogged Damaged or leaking Ballooning Worn
Soft TCC Apply	Turbine Shaft Seal (412) TCC Solenoid (336) Transmission Fluid Conv. Clutch Feed Valve (312)	 Worn or damaged Malfunction Low Sticking
Early TCC Engagement	Trans Temp Sensor (350) Possible Codes; Sensor Circuit	- Shorted
TCC Not Disengaging	TCC Solenoid (336) Converter Feed Valve (312)	- Stuck on due to debris - Stuck on due to debris
Converter Ballooning	Converter Feed Valve (312)	Stuck open due to sediment or undersized bore

Figure 16



CONDITION	INSPECT	FOR CAUSE
No Torque Multiplication	Drive Sprocket Support (400)	Broken or detached from case Spline damage
lo Reverse	 Reaction Carrier Shell (633) Lo/Reverse Anchor Pin (9) Driven Sprocket Support (418) Support Seals (422 and 423) Support Bolts Reverse Band (13) Reverse Band Apply Pin (931) Reverse Piston (505) Seal (506 and 507) Checkball in Piston Gasket (43 and 44) Case Cover (33) Fluid Pressure Steel Plates (511) Friction Plates (513) Spring Assembly (508) Housing (500) Snap Ring (515) 	 Missing, teeth damaged Anchor pin broken or not positioned Porosity or broken Feed holes blocked Leaking Loose, not in grooves, mislocated Broken, worn not anchored Too short or binding in case. Broken Binding in case. Leaking, damaged or worn Missing Damaged or displaced Damaged Too low Splines worn Splines or friction worn Jammed Cracked Out
/ill not stay in park	 Detent Spring (27) Detent Lever (17) Actuator Rod (21) Park Pawl Pivot Pin (23) Parking Lock Gear (833) Park Pawl (22) Manual Linkage 	 Weak or broken Mislocated or broken Bent Guide damaged Missing Damaged teeth Damaged (tooth) Misadjusted or disconnected
Extended or Delayed Upshifts	 Possible Codes; 21, 22, 24 Transaxle Pressure Switch Code 28 Pressure Regulator Boost Valve (213) 	InoperativeStuck in bushing
Transaxle Seized	 Cooler Circuit Lines Cooler Fittings (3, 38) Spacer Plate Gasket (328) Scavenger Pipe (54) Valve Bodies (300 and 903) Filter (236) Filter Seal (209) Screen Assemblies (51 and 52) 	 Blocked or leaking Blocked or leaking Holes missing, off location Damaged, clogged Poor seal at pipe Loose, broken or missing bolts Sitting in side cover Cut damaged neck seal Clogged or not seated in case
Noise	 Torque Converter (1) Transaxle/Engine Case Extension (134) 	 Loose lug bolts Out of balance Internal failure Misaligned Axle support bushing worn

Figure 17



CONDITION	INSPECT	FOR CAUSE
NOISE IN ALL RANGES or (A whine which may RPM load sensitive or ceases when the TCC engages.)	Torque Converter (1)	 Verify noise internal to torque converter by placing left foot on brake with gear or selector in Drive and momentarily stall engine. Torque converter noise increases under load.
A High Pitch WHINE which will intensify with engine RPM or is Oil Pressure sensitive.	Oil Pump System	 Verify noise internal to oil pump during preliminary oil pressure check. An increase in line pressure will vary an oil pump noise.
A Popping noise similar to Popcorn popping.	,	 Pump cavitation-indicated by bubbles on fluid level indicator. Transaxle fluid strainer for filter seam leak. Transaxle fluid strainer seal for proper positioning or cut seal.
A BUZZ or High Frequency Rattle sound.	Trace cooler pipes and check for binding or contact at the at the Radiator other than the Cooler pipe connectors	Verify pressure buzz by watching for a needle vibration on the pressure gage. (Road test may be necessary.)
A Whine or Growl that increases and fades with Vehicle speed and is most Noticeable under Light Acceleration	 Drive Link Assembly System Verify noise from sprockets and/or drive link assembly (chain) by placing left foot on brake and moving gear selector from Park or Reverse. If noise stops check items below: Drive Chain (414) Drive Sprocket and Driven Sprocket (407 and 415) Drive Sprocket Support and Driven Sprocket Support (400 and 418) 	 Stretched Teeth broken or sheared Bearing surfaces nicked or scored Bearing race or roller bearing surfaces on gear Support Inner Bearings rough or pitted. Bearing damage Bearing outer race support rough or nicked.
A Final Drive Noise or Hum, is most noticeable Under light throttle Acceleration and/or turns	 Final Drive Gear Set (100) Final Drive Internal Gear (120) Differential Carrier (110) Differential Side Gears (116) 	 Worn, planet pinions or washers Worn, tooth damage Gears worn or pitted Thrust washer damage
Noise in 1st, 2nd, 3rd or 4th	• Final Drive Sun Gear (121) Final Drive Pinions (103)	Gear worn or damageGears worn or damaged

Figure 18



CONDITION	INSPECT	FOR CAUSE
/ibration	 Torque Converter (1) Transaxle/Engine Case Extension (134) Turbine Shaft (410) Output Shaft (57) 	 Out of balance Internal failure Misaligned Axle support bushing worn Worn bushing Out of balance
Leaks at: Bottom Pan	 Bottom Pan (59) Gasket (61) Case (6) Bolts (62) 	 Damaged or not flat Damaged or off location Porosity or cracked Flange inside out, damage High or low torque
Fluid Fill Indicator	Seal on Indicator (31)	- Cut or nicked - Missing
Vehicle Speed Sensor	• O-Ring Seal (130)	- Cut, nicked or missing
Electrical Connector	Electrical Connector (12) O-Ring Seal Case (6)	 Damaged or not seated Cut or nicked Missing, porosity Porosity or cracked
Cooler Connectors	• Cooler Connectors (3, 38) • Case (6)	 Stripped threads Damaged flare, seal damage High or low torque Stripped threads Porosity Debris in threads
Case Extension	 Case Extension (134) Case (6) Seal (126) Bolts (128 and 127) 	 Porosity or cracked Porosity or cracked Cut or nicked Missing Low torque Missing
Manual Shaft	• Seal (20) • Linkage	- Cut or nicked - Not seated - Misadjusted
Converter Seal	Seal (403) Torque Converter Bolt	 Cut, nicked or worn Missing garter spring Low torque Damaged hub
Drive Axle Seal	Tri-Pot Joint	- Corrosion on Tri-Pot housing at mating surface
Fluid Foaming	 Fluid Engine Filter (236) Seal (209) Vehicle Scavenger Screens (51, 52) 	 Contaminated (antifreeze) Transaxle overfilled Overheated Cracked or not seated Damaged or not seated Overloaded Clogged

Figure 19



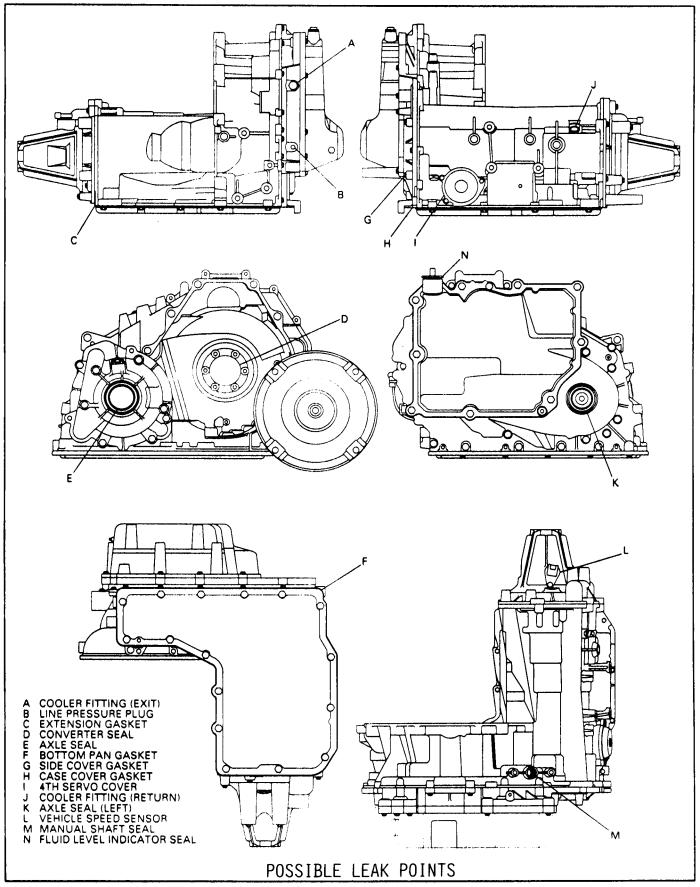


Figure 20



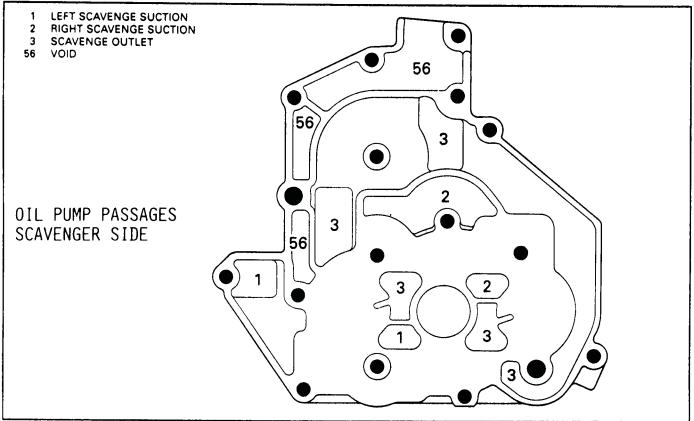


Figure 21

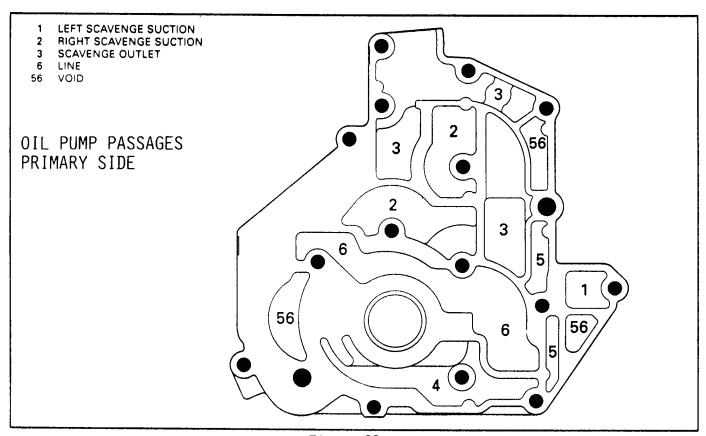


Figure 22



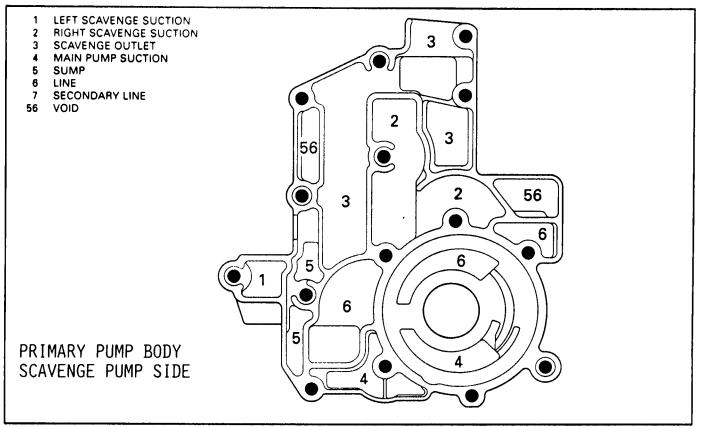


Figure 23

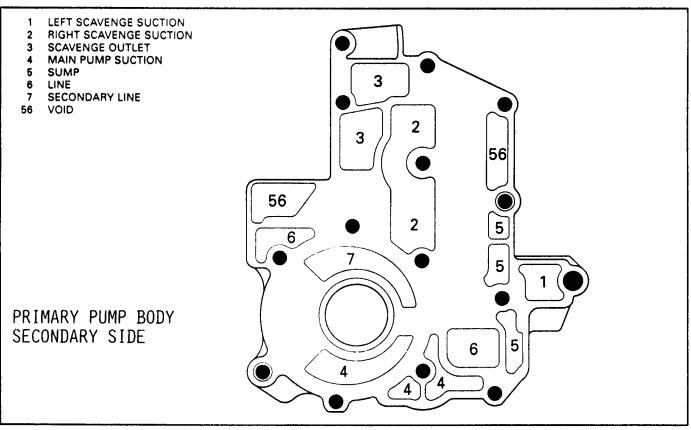


Figure 24



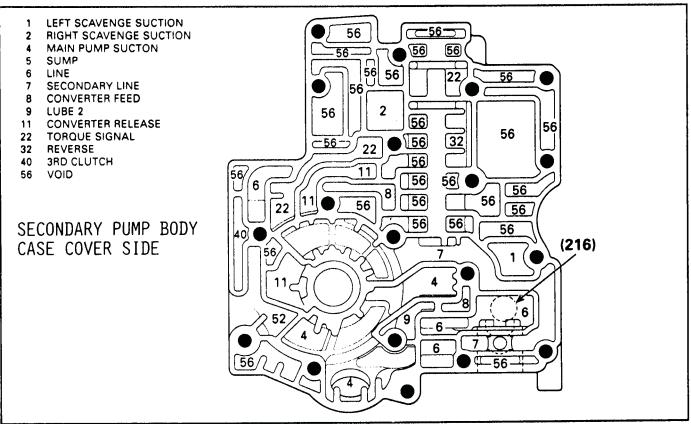


Figure 25

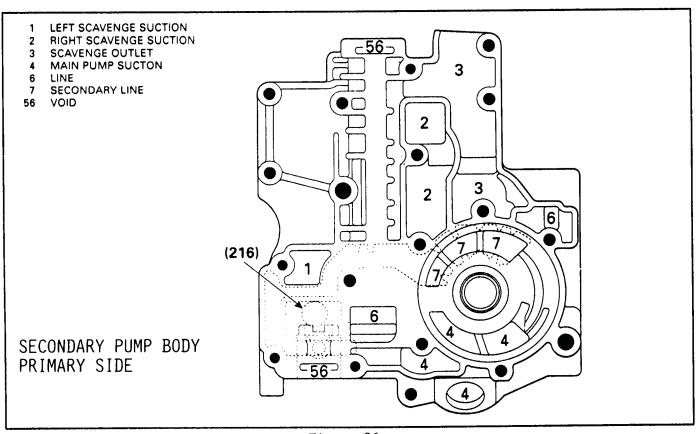


Figure 26



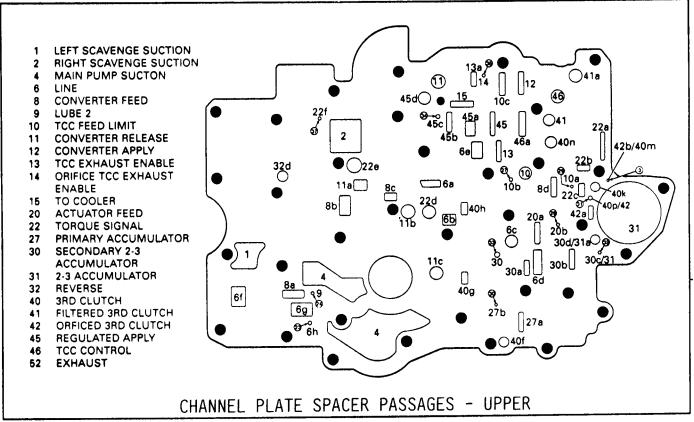


Figure 27

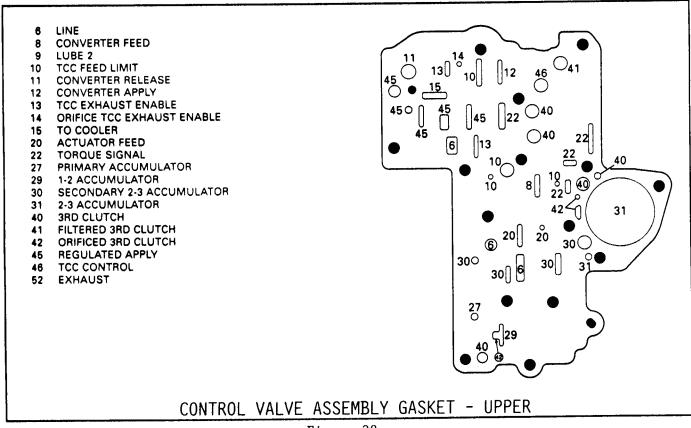


Figure 28



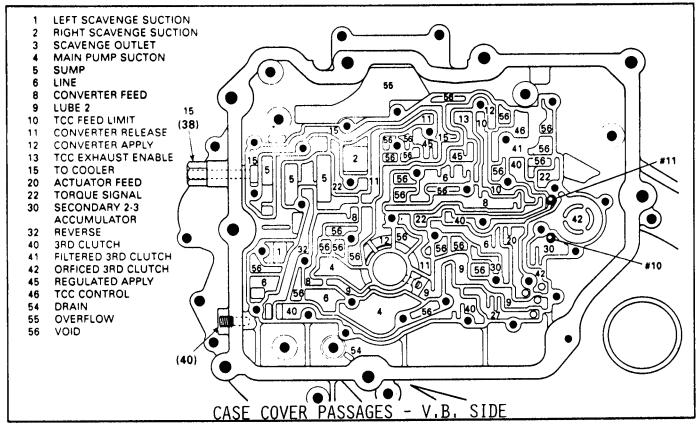


Figure 29

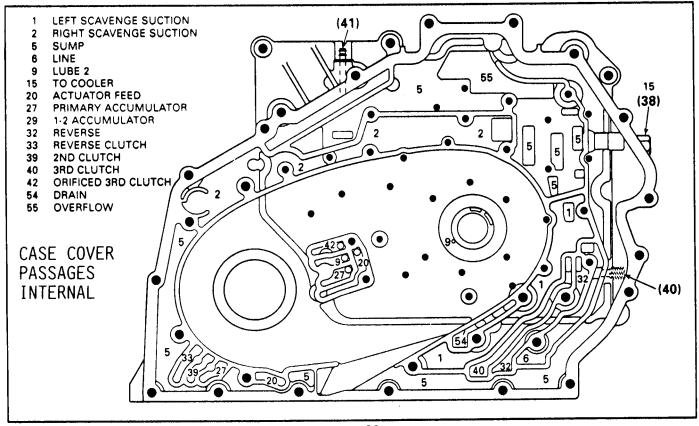


Figure 30



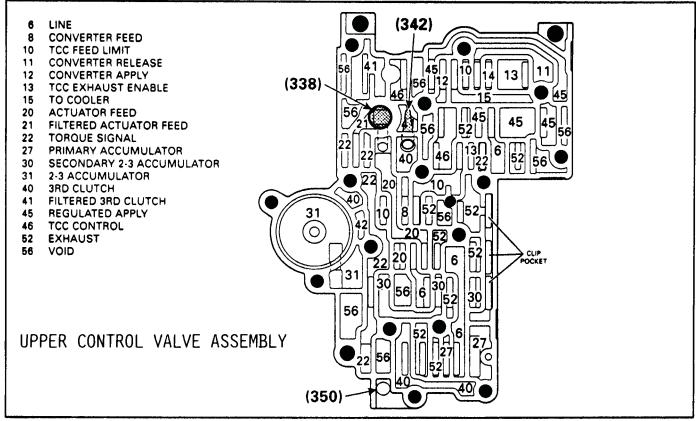


Figure 31

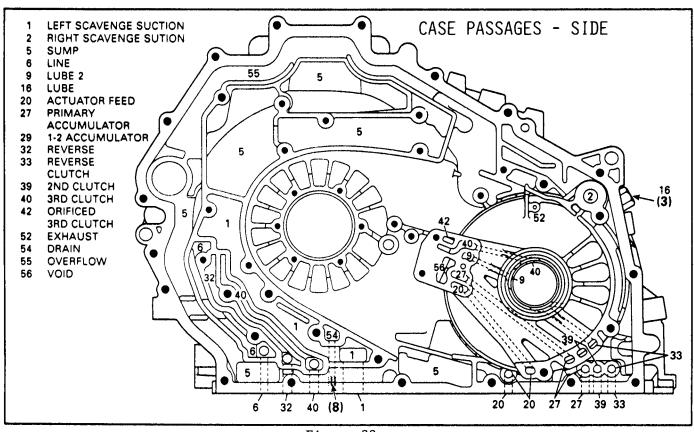


Figure 32



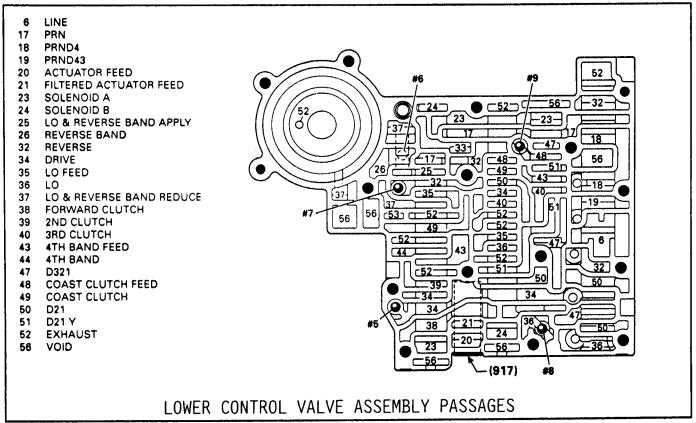


Figure 33

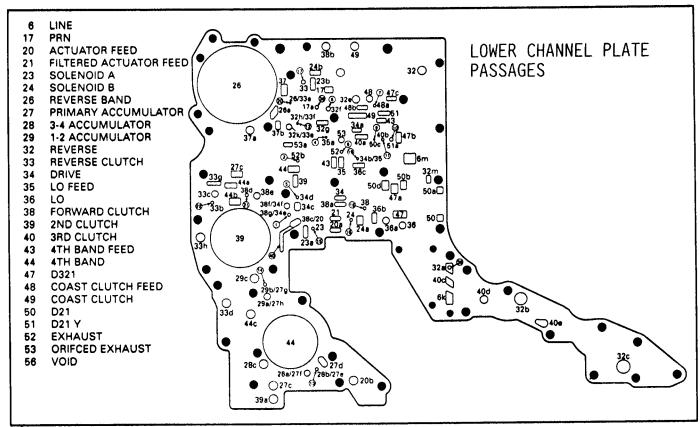


Figure 34



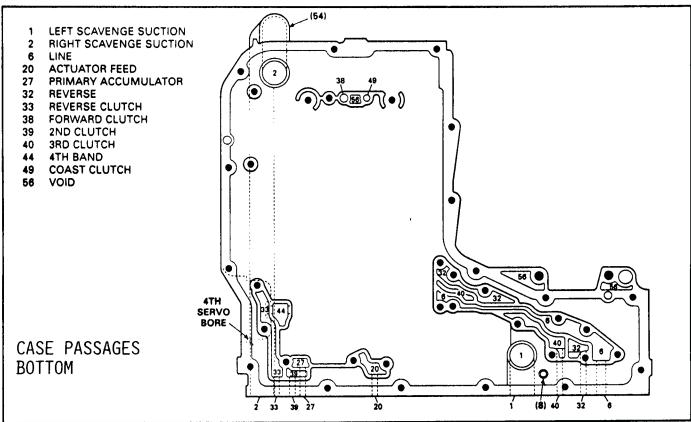


Figure 35

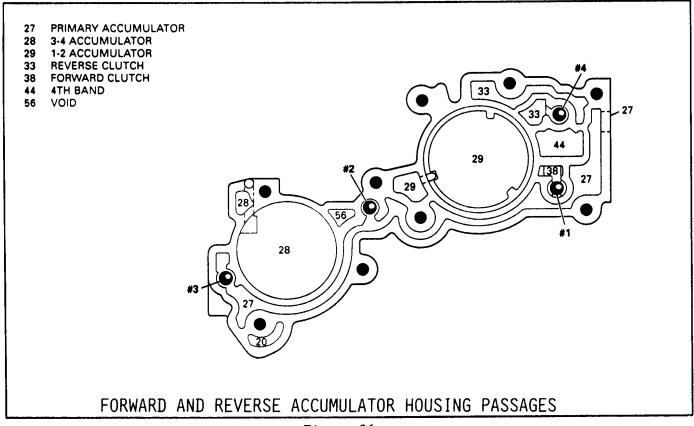


Figure 36



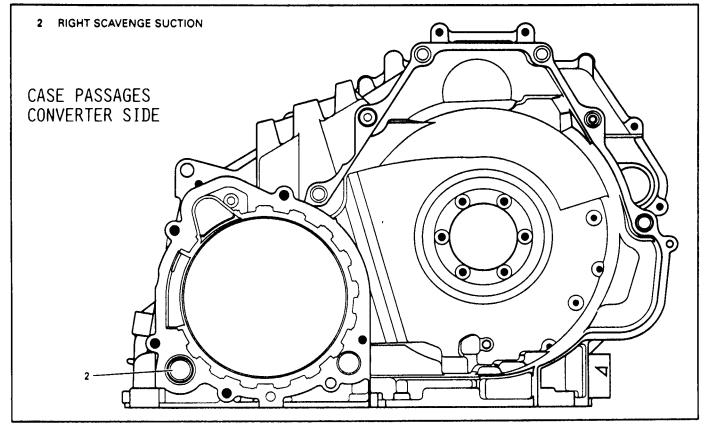


Figure 37

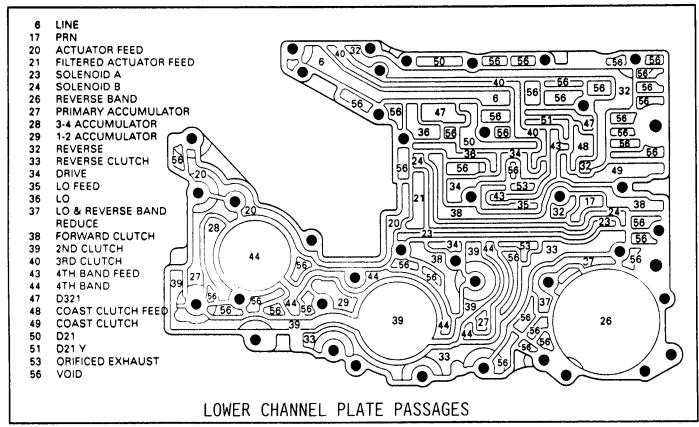


Figure 38



TRANSAXLE DISASSEMBLY

GENERAL SERVICE INFORMATION

Caution must be exercised when lifting or rotating this transaxle due to its considerable weight (296 lbs). Utilize the bore located in the holding fixture whenever lifting the unit is necessary and lift with a chain hoist and/or appropriate lifting equipment. It may be necessary to place a counterweight on the opposite side of your workbench for balance when you mount the 4T80-E transaxle in the bench fixture.

Make sure the work area is adequate and CLEAN for the layout, inspection and cleaning of component parts. Do not over expand snap rings during disassembly or assembly process.

1. Install J-39050 support fixture onto the transaxle, as shown in Figure 39.

CAUTION: TO AVOID THE POSSIBILITY OF PERSONAL INJURY AND DAMAGE TO THE TRANSAXLE, INSTALL ALL THE BOLTS FOR THE FIXTURE AND TORQUE TO 10 ft.1bs.

1 TORQUE CONVERTER ASSEMBLY
2 SHAFT, OIL PUMP DRIVEN
412 SEAL, O-RING

Figure 39

- 2. Install transaxle and fixture into the base fixture on bench, using suitable lifting device (See Figure 40)
- 3. Position transaxle with case extension pointing downward to allow fluid drain.
- 4. Insert pin into base to retain the transaxle in position to drain fluid.
- 5. Rotate transaxle in fixture to position shown in Figure 40, after drainage.
- 6. Remove one retaining bolt from speed sensor located in the case extension (See Figure 40).
- 7. Remove the speed sensor and seal.
- 8. Remove the cooler return line fitting using a 19mm wrench, from the case as shown in Figure 40.
- 9. Remove the oil pump drive shaft as shown in Figure 39.
- 10. Remove the turbine shaft "O" ring as shown in Figure 39.
- 11. Remove the three 10mm retaining bolts from the overdrive servo cover (See Figure 41).

 NOTE; HOLD THE SERVO COVER IN PLACE UNTIL ALL OF THE BOLTS ARE REMOVED.

 IF THIS IS NOT DONE, THE APPLY PIN WILL DAMAGE THE BORE IN THE CASE.
- 12. Remove the servo cover and overdrive servo assembly as shown Figure 41.

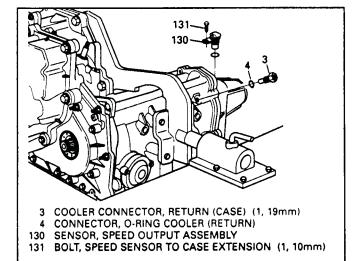


Figure 40



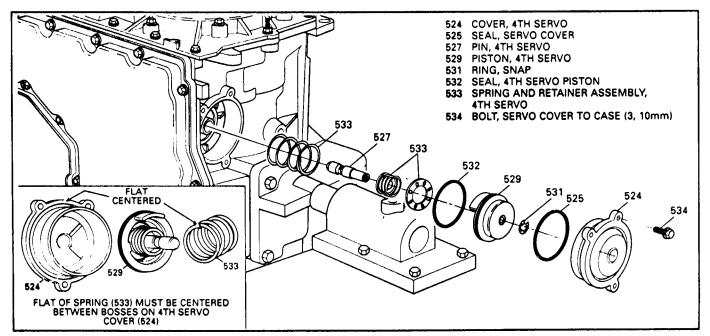


Figure 41



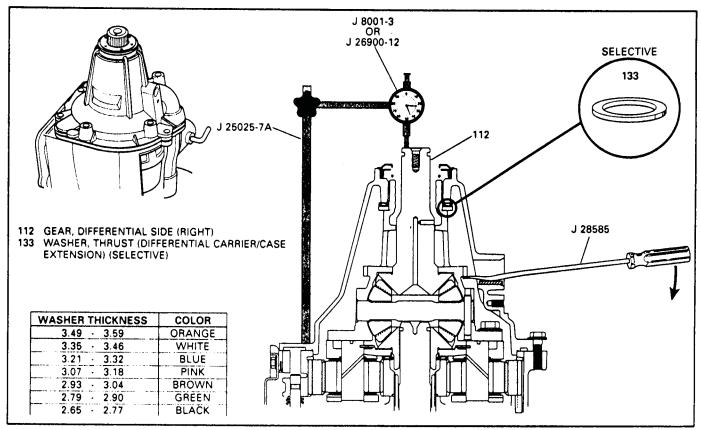


Figure 42

FINAL DRIVE END PLAY MEASUREMENT

- 1. Install dial indicator J-26900-12 onto transaxle, as shown in Figure 42.
- 2. Position dial indicator with stem on output shaft as shown in Figure 42.
- 3. Zero out the dial indicator.
- 4. Insert J-28585 through output speed sensor bore and lift speed sensor rotor for measurement (See Figure 42).

 NOTE: PROTECT SPEED SENSOR BORE WITH A PIECE OF WOOD OR USED FILLER TUBE SEAL, TO PREVENT DAMAGE.
- 5. Proper final drive end play should be .005"-.025" clearance.
- Record measured specification and if necessary adjust with proper thickness selective thrust washer upon reassembly.
- 7. Use the chart in Figure 42 for the proper selective thrust washer.
- 8. Remove the dial indicator from the transaxle.

CASE EXTENSION AND SCAVENGE TUBE

- 1. Remove four 13mm bolts, one 10mm bolt, and one 15mm stud from case extension as shown in Figure 43.
- 2. Remove the case extension and seal. Seal may remain in extension.
- 3. Remove thrust bearing and selective washer from final drive.
- 4. Remove the 8mm bolt that retains the scavenge tube in case (See Figure 43).
- 5. Remove scavenge tube by prying on the differential with screwdriver. (See Figure 43).
- 6. Remove and discard scavenge tube seal. (See Figure 43).



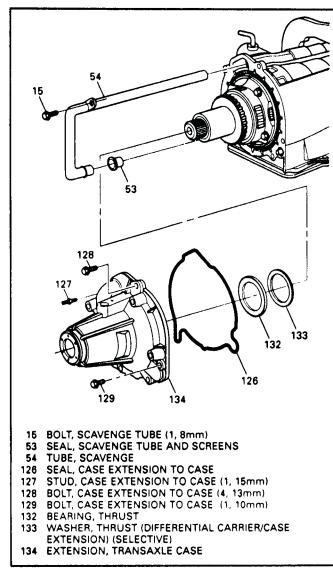


Figure 43

FINAL DRIVE ASSEMBLY AND OUTPUT SHAFT

- 1. Transaxle MUST be in park with the differential locked in place. If the differential can rotate, turn the manual shaft "counterclockwise" to the park position. Actuator rod will stick out of case.
- 2. Remove the four 15mm differential bolts (See Figure 44).
- 3. Remove the differential carrier(110) (See Figure 44).
- 4. Remove output shaft snap ring, as shown in Figure 44.
- 5. Remove the left side differential gear (See Figure 44).
- 6. NOTE: Output shaft can be removed through opposite end of case.
- 7. Remove thrust washer (117), as shown in Figure 44.

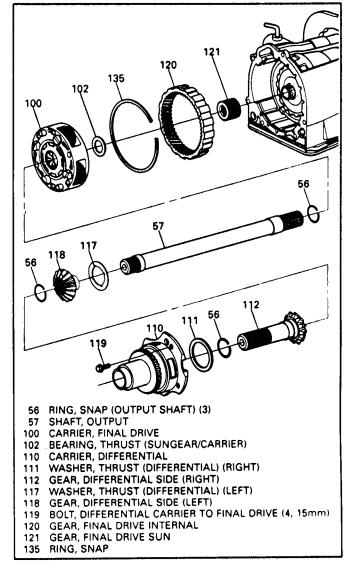


Figure 44

- 8. Remove the final drive carrier as shown in Figure 44.
- 9. Remove thrust bearing (102) as shown in Figure 44.
- 10. Remove final drive sun gear.
- 11. Remove snap ring from case that retains final drive ring gear (See Figure 44).
- 12. Remove final drive ring gear.

Continued on next Page.



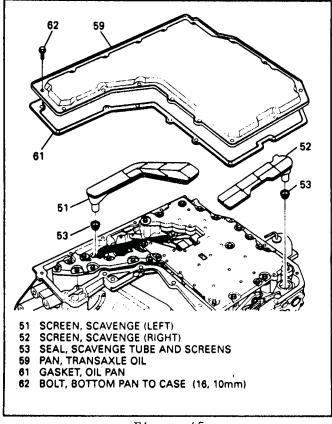


Figure 45

BOTTOM PAN, GASKET AND SCAVENGE SCREENS

- 1. Remove 16 bottom pan bolts using a 10mm socket (See Figure 45).
- 2. Remove bottom pan, and discard gasket.
- 3. Remove left scavenge screen and seal as shown in Figure 45.
- 4. Remove right scavenge screen and seal as shown in Figure 45.
- 5. A small screwdriver may be used to pry seals from the case using care not to damage the case bores.
- 6. Use a small screwdriver to disconnect shift solenoids A and B and transaxle pressure switch connectors by prying back small tabs, shown in Figure 46.
- 7. Remove nine 10mm bolts from the oil transfer plate (See Figure 47).
- 8. Remove oil transfer plate.
- 9. Remove manual valve linkage clip using a small screwdriver as shown in Figure 46.
- 10. Remove two 10mm bolts(958) and two 10mm nuts(955) from lower valve body assembly as shown in Figure 47

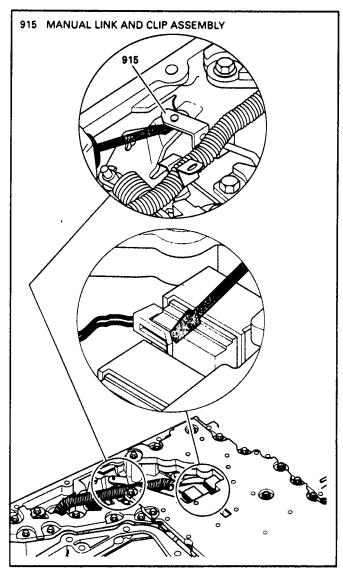


Figure 46

- 11. Remove nine 10mm bolts from lower valve body assembly as shown in Figure 47.
- 12. DO NOT remove the four bolts indicated in Figure 47 at this time.
- 13. Lift lower channel plate, valve body assembly and accumulator assembly from case as a single unit and set aside. (See Figure 47).



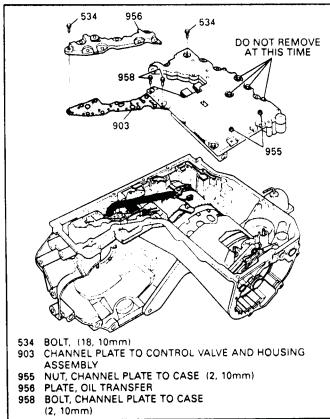


Figure 47

INPUT SHAFT END PLAY MEASUREMENT

- 1. Install end play tool J-39686 into the case barrel as shown in Figure 48.
- 2. Locate the "J" tab on end play tool on top of input shaft as shown in Figure 48.
- 3. Tool J-39686 must rest flat on case cover seal as shown in Figure 48.
- 4. Rotate threaded shaft clockwise until tight (See Figure 48).
- 5. Insert collar between flange and the handle of end play tool as shown in Figure 48.
- 6. Install dial indicator as shown in Figure 48, with tip of dial indicator resting on top of tab.
- 7. Zero the dial indicator.
- 8. Push down on handle and check the end play measurement.
- 9. Proper end play is .004"-.033".
- 10. If the specification is out of range determine the proper selective washer using the chart in Figure 48.
- 11. Remove the dial indicator, end play tool, and post.

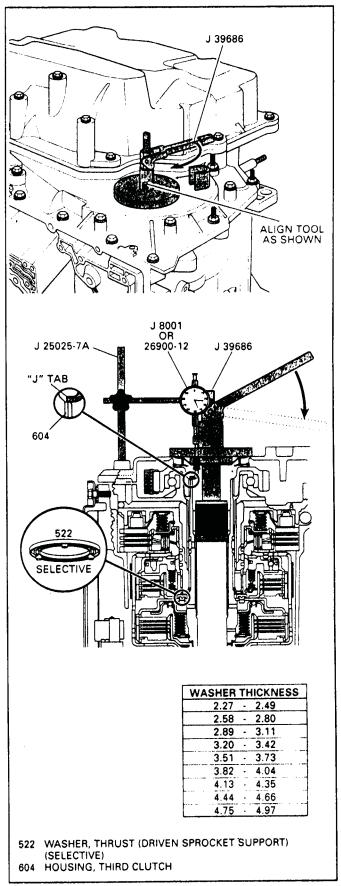


Figure 48



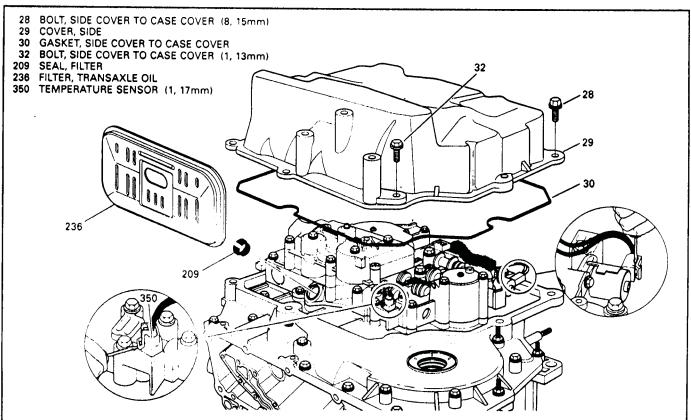


Figure 49

SIDE COVER AND RELATED PARTS

- 1. Remove nine side cover bolts, notice that one is larger than the others. (See Figure 49).
- 2. Remove the side cover and discard the side cover gasket.
- 3. Remove the main transaxle filter and filter seal (See Figure 49).
- 4. Seal may remain in secondary pump body, use small screwdriver to pry out (See Figure 49).
- 5. Use care not to damage seal bore in pump housing.
- 6. Use a small screwdriver to disconnect Temp Sensor, TCC Solenoid, and the Pressure Control Solenoid connectors by prying back tabs (See Figure 49).
- 7. Remove nineteen 8mm bolts located on the pump housings, and indicated in Figure 50.
- 8. Remove the scavenge, primary and the secondary pump assemblies as one unit as shown in Figure 51.
- 9. Remove the upper valve body bolts and remove the upper valve body, as shown in Figure 51.
- 10. Remove the spacer plate and gaskets.
- 11. Remove two checkballs from cover.



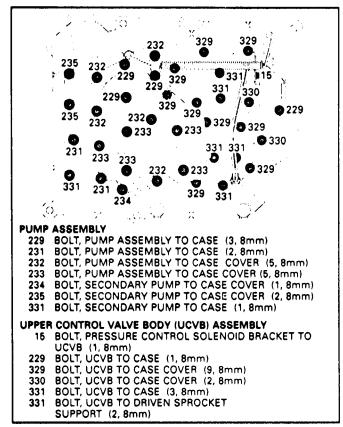


Figure 50

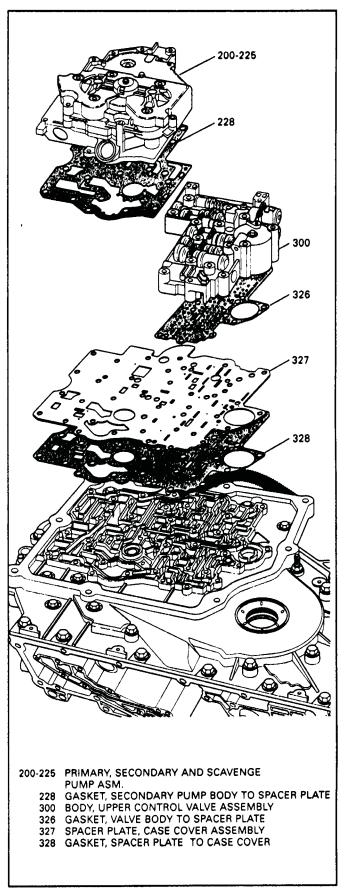


Figure 51



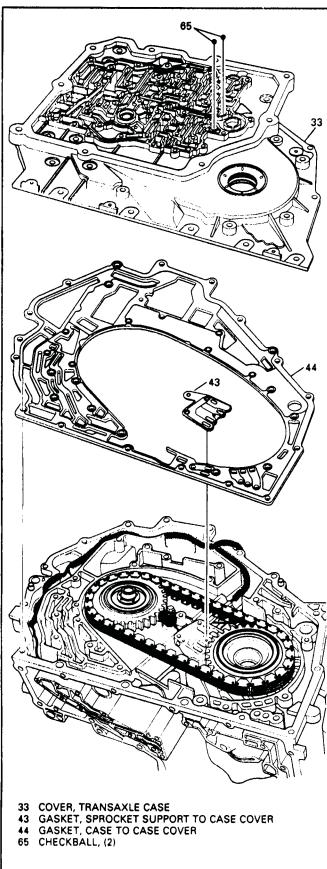


Figure 53

CASE COVER AND RELATED PARTS

- 1. Remove two checkballs from location in case cover, as shown in Figure 52.
- 2. Remove 26 case cover bolts and studs as shown in Figure 53.
- 3. Remove case cover passing the wiring harness through case cover.
- 4. Remove case cover gasket and island gasket and discard (See Figure 52).
- 5. Remove thrust bearings from the drive and driven sprockets (Figure 54).
- 6. Mark the drive chain to indicate the direction in which it was removed.
- 7. Pry up driven sprocket using 2 screw drivers to hold in place, then tap drive sprocket and turbine shaft off using a plastic mallet (Figure 54).
- 8. Remove drive sprocket and turbine shaft, driven sprocket and drive chain assembly as one unit.
- 9. Remove 6 drive sprocket support bolts using 8mm socket (See Figure 55).
- 10. Remove drive sprocket by tapping off using a plastic mallet from bell hsg. side (See Figure 55).
- 11. Remove the driven sprocket support assembly (See Figure 55).
- 12. Make sure scavenge tube seal remains in the driven sprocket support. If not, inspect scavenge tube case area for dislodged seal (See Figure 55).

Figure 52



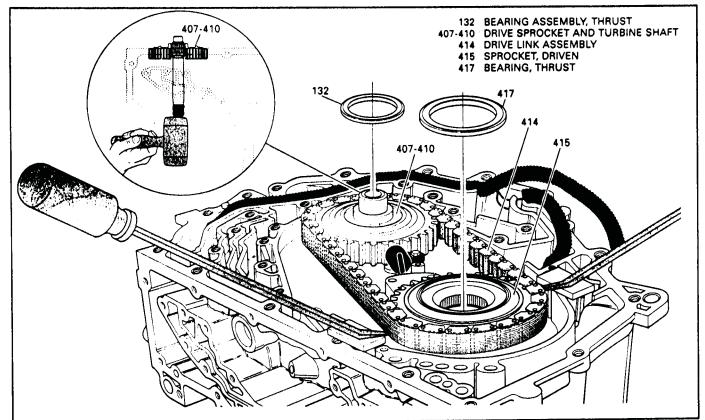


Figure 54

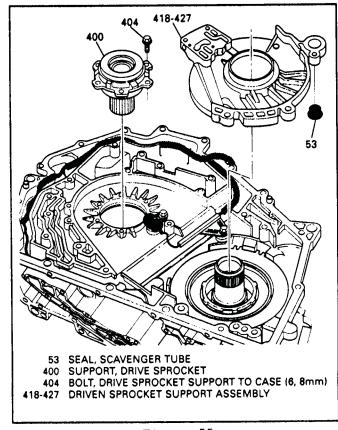


Figure 55



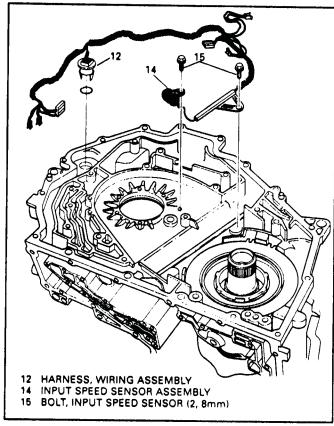


Figure 56

INPUT SPEED SENSOR AND WIRING HARNESS

- 1. Remove two 8mm bolts, one from speed sensor, and one from the wire harness retainer (See Figures 55 and 56).
- 2. Remove the case connector by pushing the 3 tabs inward from outside case.
- 3. Remove the input speed sensor and the wiring harness assembly from case. (See Figure 56).

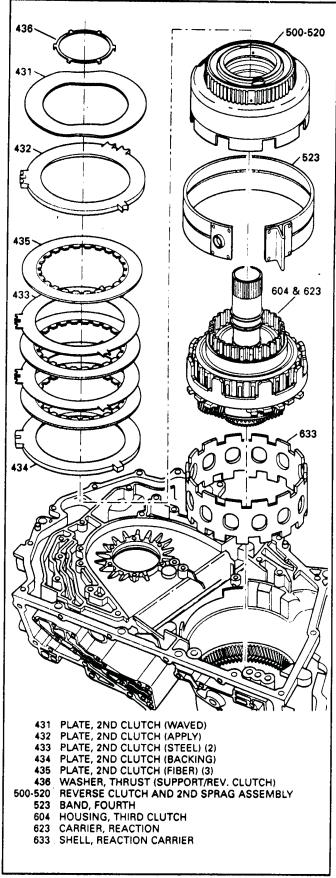


Figure 57



2ND CLUTCH PLATES, REVERSE CLUTCH, 4TH BAND, 3RD CLUTCH AND REACTION SHELL

- 1. Remove the 2nd clutch plates, pushing up near scavenge tube channel and the bottom pan side (See Figure 57).
- 2. Remove reverse clutch support thrust washer (See Figure 57).
- 3. Remove reverse clutch housing and 2nd sprag assembly (See Figure 57).
- 4. Remove 4th band assembly.
- 5. Remove 3rd clutch housing and reaction carrier assemblies by grasping input shaft and lifting (See Figure 57).
- 6. Remove the reaction carrier shell. (See Figure 57).

PARKING PAWL

- 1. Move the manual shaft out of the park position.
- 2. Drive out the pivot pin retaining pin (24), as shown in Figure 58.

 NOTE: ONLY THE EARLY 1993 MODELS USED A RETAINING PIN AND PIVOT PIN WITH A NOTCH FOR THE RETAINING PIN. LATER MODELS USE A LONGER AND STRAIGHT PIVOT PIN WITHOUT A RETAINING PIN.
- 3. Drive parking pawl pivot pin towards side cover with pin punch. Push down on spring while driving shaft out.
- 4. Remove parking pawl and spring, as shown in Figure 58.
- 5. Remove actuator park lock sleeve using a rubber or plastic mallet.
- 6. Drive out towards case extension part of the case (See Figure 58).

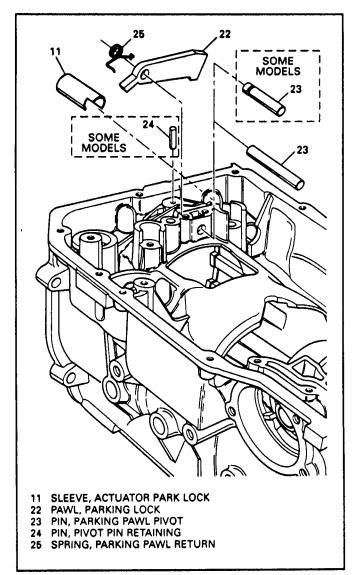


Figure 58



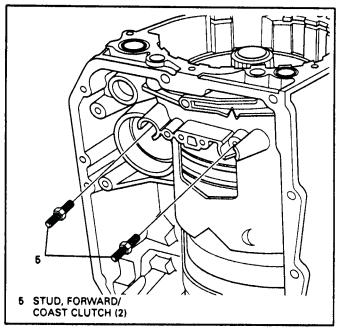


Figure 59

FORWARD CLUTCH, COAST CLUTCH ASSEMBLY AND LO/REVERSE BAND

- 1. Remove the two 13mm forward clutch support bolts from the case as shown in Figure 59.
- 2. Install forward/coast clutch puller J-39053 and tighten nut on puller as shown in Figure 60.
- 3. Lift the forward/coast clutch assembly out of the case with chain hoist or suitable lifting equipment. CAUTION: FORWARD/COAST CLUTCH ASSEMBLY WEIGHS APPROXIMATELY 60 LBS.
- 4. Remove the fretting ring (835), as shown in Figure 61. Note the position of the ring in case before removal.
- 5. Remove the Lo/Reverse band as shown in Figure 61.

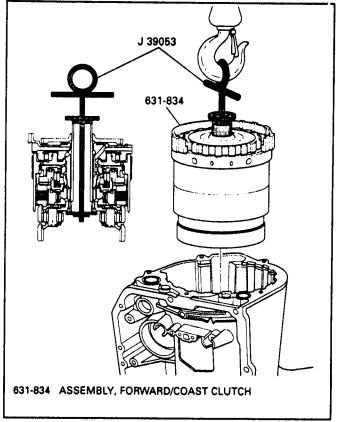


Figure 60

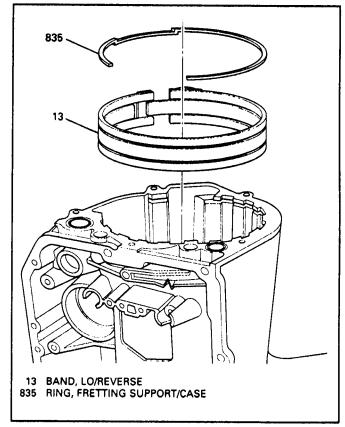


Figure 61



MANUAL SHAFT ASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove the detent spring by grasping detent roller end of spring with a pair of pliers (See Figure 62).
- 2. Remove detent roller bolt, pivot arm, sleeve and washer (See Figure 62).
- 3. Remove the 15mm manual shaft nut. NOTE: DETENT LEVER MUST BE HELD IN PLACE WITH SCREWDRIVER WHEN REMOVING NUT, TO PREVENT DAMAGE.
- 4. Remove detent lever and actuator rod.
- 5. Remove the manual shaft by moving out through the top of bell housing. (See Figure 62).
- 6. Remove the manual shaft seal and the washer (See Figure 62).

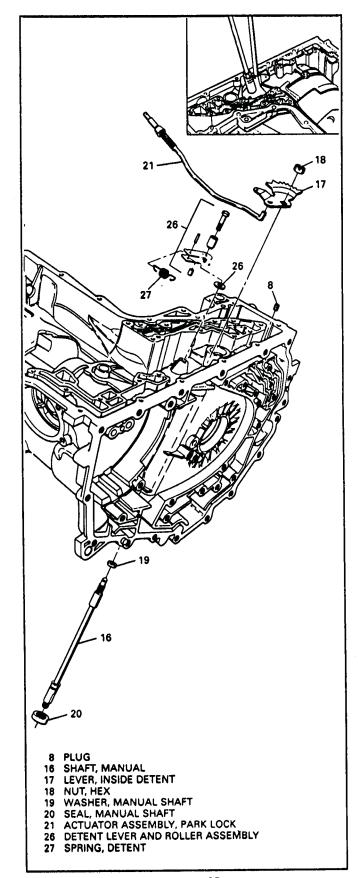


Figure 62



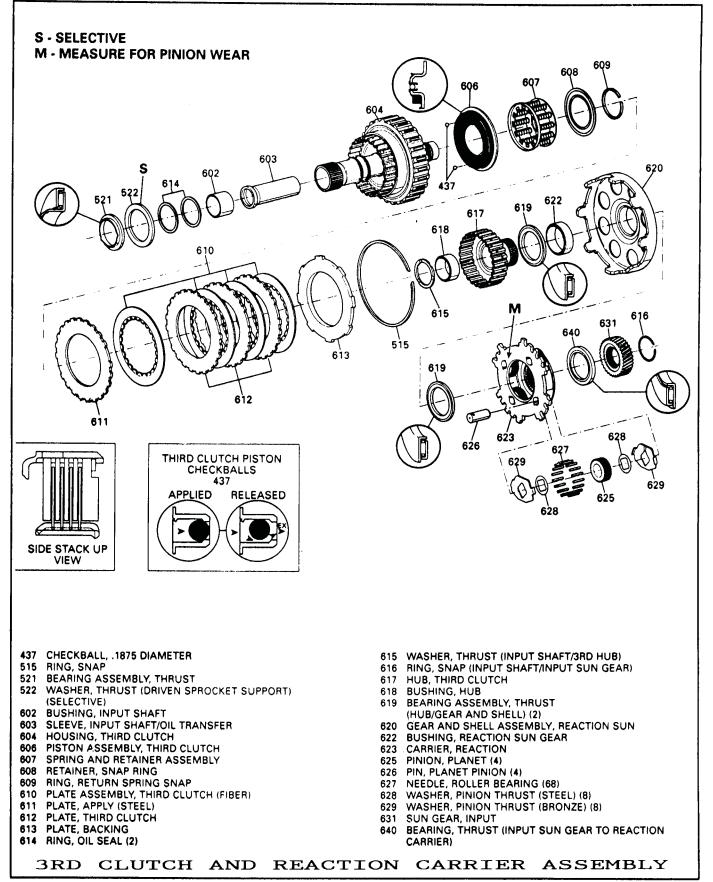


Figure 63



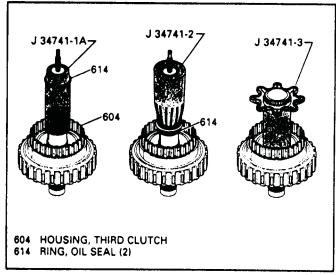


Figure 64

COMPONENT SUB-ASSEMBLY

3RD CLUTCH AND REACTION CARRIER ASSEMBLY

- 1. Disassemble and clean all parts using Figure 63 as a guide.
- 2. Inspect all parts shown in Figure 63 for any wear and/or damage.
- 3. Cut the solid oil seal rings, remove them from the input shaft.
- Inspect the seal ring grooves for any nicks or burrs, and remove them as necessary.
- 5. Adjust tool J-34741-1A so that the bottom of the seal installer matches the bottom seal groove, as shown in Figure 64.
- 6. Lubricate the new seal ring with some transaxle fluid and position it on top of J-34741-1A (See Figure 64).
- 7. Using J-34741-2 quickly slide the seal into the seal ring groove (Fig. 64).
- 8. Repeat steps above for the remaining oil seal ring.
- 9. Slide J-34741-3 re-sizing tool over the seals with a twisting motion to size the seals (See Figure 64).
- 10. Leave the re-sizing tool in place until ready to install housing into transaxle. (See Figure 64).
- 11. Lubricate the 3rd clutch piston with Trans-Jel and install into 3rd clutch housing using a twisting motion while pushing down lightly.
- 12. Install return spring assembly and snap ring retainer on the piston. (See Figure 63).

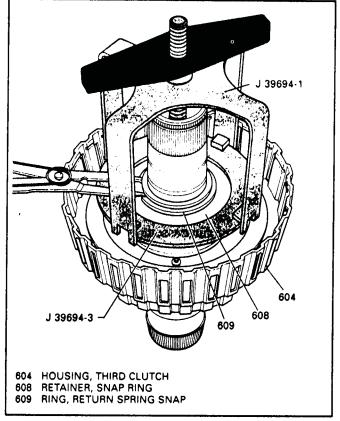


Figure 65

- 13. Compress the return spring using tool J-39694, as shown in Figure 65.
- 14. Install the snap ring as shown in Figure 65, and remove compressor.
- 15. Install the 3rd clutch apply plate which is the thickest of the flat steel plates (See Inset Figure 63).
- 16. Install 3rd clutch plates beginning with a lined plate and alternating with steel plate (See Figure 63).
- 17. Install 3rd clutch backing plate with stepped side up (See Inset Fig. 63).
- 18. Install backing plate snap ring.
- 19. Install thrust washer (615) as shown in Figure 63.
- 20. Install 3rd clutch hub by rotating into 3rd clutch plates.
- 21. Install thrust bearing with rolled inner lip facing hub (See Figure 63).
- 22. Install reaction sun gear shell Asm.
- 23. Check reaction carrier pinion end play for .003"-.035" clearance.
- 24. Install reaction carrier assembly.
- 25. Install thrust bearing (640) with black surface towards carrier (Figure 63).
- 26. Install sun gear (either direction) and install snap ring (See Figure 63).
- 27. Install selective washer and bearing and retain with petrolatum.



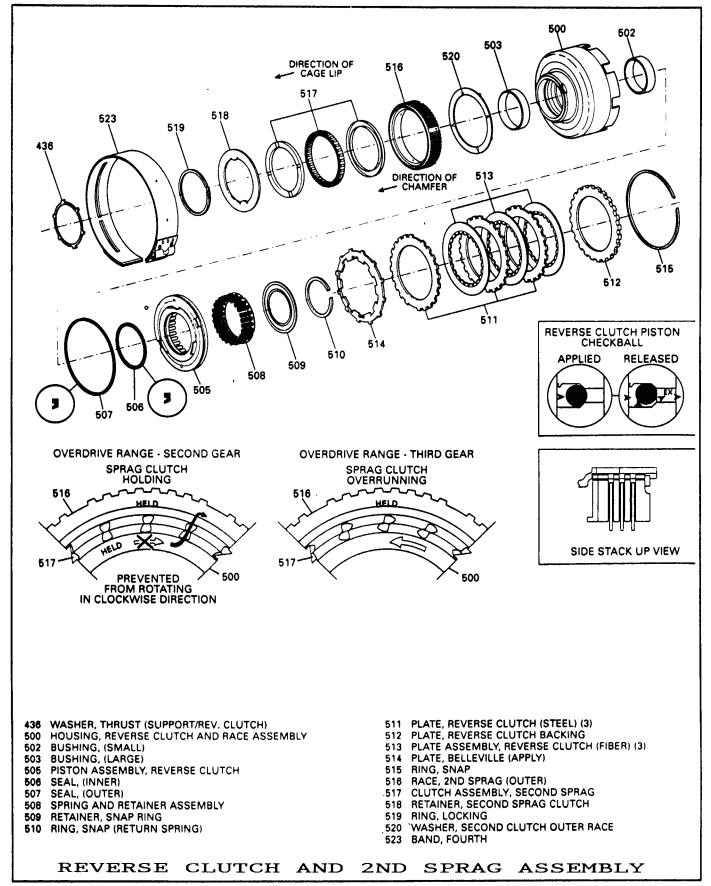


Figure 66



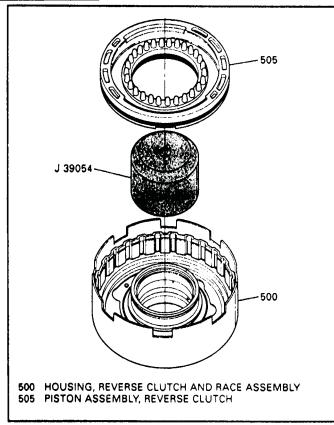


Figure 67

REVERSE CLUTCH AND 2ND SPRAG ASSEMBLY

- 1. Disassemble and clean all parts using Figure 66 as a guide.
- 2. Discard the spiral retaining ring on top of 2nd sprag retainer. It is NOT reusable.
- 3. Install new lip seals onto the reverse clutch piston with the lips facing the direction shown in Figure 66.
- 4. Lubricate lip seals with TransJel and install piston into reverse clutch housing (See Figure 67).
- 5. Use tool J-39054 to protect the inner lip seal as shown in Figure 67, and make sure the outer seal doesn't roll.
- 6. Install the return spring retainer onto the piston, and snap ring retainer on top of it (See Figure 66).
- 7. Compress spring assembly using tool J-39694 as shown in Figure 68.
- 8. Install snap ring as shown in Figure 68, and remove spring compressor.
- 9. Install believille plate aligning believille plate tangs with inserts in the reverse clutch piston.
- 10. Install reverse clutch plates starting with a steel plate, alternating with lined plate, until you have 3 of each (See Inset Fig. 66).

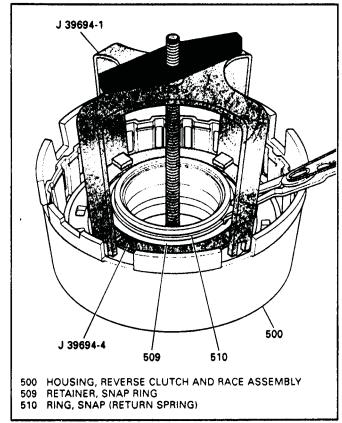


Figure 68

- 11. Install the backing plate with stepped side facing up (See Inset Figure 66).
- 12. Install the backing plate snap ring as shown in Figure 66.
- 13. Install 2nd clutch outer race thrust washer on housing and retain with TransJel (See Figure 66).
- 14. Install 2nd sprag assembly onto the reverse housing with the sprag cage lip facing up as shown Figure 66.
- 15. Install sprag outer race onto sprag by rotating clockwise, with chamfer facing up as shown in Figure 66.
- 16. Verify correct sprag rotation. Should freewheel clockwise and lock in a counterclockwise direction.
- 17. Install sprag clutch retainer with the tabs matching inserts in housing.
- 18. Install <u>NEW</u> spiral snap ring. Verify that spiral snap ring tabs lock into place and that snap ring is properly seated.
- 19. Set reverse clutch housing aside for final assembly.



2ND CLUTCH PISTON AND DRIVEN SPROCKET SUPPORT ASSEMBLY

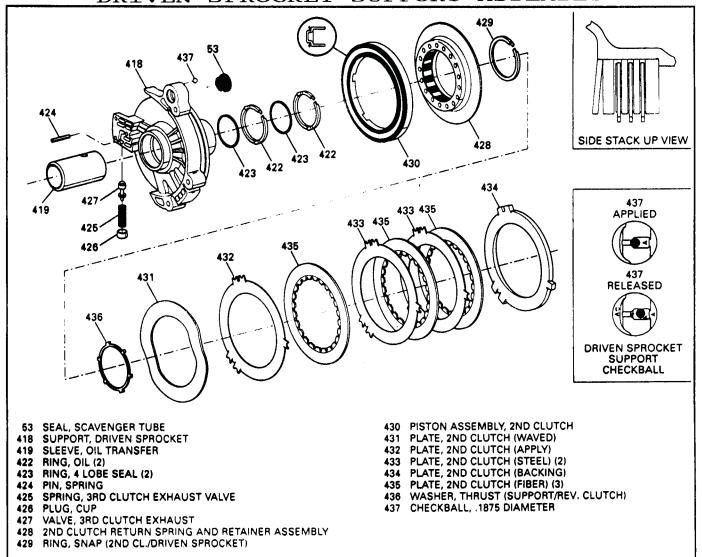


Figure 69



2ND CLUTCH PISTON AND DRIVEN SPROCKET SUPPORT ASSEMBLY

- 1. Disassemble and clean all parts using Figure 69 as a guide.
- 2. Inspect all parts shown in Figure 69 for any wear and/or damage.
- 3. Inspect 2nd clutch piston moulded seal carefully, replace as necessary.
- 4. Lubricate 2nd clutch piston with TransJel and install into driven sprocket support by twisting and pushing at same time.
- 5. Install 2nd clutch return spring onto 2nd clutch piston (See Figure 69).
- 6. Compress 2nd clutch spring and retainer using tool J-39694, as shown in Figure 70.
- 7. Install snap ring as shown in Figure 70.
- 8. Remove spring compressor.
- 9. Install 3rd clutch exhaust valve, spring and retainer as shown in Figure 69.
- 10. Install thrust washer (436) and retain with TransJel as shown in Figure 69.
- 11. Install scavenger tube seal into the driven sprocket support in the position shown in Figure 69.
- 12. Retain the scavenger tube seal with TransJel if necessary.
- 13. Set the driven sprocket support assembly aside for final assembly.

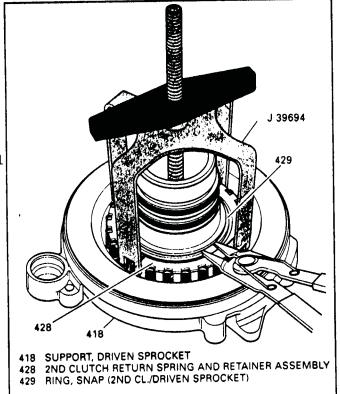


Figure 70



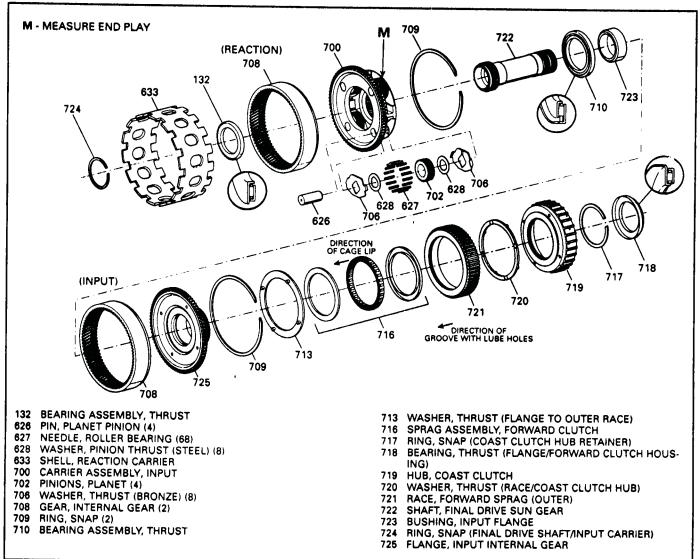


Figure 71

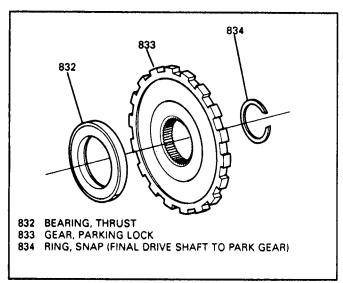


Figure 72



FORWARD/COAST CLUTCH & SUPPORT DISASSEMBLE

- 1. Place Forward/Coast Clutch Assembly on bench with park gear facing up, and remove tool J-39053, (See Figure 60).
- 2. Remove snap ring (834) from final drive sun gear shaft (See Figure 72).
- 3. Remove park gear (833) from final drive sun gear shaft (See Figure 72).
- 4. Remove thrust bearing from support.
- 5. Lift forward/coast clutch support and Lo roller clutch assembly off of the forward/coast clutch housing.
- 6. Remove thrust bearing from forward/ coast clutch housing. It may be stuck to the support assembly.
- 7. Lift forward/coast clutch housing off of the coast clutch hub and the forward sprag assembly.
- 8. Remove the final drive sun gear shaft.
- 9. Disassemble all components as shown in Figures 71, 73, and 75.
- 10. Clean thoroughly and blow dry with compressed air all components shown in Figures 71, 73, and 75.
- 11. Inspect all components shown in Figure 71, 73, and 75.

INPUT CARRIER/FORWARD SPRAG ASSEMBLY

- 1. Install input carrier (700) into the reaction internal gear (708) and then install snap ring (709) as shown in Figure 71.
 - Note: Check input carrier pinion end play with a feeler gage. End play should be .003"-.035"
- Install thrust bearing (710) onto the input carrier with lip facing down as shown in Inset in Figure 71. Retain with TransJel and set aside for final assembly.
- 3. Install input internal gear flange(725) to input internal gear (708) and instal snap ring (709) as shown in Figure 71.
- 4. Install thrust washer (713) onto input ring gear flange and retain with Trans Jel (See Figure 71).
- 5. Install forward sprag, with lip facing direction shown in Figure 71, and end bearings onto input ring gear flange.
- 6. Install forward sprag outer race (721) with groove facing direction shown in Figure 71, by rotating counterclockwise into place.

- 7. Install thrust washer (720) onto coast clutch hub (719) and retain W/TransJel. (See Figure 71).
- 8. Install the coast clutch hub onto the input gear flange splines.
- 9. Install snap ring (717) to retain the coast clutch hub (See Figure 71).
- 10. Install thrust bearing (718) onto the coast clutch hub with the lip facing down, as shown in inset in Figure 71.

 Retain bearing with TransJel.
- 11. Set this assembly aside for final assembly process.



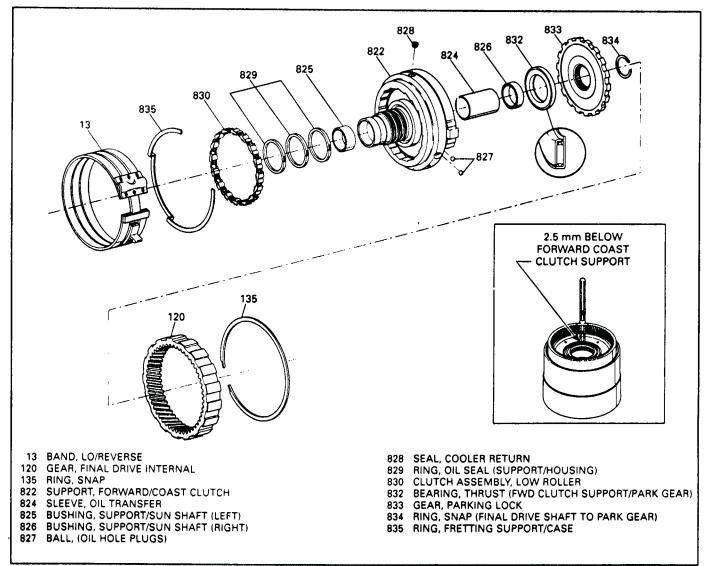


Figure 73



FORWARD/COAST CLUTCH SUPPORT ASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove and discard the 3 oil seal rings on the support assembly (See Figure 73).
- 2. Remove and discard cooler return seal (828) from support assembly as shown in Figure 73.
- 3. Inspect all components shown in Figure 73, for any wear and/or damage.
- 4. Install a new cooler return seal into the support assembly using appropriate size socket (See Figure 73).
- 5. Install 3 new oil seal rings onto the support and lubricate with small amount of TransJel (See Figure 73).
- 6. Install the low roller clutch assembly into the support as shown Figure 74.
- 7. Turn the cage of the low roller clutch assembly counterclockwise as far as it can go. The tabs on roller clutch cage must rest on the face of the outer race surface (See Inset Figure 74).

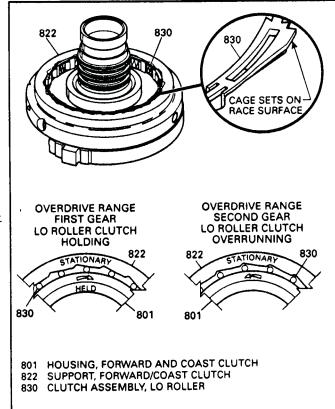


Figure 74



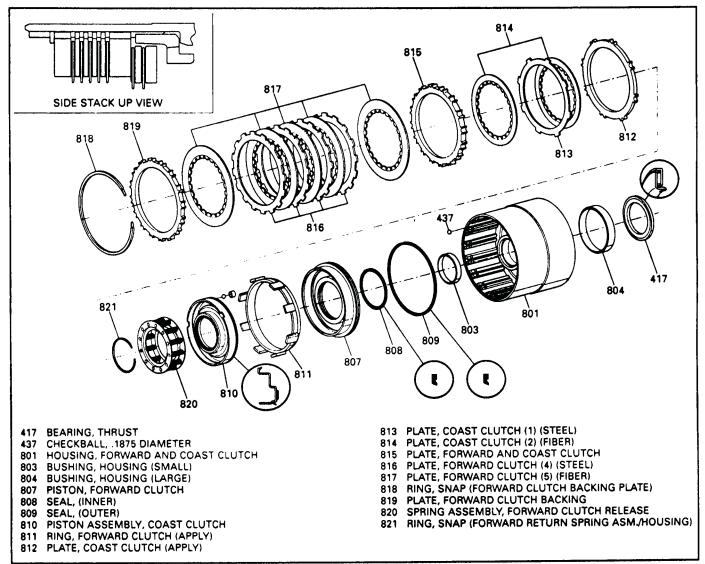


Figure 75

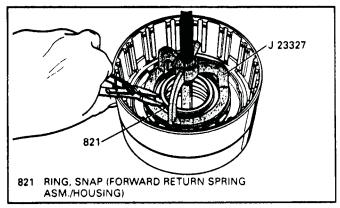


Figure 76

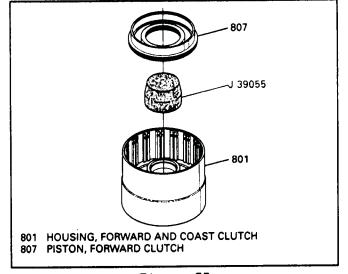


Figure 77



FORWARD/COAST CLUTCH HOUSING

- 1. Install new inner and outer lip seals onto forward clutch piston with lips facing down, as shown in Figure 75.
- 2. Lubricate lip seals with TransJel.
- 3. Install forward clutch piston into the housing using lip seal tool J-39055, as shown in Figure 77. Make sure the outer lip seal does not roll backwards.
- 4. Install forward clutch apply ring onto forward clutch piston. (See Figures 75 and 78).
- 5. Inspect the moulded seals on coast clutch piston for any wear and/or damage. Replace piston as necessary.
- 6. Lubricate piston seals with TransJel.
- 7. Install coast clutch piston into forward clutch piston using protector J-39056 as shown in Figure 78. Make sure outer seal does not roll backwards.
- 8. Install return spring assembly (820) as shown in Figure 75.
- 9. Lay snap ring on top of return spring assembly.
- 10. Compress return spring assembly using J-23327, and install snap ring in groove as shown in Figure 76.
- 11. Remove spring compressor tool.
- 12. Install coast clutch apply plate (812), as shown in Figure 75. See inset in Figure 75 for clutch plate stack-up.
- 13. Install coast clutch lined plates and 1 steel plate as shown in Figure 75. (See Inset).
- 14. Install forward clutch apply plate (815) on top of last lined coast clutch (See inset in Figure 75).
- 15. Install forward clutch plates beginning with a lined plate and alternating with steel plate (See inset Figure 75).
- 16. Install forward clutch backing plate (819), and backing plate snap ring. (See Figure 75).
- 17. Place the forward/coast clutch support on flat work surface with the sealing rings facing up.
- 18. Install thrust bearing onto hub of the support. Use the inset in Figure 75 for proper direction of bearing.
- 19. Install the forward/coast clutch housing onto the support using care not to damage sealing rings. You will have to rotate housing counterclockwise to engage the inner race on housing, into the low roller clutch (See Figure 74).

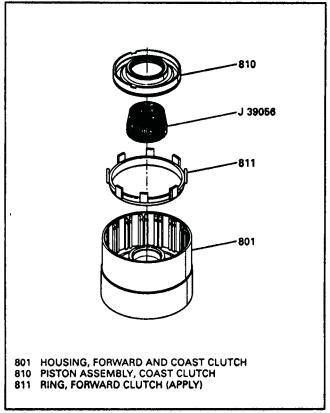


Figure 78

- 20. Install Coast Clutch Hub/Forward Sprag/
 Input Ring Gear Assembly, into the
 forward/coast clutch housing.
 NOTE: When splines on both hubs are both
 properly engaged, the bushing on the input ring gear hub will drop 2-3mm below
 the forward/coast clutch support hub,
 and a dull metal thud can be heard.
 (See Inset in Figure 73).
- 21. Install input carrier assembly with the thrust bearing into input internal gear.
- 22. Carefully turn the assembly over as it is very heavy (Approx. 651bs).
- 23. Install the final drive sun gear shaft.
- 24. Install thrust bearing, see Figure 72.
- 25. Install parking gear, shown Figure 72.
- 26. Install snap ring on final drive sun gear shaft.
- 27. Install assembly holding fixture, shown in Figure 60. Tool No. J-39053.

CAUTION; THIS ASSEMBLY MUST NOW BE MOVED WITH APPROPRIATE LIFTING DEVICE, SUCH AS CHAIN HOIST, AS IT IS VERY HEAVY. THIS ASSEMBLY WEIGHS APPROX. 65LBS.



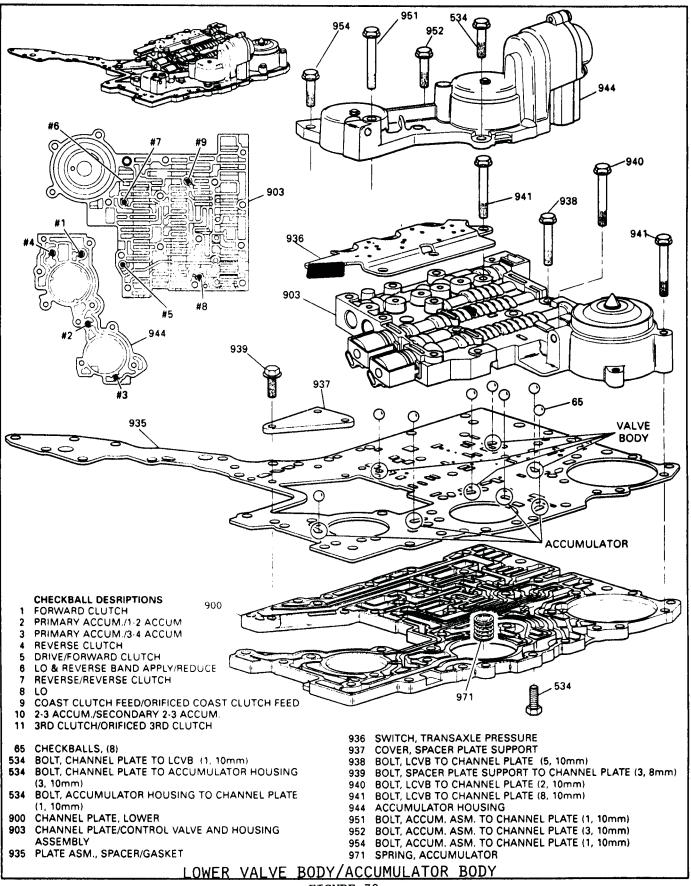


FIGURE 79



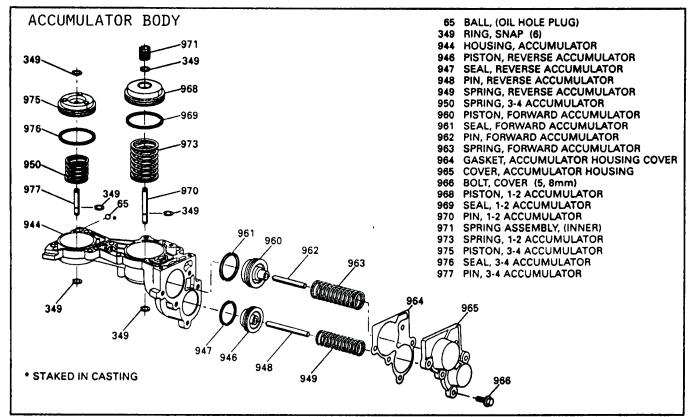


Figure 80

1-2/3-4/FWD/REV ACCUMULATORS

- Clean the lower valve body/accumulator body assembly thoroughly in clean solvent.
- 2. Blow dry with compressed air.
- 3. Position the assembly on a clean dry work surface for disassembly.
- 4. Use Figures 79 and 80 to disassemble the accumulators.
- 5. Inspect and clean all components in Figures 79 and 80.
- 6. Inspect the spacer plate/gaskets(935) as shown in Figure 79.
 NOTE: The gaskets are moulded to the spacer plate and the entire assembly must be replaced if the gaskets are torn and/or damaged.
- 7. Use the illustrations in Figure 80 to reassemble the accumulator body, using new seals and gaskets.
- 8. Set the accumulator body aside for final assembly.



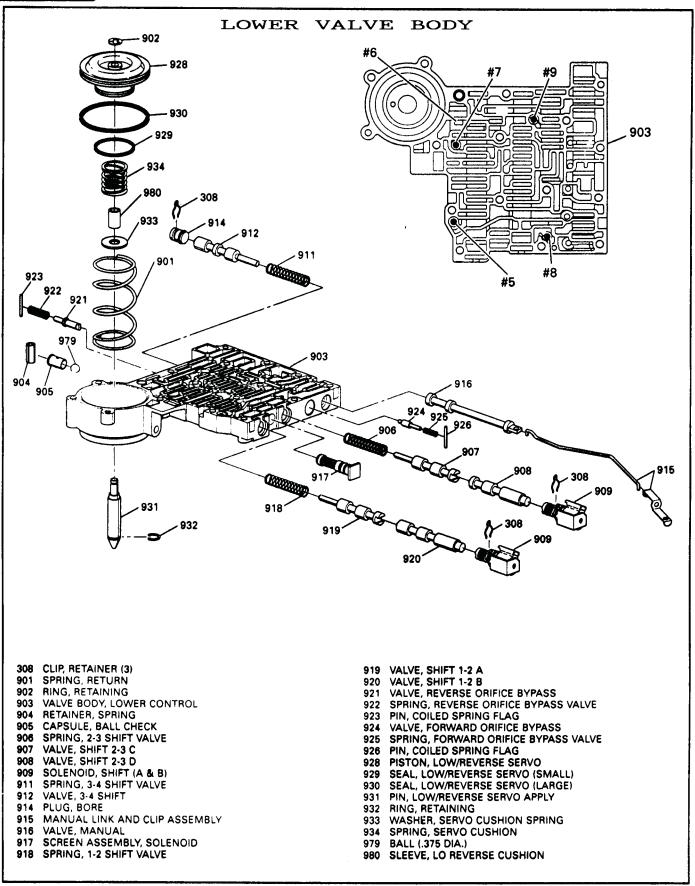


Figure 81



LOWER VALVE BODY ASSEMBLY

- 1. Clean the Lower Valve Body Assembly thoroughly, using clean solvent.
- 2. Move the valves with a pick or small screwdriver to ensure that any dirt or debris is dislodged.
- 3. Blow dry with compressed air.
- 4. Position lower valve body on a clean dry work surface.
- 5. Remove valve trains one at a time and begin in one corner of the valve body.
- 6. Some valves are under spring pressure, so cover the end of the bore when removing roll pins and/or retainers.
- 7. Valves, springs, and bushings should be laid out on a dry surface EXACTLY the way they are removed.
- 8. Clean all valves, springs, & bushings and dry with compressed air.

- 9. Inspect all valve body parts for wear and/or damage.
- 10. Use the illustrations in Figure 81, to reassemble the Lower Valve Body.
- 11. Ensure that all springs, valves, and bushings are in proper order. (See Figure 81).
- 12. Replace all "O" ring seals on solenoids and accumulators, and servo pistons before re-installing in valve body.
- 13. After assembling the lower valve body, lay it aside with the worm track facing up.



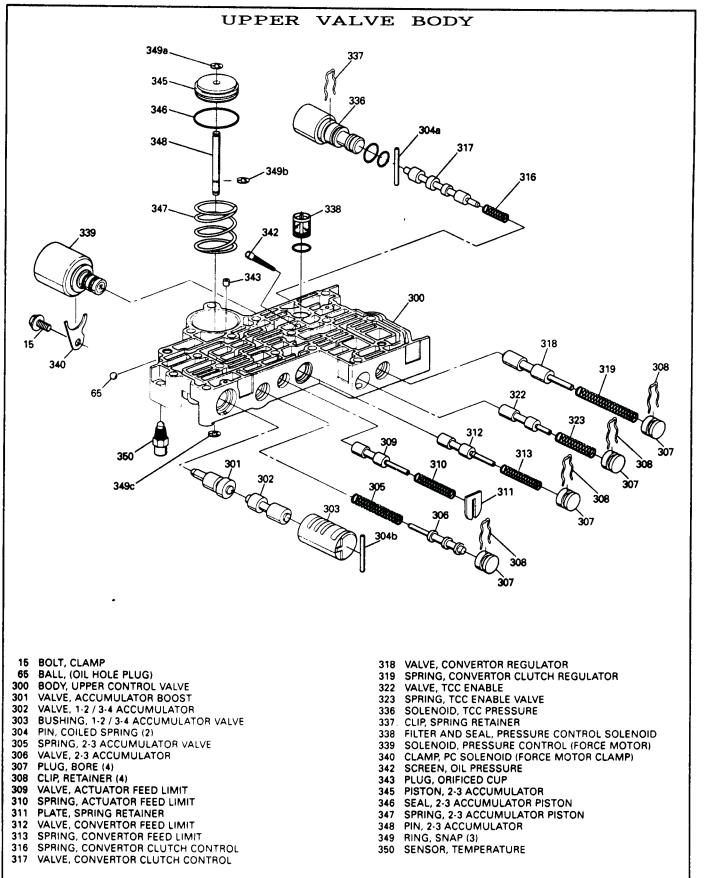


Figure 82



UPPER VALVE BODY ASSEMBLY

- 1. Clean the Upper Valve Body Assembly thoroughly, using clean solvent.
- 2. Move the valves with a pick or small screwdriver to ensure that any dirt or debris is dislodged.
- 3. Blow dry with compressed air.
- 4. Position upper valve body on a clean dry work surface.
- 5. Remove valve trains one at a time and begin in one corner of the valve body.
- 6. Some valves are under spring pressure, so cover the end of the bore when removing roll pins and/or retainers.
- 7. Valves, springs, and bushings should be laid out on a dry surface EXACTLY the way they are removed.
- 8. Clean all valves, springs, & bushings and dry with compressed air.

- 9. Inspect all valve body parts for wear and/or damage.
- 10. Use the illustrations in Figure 82, to reassemble the Upper Valve Body.
- 11. Ensure that all valves, springs, and bushings are in their proper order. (Refer to Figure 82).
- 12. Replace all "O" ring seals on solenoids and accumulators, before re-installing into the Upper Valve Body.
- 13. After assembling the upper valve body, lay it aside with worm track facing up.
- 14. NOTE: The Filter and Seal (338) for the pressure control solenoid, and screen (342) shown in Figure 82 should also be replaced during rebuild.



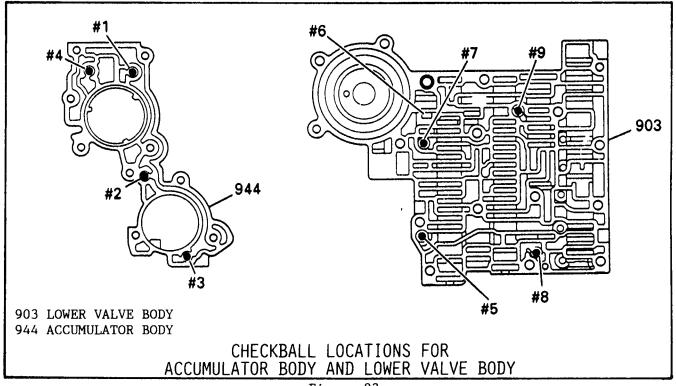


Figure 83

LOWER VALVE BODY ASSEMBLY AND ACCUMULATOR ASSEMBLY, SPACER PLATE/ SPACER GASKET, AND LOWER CHANNEL PLATE

- 1. Insert pins J-39630-1 into the lower channel plate, as illustrated in Figure 84. Turn lower channel plate over and rest on pin heads.
- 2. Install guide pins J-39630-2 (Total 6) into channel plate, as shown in Figure 85.
- 3. Install Spacer Plate/Gaskets.
 NOTE: THE GASKETS ARE MADE ONTO THE
 SPACER PLATE. IF GASKETS ARE DAMAGED
 THE ENTIRE SPACER PLATE <u>MUST</u> BE
 REPLACED.
- 4. Install four lower valve body check balls in the locations shown Figure 83, and retain with TransJel.
 NOTE: An alternative way is to place them on the spacer plate in locations shown in Figure 79 on Page 63.
- 5. Install lower valve body over guide pins (See Figure 86).
- Install valve body bolts, other than bolts for pressure switch assembly, and hand tighten.

NOTE: Refer to Figures 139 & 140 for bolt identification and lengths

7. Install tension plate and the three retaining bolts (See Figure 79).

NOTE: Refer to Figures 139 & 140 for bolt identification and lengths.

- 8. Remove the guide pins.
- 9. Install transaxle pressure switch onto lower valve body and install bolts. (See Figure 79).
- 10. Install remaining valve body bolts, including bolt (534) on channel plate side (See Figures 79 & 84).
- 11. Torque all lower valve body bolts to 6-10 ft.lbs.
- 12. Install four checkballs in accumulator housing in the locations shown Figure 83, and retain with TransJel. NOTE: An alternative method is to place checkballs on spacer plate in locations shown in Figure 79.
- 13. Install guide pins J-39630-2 in channel plate for accumulator housing (See Figure 87).
- 14. Install spring (971) onto the channel plate with washer side down, as shown in Figure 79.
- 15. Install the pre-assembled accumulator housing assembly to lower channel plate and hand tighten (See Figure 79).
- 16. Remove guide pins and install remaining bolts, including three bolts on channel plate side (See Figure 79).

 NOTE: Refer to Figures 139 & 140 for bolt identification and lengths.



- 17. Torque all remaining bolts to 6-10 ft.lbs.NOTE: Refer to Figures 139 & 140 for bolt identification and lengths.
- 18. Set the completed Lower Valve Body Assembly aside for final assembly.

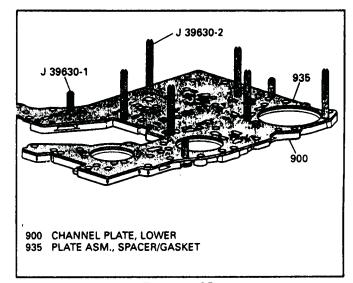
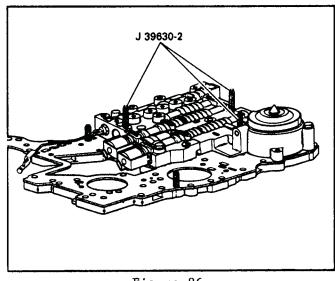


Figure 85



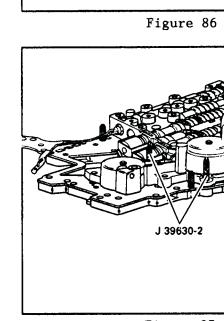


Figure 84

534 ACCUM HSG BOLTS (3)

534 VB BOLT

J 39630-1

900 CHANNEL PLATE, LOWER

Figure 87



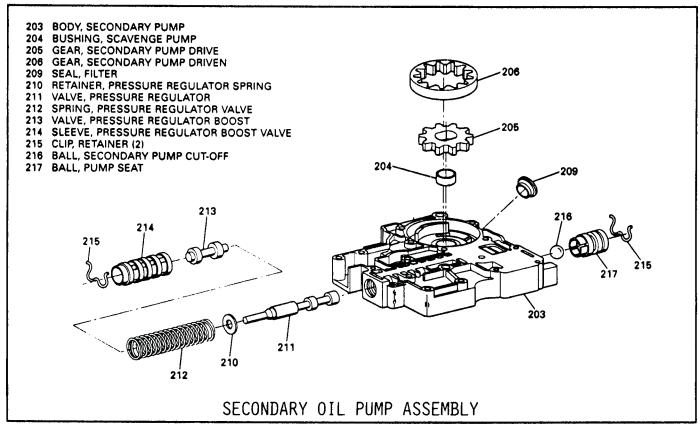


Figure 88

PRIMARY, SECONDARY, AND SCAVENGE OIL PUMP ASSEMBLIES

- 1. Disassemble and clean all oil pump parts using the illustrations shown in Figures 88 and 89.
- 2. Inspect all oil pump parts shown in Figures 88 and 89 for any wear or damage.
- 3. Install the pressure regulator valve line-up EXACTLY as shown Figure 88.
- 4. Install cut off ball (216), pump ball seat and retainer clip (See Figure 88).
- 5. Install secondary pump gears into the secondary pump body, with the dimples facing up, as shown in Figure 89.
- 6. Install primary pump gears into the primary pump body, with the dimples facing up, as shown in Figure 89.
- 7. Lubricate both sets of pump gears with small amount of transmission fluid.
- 8. Install scavenge cover (237) onto the primary pump body over the dowel pins as shown in Figure 89. Tap the dowels to stick out of both the primary pump body and scavenge cover.
- Install primary pump body assembly on secondary pump body and press entire assembly firmly together.

- 10. Install the oil pump driven shaft into the pump assembly (See Figure 89) The end of the shaft with four notches is located in the secondary pump.
- 11. Install thrust washer (208) into the scavenge pump body and retain with TransJel (See Figure 89).
- 12. Install scavenge pump driven gears in scavenge pump body over pins, shown in Figure 89.
- 13. Install scavenge pump drive gear over the oil pump driven shaft.
- 14. Install scavenge pump body on scavenge pump cover and press firmly in position.
- 15. Install two 10mm bolts (226) through scavenge pump cover into the scavenge pump body (See Figure 89).
- 16. Torque the bolts to 9 ft.lbs.
- 17. Set the completed oil pump assembly aside for final assembly.



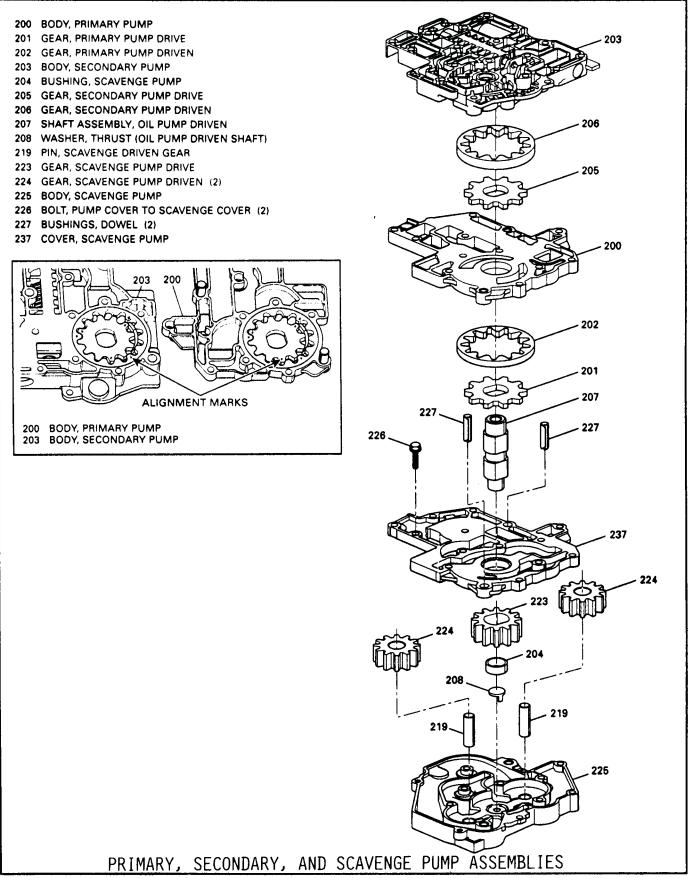


Figure 89



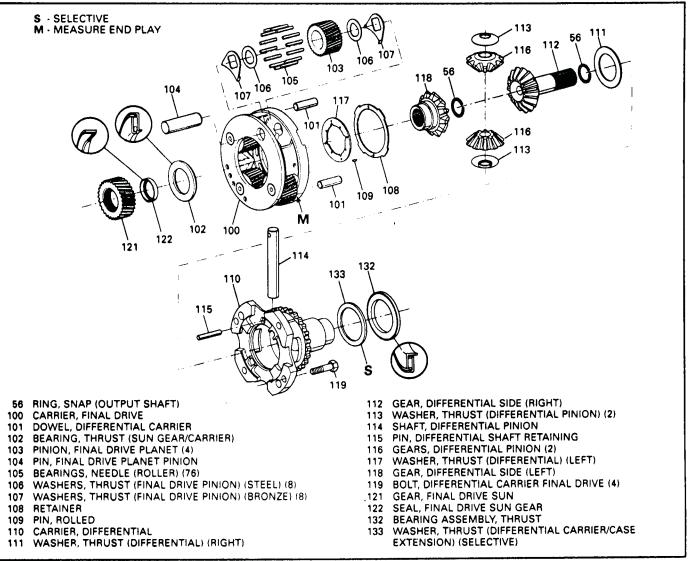


Figure 91

FINAL DRIVE ASSEMBLY

- 1. Clean and inspect all components that are shown in Figure 91.
- 2. Check final drive carrier pinion end play with a feeler gage. Pinion end play should be .008"-.012".
- 3. Remove the lube seal from the final drive sun gear and discard.
- 4. Install new seal (8678353 Long Lip) into final drive sun gear using a seal driver. Install the seal with the lip facing the direction shown in inset in Figure 91. Set the final drive sun gear aside for final Asm.
- 5. Install differential thrust washer (117) into carrier, and retain with TransJel.
- 6. Install differential side gear (118) into carrier (See Figure 91).

- 7. Install selective thrust washer (133) onto differential carrier, and retain with TransJel (See Figure 91).
- 8. Install thrust bearing on top of the selective washer in direction shown in Figure 91, and retain with TransJel.
- 9. Set final drive parts aside for final assembly.



TRANSAXLE CASE ASSEMBLY

- Install new manual shaft seal on the manual shaft, and place manual shaft through case.
- 2. Seat the manual shaft seal with the appropriate size socket, so that it is flush with case.
- 3. Install washer (19) over manual shaft and into the case (See Figure 92).
- 4. Install actuator park lock sleeve (11) into case at extension housing. Refer to Figure 101.
- 5. Inspect the inside detent lever (17) VERY CLOSELY at the square hole where it sets on the manual shaft.

 NOTE: IF THERE IS ANY WEAR AT THIS LOCATION, THE INSIDE DETENT LEVER MUST BE REPLACED.
- 6. Install the inside detent lever, the actuator rod and nut to manual shaft. Hold detent lever with a screwdriver as shown in Figure 92, to prevent any damage or bending of actuator rod.
- 7. Torque the nut on manual shaft to 20-25 ft.lbs, while holding as shown in Figure 92.
- 8. Install detent roller assembly, washer, pivot arm, and sleeves.
- 9. Finger start detent roller bolt, and Then torque to 6-10 ft.lbs.
- 10. Install detent return spring to detent roller assembly and manual shaft, as shown in Figure 92.
- 11. Install with the small hook end of the spring around the top of the manual shaft.

Continued on next Page.

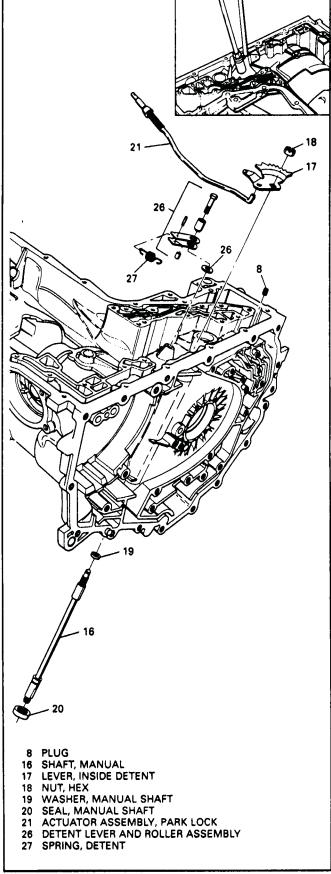


Figure 92

ATSG

Technical Service Information

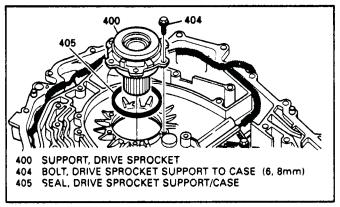


Figure 93

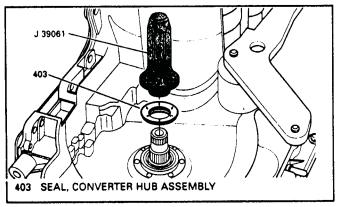
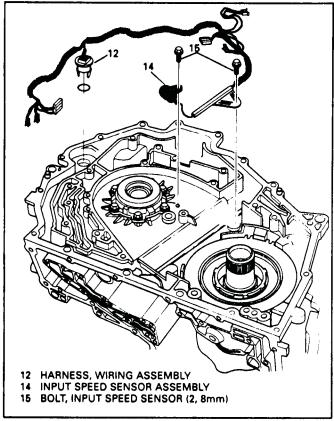


Figure 94

TRANSAXLE CASE ASSEMBLY (Continued)

- 12. Install new seal ring (405) onto the drive sprocket support, and retain with TransJel (See Figure 93).
- 13. Install six retaining bolts (404) and torque to 9 ft.lbs. (Figure 93).
- 14. Install converter seal into transaxle case using J-39061 seal driver, shown in Figure 94.
- 15. Inspect the wiring harness assembly for cut wire insulation, and any bent and/or broken connectors.
- 16. Install new "O" ring on case connector and lubricate with TransJel.
- 17. Install case connector into the case, and ensure a snap fit. Notch goes toward inside of case (Figure 95).
- 18. Insert the remainder of wire harness into the valleys of case housing, as shown in Figure 95.
- 19. Install the input speed sensor and bolt as shown in Figure 95.
- 20. Install speed sensor wiring harness bracket to center of case, as shown in Figure 95, torque bolts to 9 ft.lb.







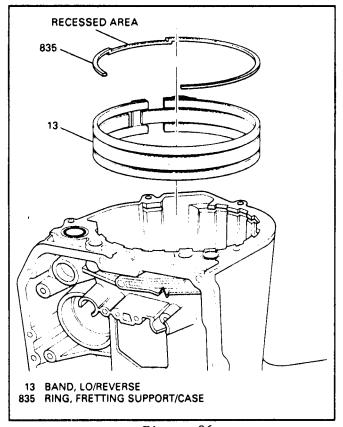


Figure 96

TRANSAXLE REASSEMBLY

LO/REVERSE BAND ASSEMBLY

- 1. Rotate transaxle case assembly in the fixture, so that the extension housing end is facing up, Figure 96.
- 2. Install the Lo/Reverse band assembly into the case (See Figure 96).
- 3. Band must be properly anchored in the case with the servo pin target area at the case bore.
- 4. Install the fretting snap ring (835) into the case as shown in Figure 96.
- 5. Keep the gap in fretting ring toward the bottom pan, with the recessed area next to the anchor pin, as shown in Figure 96.

Continued on next Page.



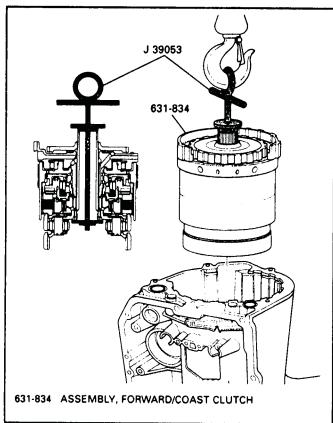


Figure 97

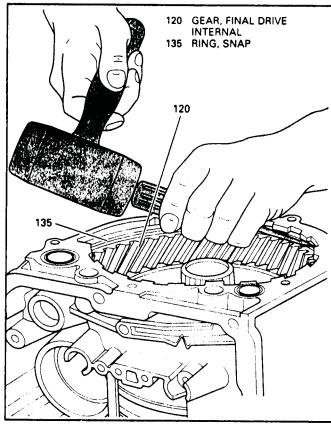


Figure 98

FORWARD/COAST CLUTCH ASSEMBLY

1. Lift the forward/coast clutch assembly into the case with chain hoist and/or sutiable lifting equipment, as shown in Figure 97.

CAUTION: FORWARD/COAST CLUTCH ASSEMBLY WEIGHS APPROXIMATELY 60 LBS.

- 2. As the assembly is lowered into case, the two bolt holes and feed holes must line up with the holes in bottom pan area of the case (See Figure 97).
- 3. Remove the lifting tool J-39053 from the assembly (See Figure 97).
- 4. Install final drive ring gear into the case as shown in Figure 98.
- 5. Install final drive ring gear with the groove facing up.
- 6. Install the final drive ring gear snap ring into case. Snap ring opening should be in scavenge tube area.
- 7. Set the snap ring with screwdriver and mallet, as shown in Figure 98.
- 8. Rotate the support counterclockwise by tapping on support with screwdriver and mallet, as shown in Figure 99.
- 9. Install and tighten the studs into the support as shown in Figure 100.
- 10. Tighten the stud nearest the bench, (Vehicle Rear), that holds the support to the case <u>FIRST</u> and then the stud on the other side.
- 11. Torque both studs to 19-20 ft.1bs.



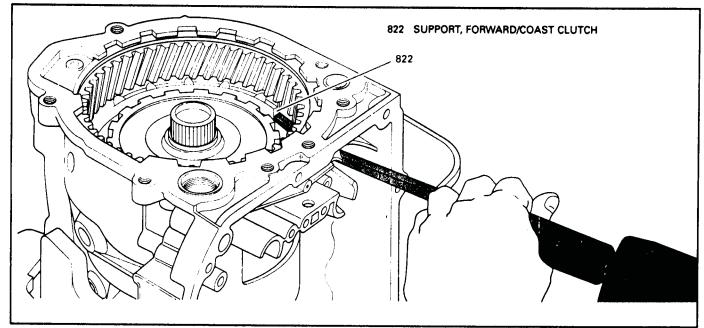


Figure 99

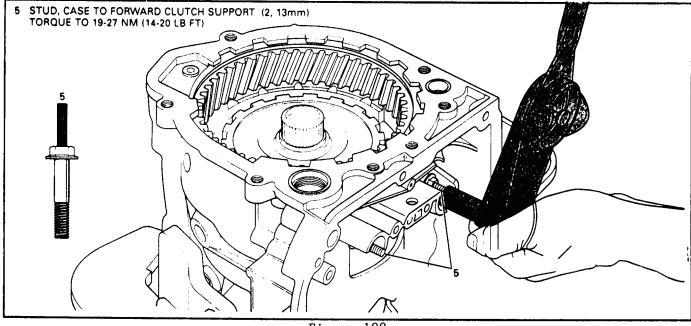


Figure 100



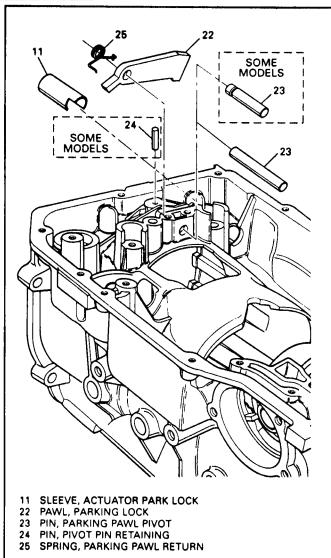


Figure 101

PARKING PAWL ASSEMBLY

- 1. Place parking pawl in case slot and attach the spring to park pawl.
- 2. Insert the pivot pin through spring and parking pawl (See Figure 101).
- 3. The hook end of the spring locates on the case and the square end on top of the parking pawl.
- 4. Install the retaining pin (24) if used, using a hammer and pin punch. NOTE: ONLY <u>EARLY</u> 1993 MODELS USE A RETAINING PIN (24), OTHER MODELS USE A LONGER PIVOT PIN WITHOUT A NOTCH OR A RETAINING PIN (SEE FIGURE 101).
- Verify correct function of parking pawl by moving the manual shaft and detent lever through the different ranges.

REACTION SHELL, THIRD CLUTCH, 4TH BAND, AND REVERSE CLUTCH HOUSING

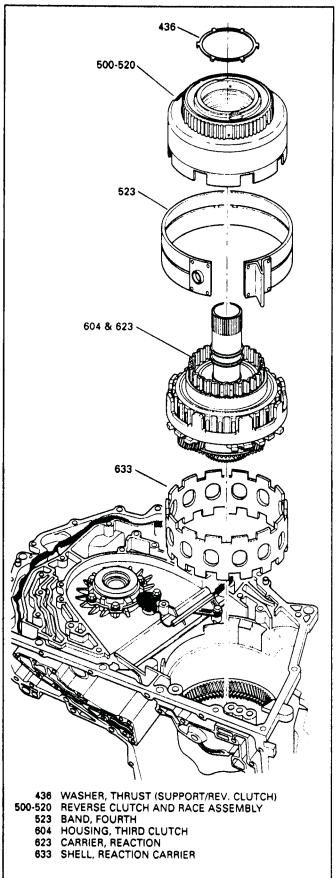
- 1. Install the reaction shell (633) into the forward clutch housing, with the small teeth facing down (See Figure 102)
- 2. Install 3rd clutch housing and the reaction carrier assembly into case.
- 3. Twist the housing to install and ensure proper seating. The reaction carrier teeth must seat in reaction shell.

 Refer to Figure 102.
- 4. Install selective washer and thrust bearing onto 3rd clutch housing if they are not already there.
- 5. Install 4th band into case, as shown in Figure 102. The band must be seated on the anchor pin properly, with the servo pin seat toward the servo bore in the case.
- 6. Install reverse clutch housing and 2nd sprag assembly. External lugs on the reverse housing must seat into reaction sun shell (620), and reverse clutch teeth must engage and seat on the 3rd clutch hub (See Figure 102).
- 7. Install thrust washer (436) on top of reverse clutch housing with the tabs pointing down (See Figure 102).
- 8. Retain thrust washer with TransJel, if necessary.

DRIVE SPROCKET SEAL

- 1. Remove drive sprocket seal by cutting.
- 2. Place tool J-39064-1 on drive sprocket as shown in Figure 103.
- 3. Place new drive sprocket seal on top of J-39064-1 as shown in Figure 103.
- 4. Using J-39064-3 installer, quickly push down and install seal into groove. (See Figure 103).
- 5. Use J-39064-2 to re-size the seal to proper size, as shown in Figure 103.





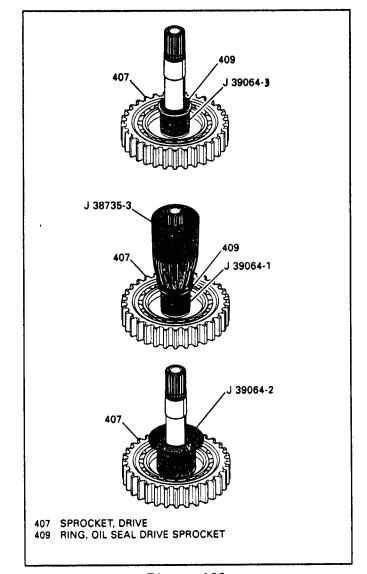
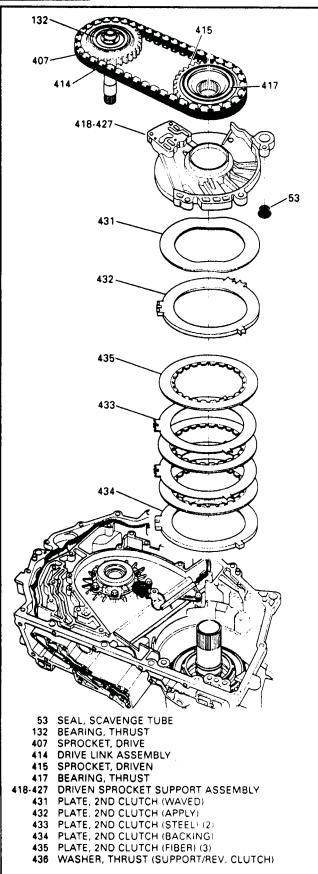


Figure 103

Figure 102





2ND CLUTCH, DRIVEN SPROCKET SUPPORT, DRIVE SPROCKET, DRIVEN SPROCKET, AND DRIVE CHAIN

- 1. Install the 2nd clutch backing plate as shown in Figure 104.
- 2. Install the 2nd clutch plates starting with a lined plate and alternating with steel plates as shown in Figure 104.
- 3. Install the 2nd clutch apply plate as shown in Figure 104.
- 4. Install the 2nd clutch wave plate on top of apply plate (See Figure 104).
- 5. Install preassembled driven sprocket support over input shaft as shown in Figure 104. Support will be flush with case line surface when fully seated.
- 6. Attach drive chain to both sprockets in same direction it was removed, as shown in Figure 104. If this is not done noise may result.
- 7. Install thrust bearings on top of the sprockets (See Figure 104).

CASE COVER SEALS INSTALL

- 1. Remove case cover to turbine seal with tool J-39062 as shown in Figure 105.
- 2. Remove case cover to drive sprocket seal using a small screwdriver and tap out through slots in case cover, as shown in Figure 107.
- 3. Install new case cover to turbine seal using tool J-39062 (See Figure 106). This seal will go either direction as shown in inset in Figure 106.
- 4. Install case cover to drive sprocket seal using tool J-39648 (Figure 108). Install this seal with the lip facing down as shown in Figure 108.
- 5. Install new axle seal into case cover.
 - NOTE: THE CASE AND CASE COVER MUST BE COMPLETELY DRY OF ANY MINERAL SPIRITS OR ANY OTHER CLEANING FLUIDS. IF NOT, THE BEADED RIB SURFACE ON THE GASKET WILL TEAR AND SEPERATE FROM THE GASKET SURFACE.

Figure 104



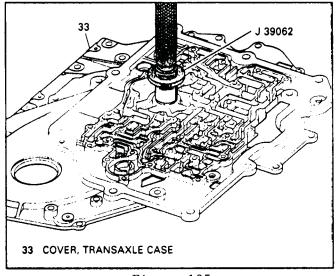


Figure 105

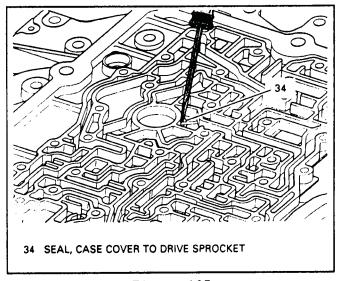


Figure 107

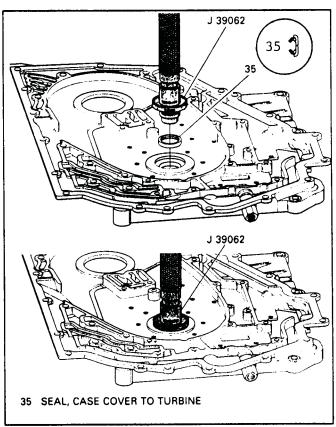


Figure 106

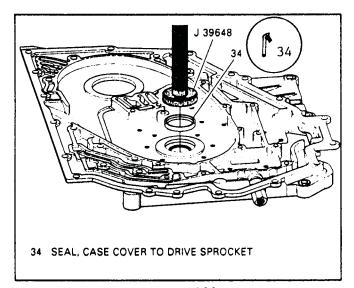
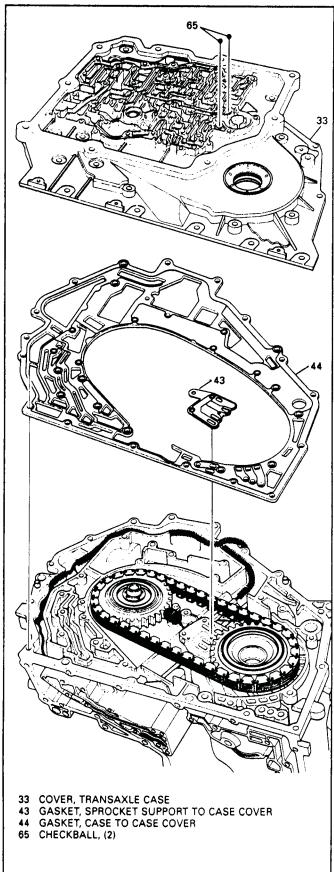


Figure 108





INSTALL CASE COVER

- 1. Install guide pins J-39068 into driven sprocket support.
- 2. Install NEW island gasket (43) over guide pins onto sprocket support. (See Figure 109).
- 3. Install NEW case cover gasket over the dowel pins onto case (See Figure 109).
- 4. Pass wiring harness through the large opening at top of case cover gasket. Make sure wiring harness remains below gasket, other than portion where the connectors are attached.
- 5. Install the case cover over the dowel pins and onto case (See Figure 109).
- 6. Pass the wiring harness through the opening at top of case cover without pinching the wires.
- 7. Install case cover bolts and studs, and HAND TIGHTEN ONLY.
- 8. Torque bolts only after checking for proper end play on next page.
- 9. Use Figure 110 for torque sequence.
- 10. Torque specs are as follows:
 Stud (45) 15-20 ft.1b.
 Bolts (46) 20-23 ft.1b.
 Studs (47) 20-23 ft.1b.
 Bolts (48) 15-20 ft.1b.
 Studs (49) 20-23 ft.1b.
 Bolts (50) 20-23 ft.1b.

NOTE: DO NOT TORQUE BOLTS UNTIL YOU HAVE VERIFIED THE END PLAY SETTING. IF YOU TORQUE THE BOLTS AND HAVE TO REMOVE THE CASE COVER TO CHANGE THE SELECTIVE WASHER, YOU WILL HAVE TO BUY NEW CASE COVER GASKETS AGAIN. THEY ARE VERY EXPENSIVE, AS THEY ARE MOULDED TO A PIECE OF METAL.

Figure 109



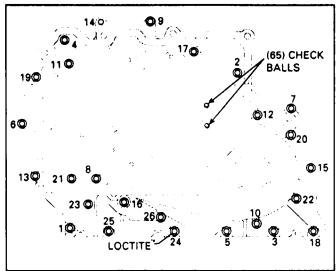


Figure 110

INPUT SHAFT END PLAY MEASUREMENT

- 1. Install end play tool J-39686 into the case barrel as shown in Figure 111.
- 2. Locate the "J" tab on end play tool on top of input shaft as shown in Figure 111.
- 3. Tool J-39686 must rest flat on case cover seal as shown in Figure 111.
- 4. Rotate threaded shaft clockwise until tight (See Figure 111).
- 5. Insert collar between flange and the handle of end play tool as shown in Figure 111.
- 6. Install dial indicator as shown in Figure 111, with the tip of the dial indicator resting on top of tab.
- 7. Zero the dial indicator.
- 8. Push down on handle and check the end play measurement.
- 9. Proper end play is .004"-.033".
- 10. Remove the dial indicator, end play tool, and the post.
- 11. NOW YOU CAN TORQUE THE BOLTS AND STUDS TO THEIR PROPER TORQUE AS SHOWN ON THE PREVIOUS PAGE.

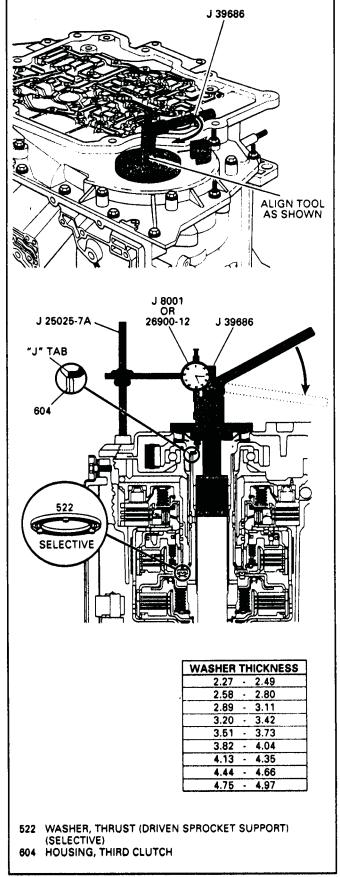
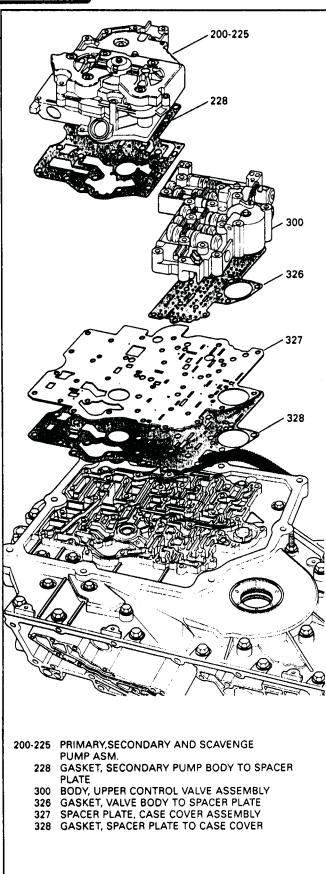


Figure 111





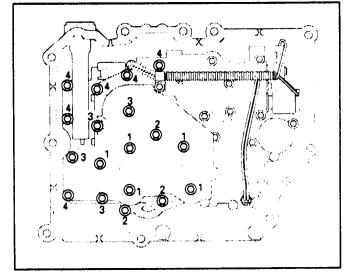


Figure 113

INSTALL UPPER VALVE BODY ASSEMBLY

- 1. Install two checkballs in the locations shown in Figure 29, into the case cover.
- 2. Install guide pins J-39068 for upper valve body assembly into case cover.
- 3. Install new upper valve body gasket on case cover, over the guide pins.
- 4. Install upper valve body spacer plate over the guide pins (See Figure 112).
- 5. Install new upper valve body to spacer plate gasket (326) over dowel pins. (See Figure 112).
- 6. Install upper valve body assembly on top of gasket on spacer plate.
- 7. Hand start bolts with wiring harness retaining clip properly attached.
 NOTE: Refer to Figure 137 for the bolt locations and identification.
- 8. Remove the guide pins and install the remaining bolts into valve body.
- 9. Torque the upper valve body bolts to 9 ft.1bs.
- 10. Connect the wiring harness to pressure control solenoid (Force Motor).
- 11. Connect the wiring harness to the TCC solenoid and temperature sensor.

Figure 112



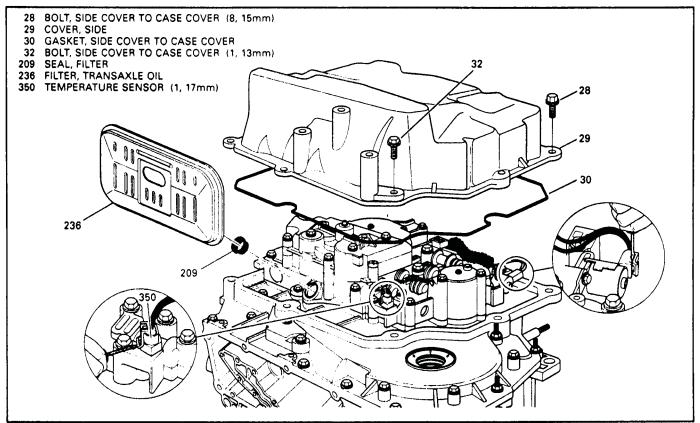


Figure 114

PRIMARY, SECONDARY, AND SCAVENGE PUMP ASSEMBLIES, AND SIDE COVER

- 1. Install guide pins J-39068 into case cover for pump assemblies.
- 2. Install new gasket over guide pins and onto spacer plate (Figure 112).
- 3. Install primary, secondary and the scavenge pump assemblies over the guide pins (See Figure 112).
- 4. Hand start the pump assembly bolts. NOTE: Refer to Figure 137 for bolt location and identification.
- 5. Remove the guide pins and install remaining bolts.
- 6. Torque pump bolts to 9 ft.1bs.
- 7. Use the sequence pattern as shown in Figure 113 for torquing pump.
- 8. Install new main filter seal (209) into pump as shown in Figure 114.
- 9. Install new main filter into the filter seal shown in Figure 114.
- 10. Install new gasket into the side cover (See Figure 114).
- 11. Install side cover on transaxle as shown in Figure 114.
- 12. Hand start all side cover bolts and then torque to 37-40 ft.lb. for bolt (28), and 15-20 ft.lb. for bolt (32). (See Figure 114).



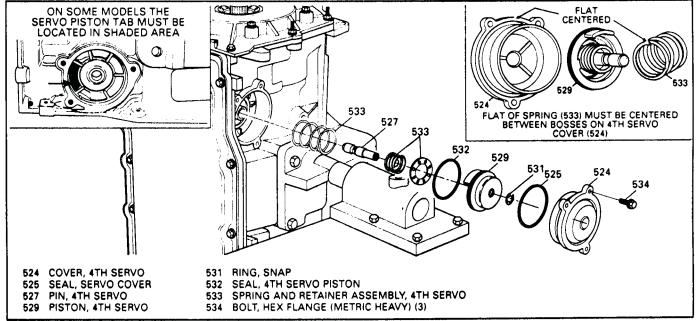
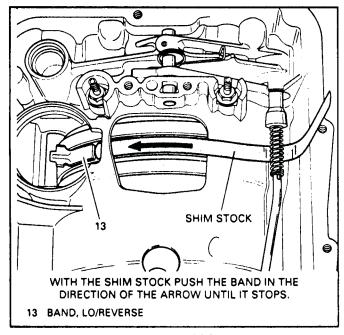


Figure 115

INSTALL 4TH SERVO ASSEMBLY

- 1. Install new seals onto the 4th servo piston and servo cover as shown in Figure 115, and lubricate with small amount of TransJel.
- 2. Assemble 4th servo assembly using Figure 115 as a guide.
- 3. Install 4th servo piston assembly in servo cover with return spring (See Figure 115).
- 4. Install 4th servo assembly into case bore. Make sure the tab on the piston is lined up with the notch in the case bore (EARLY MODELS ONLY).

 Refer to Figure 115.
- 5. Hand tighten the servo cover bolts while holding the piston compressed.
- 6. After all bolts are started and hand tightened, torque to 6-10 ft.lbs.



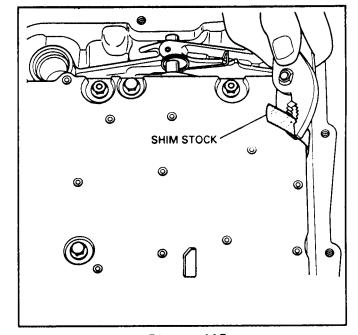


Figure 116

Figure 117



LOWER VALVE BODY ASSEMBLY

- 1. Rotate the transaxle in fixture so that bottom pan area is facing up, as shown in Figure 118.
- 2. Position the low/reverse band using a .020"-.030" long feeler gage as shown in Figure 116. With the feeler gage, push the band in the direction of the arrow until it stops (See Figure 116).
- 3. Place the pre-assembled lower valve body assembly over the forward support studs as shown in Figure 118.
- 4. Install valve body bolts and tighten by hand only.
- 5. Install two nuts on studs.
- 6. Refer to Figure 139 for bolt location and identification.
- 7. Remove the long feeler gage, as shown in Figure 117.
- 8. Place oil transfer plate (956) over open gasket area (See Figure 118).
- 9. Hand start all transfer plate bolts to hold in place, with wiring harness retaining clips attached properly.
- 10. Torque all bolts and nuts to 6-10ft.lb.
- 11. Connect manual valve to detent lever with manual valve retaining clip on top of detent lever.
- 12. Route wiring harness over spacer plate rib and the detent lever.
- 13. Connect the wiring harness to both of the shift solenoids and the transaxle pressure switch.

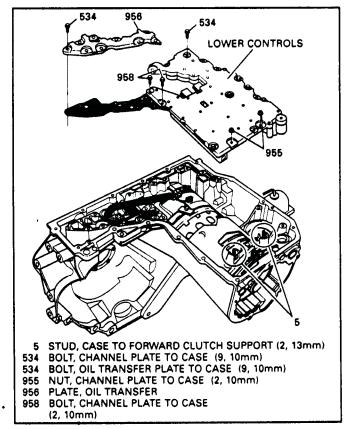


Figure 118



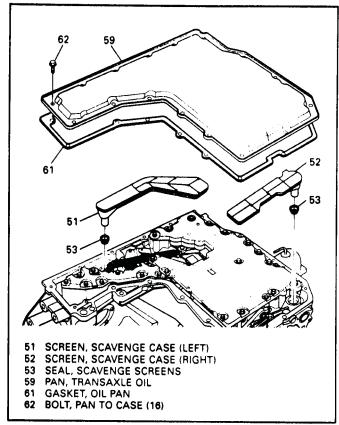


Figure 119

SCAVENGE SCREENS, BOTTOM PAN GASKET, AND BOTTOM PAN

- 1. Install both scavenge screen seals (53) into case, as shown in Figure 119.
- 2. Install new scavenge screens into the seals, as shown in Figure 119.
- 3. Install new bottom pan gasket onto the case (See Figure 119).
- 4. Install bottom pan and hand start all of the bottom pan bolts (Figure 119).
- 5. Torqueing of the bottom pan bolts MUST be done in TWO steps as follows. Step 1 = Torque to 4 ft.lbs. Step 2 = Torque to 9 ft.lbs.
- 6. Use the torque sequence as shown in Figure 120 for bottom pan.

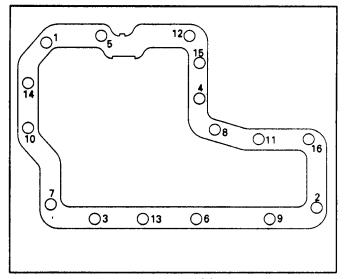
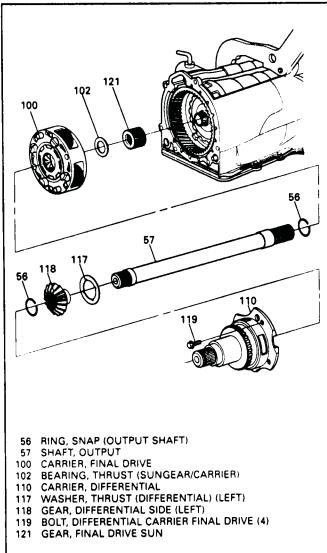


Figure 120

FINAL DRIVE DIFFERENTIAL ASSEMBLY AND OUTPUT SHAFT

- 1. Install final drive sun gear onto the final drive sun gear shaft splines, as shown in Figure 121, with the seal side side facing the differential.
- 2. Install the final drive carrier with the thrust bearing secured with TransJel on sun gear side, turning unit until it meshes with sun gear and ring gear. (See Figure 121).
- 3. Install left side thrust washer (117) on carrier and retain with TransJel. (See Figure 121).
- 4. Install left side differential side gear (118) as shown in Figure 121.
- 5. Install output shaft (57) from opposite side of transaxle, and spline it into differential side gear (Figure 121).
- 6. Install NEW snap ring (56) onto the output shaft. Do not overexpand the snap ring. It MUST seat down inside of the left differential side gear to allow proper assembly of differential carrier. (See Figure 121).
- 7. Place the transaxle in the park position with the manual shaft. This will lock the final drive unit.
- 8. Install differential housing (110) and hand start four bolts, as shown in Figure 121.
- 9. Differential housing MUST locate on the dowels on carrier (See Figure 121).
- 10. Torque bolts to 52-56 ft.1bs.







SCAVENGE TUBE ASSEMBLY AND CASE EXTENSION

- 1. Install new scavenge tube seal (53) into the case (See Figure 122).
- Install scavenge tube (54) into case, by tapping lightly using a plastic mallet to ensure fit in both seals. (See Figure 122). There is one seal in the case and one in the driven sprocket support.
- 3. The rib on the pipe will remain exposed. This is normal condition.
- 4. Install scavenge tube retaining bolt and torque to 6-10 ft.lbs. (See Figure 122).
- 5. Install selective washer and thrust bearing on to differential output shaft (See Figure 122).

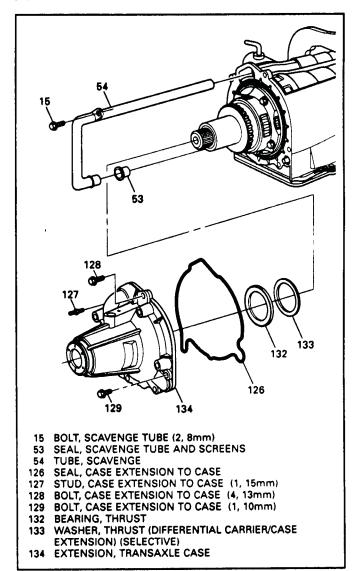


Figure 122

- 6. Install new case extension axle seal into extension housing.
- 7. Install new case extension seal (126) into extension housing (Figure 122).
- 8. Install case extension onto the case and install stud and retaining bolts. (See Figure 122).
- 9. The stud goes in 11 o'clock position, as shown in Figure 122.
- 10. HAND TIGHTEN THE BOLTS UNTIL YOU HAVE VERIFIED THE FINAL DRIVE END PLAY ON NEXT PAGE.



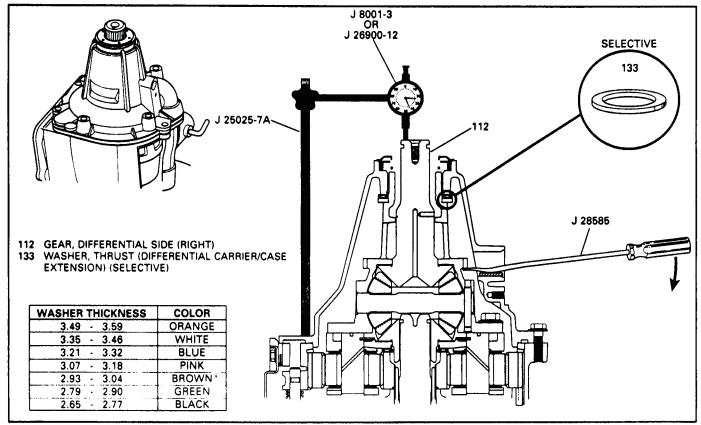


Figure 123

FINAL DRIVE END PLAY MEASUREMENT

- 1. Install dial indicator J-26900-12 onto transaxle, as shown in Figure 123.
- 2. Position dial indicator with stem on output shaft as shown in Figure 123.
- 3. Zero out the dial indicator.
- 4. Insert J-28585 through the output speed sensor bore and lift speed sensor rotor for measurement (See Figure 123).

 NOTE: PROTECT SPEED SENSOR BORE WITH A PIECE OF WOOD OR USED FILLER TUBE SEAL, TO PREVENT DAMAGE (FIGURE 123)
- 5. Proper final drive end play should be, .005"-.025" clearance.
- 6. Record measured end play and if necessary change selective washer.
- 7. Use the chart in Figure 123 for the proper selective thrust washer.
- 8. Remove the dial indicator from the transaxle.
- 9. Torque stud (127) and bolts (128) to 37-40 ft.1bs.
- 10. Torque bolts (129) to 15-20 ft.1bs.



VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR AND RETURN COOLER LINE CONNECTOR

- 1. Install vehicle speed sensor and new seal into case extension, as shown in Figure 124.
- 2. Torque speed sensor bolt to 6-10 ft.1b.
- 3. Install return cooler line fitting in transaxle case, as shown in Figures 124 and 125.
- 4. There are two different designs of the return cooler line connector. Follow the torque specifications Figure 125.

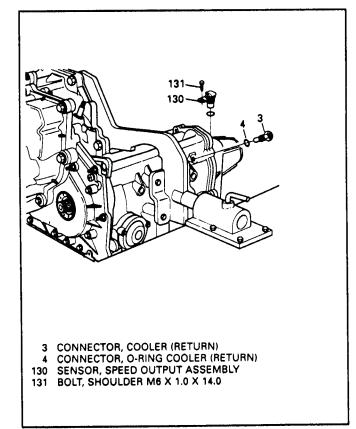


Figure 124

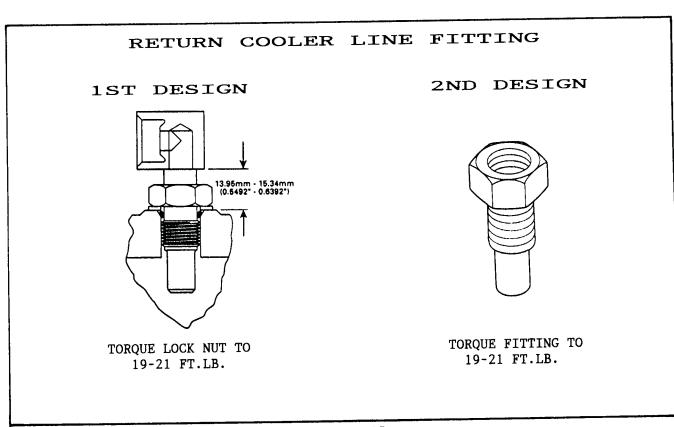
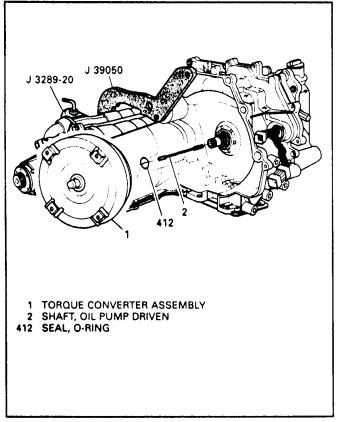


Figure 125





37 SEAL, CASE COVER 125 SEAL, AXLE TO CASE EXTENSION

Figure 127

Figure 126

PUMP DRIVE SHAFT, TORQUE CONVERTER, AND AXLE SEALS

- 1. Install new "O" ring on the turbine shaft (See Figure 126).
- 2. Install oil pump drive shaft through the turbine shaft, and rotate until it engages into oil pump. Refer to Figure 126.
- 3. Install torque converter onto the transaxle (See Figure 126).
- 4. Install new axle seals using the installation tools that are shown in Figure 127. The output shaft is used to pilot the seals and tool into the case.
- 5. Ensure that the snap rings are installed on output shaft.
- 6. Remove the transaxle from holding fixture.

CAUTION MUST BE EXERCISED WHEN REMOVING THE TRANSAXLE DUE TO ITS WEIGHT. (APPROX. 310 LBS.) CHAIN HOIST OR LIFTING DEVICE IS RECOMMENDED



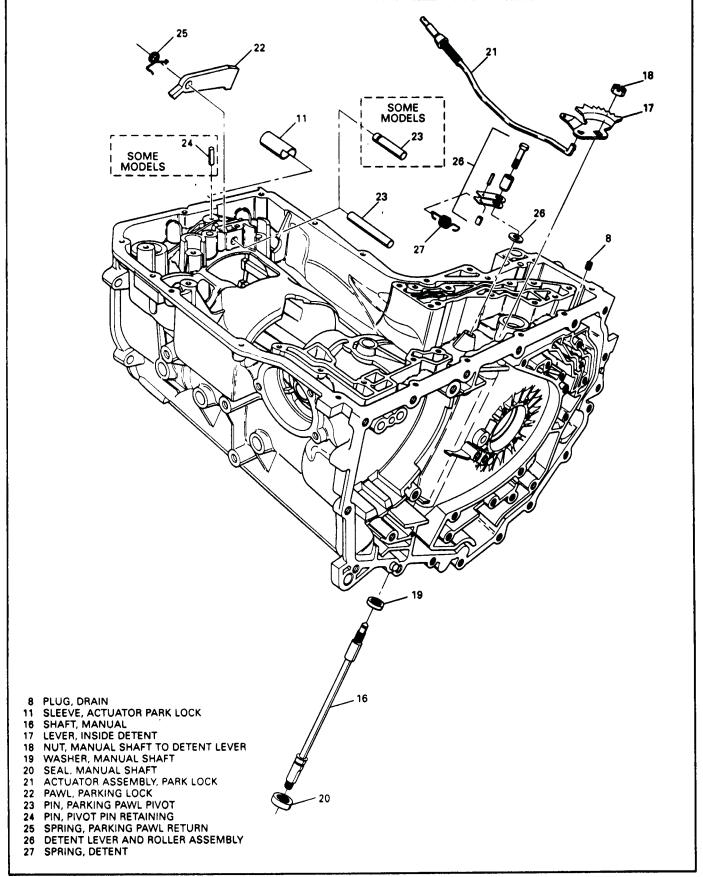


Figure 128



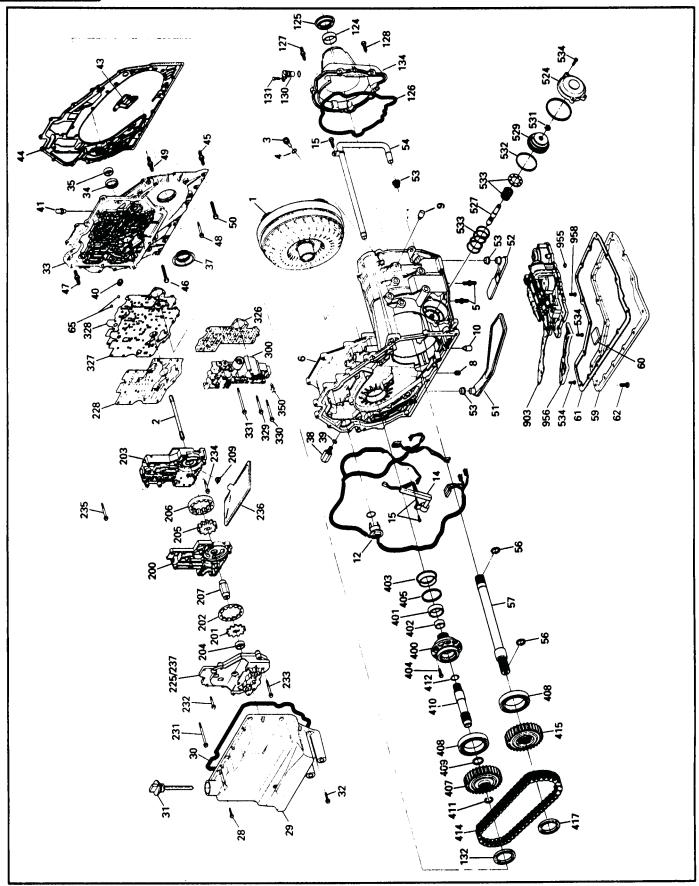


Figure 129



- 1 TORQUE CONVERTER ASSEMBLY
- 2 SHAFT, OIL PUMP DRIVEN
- 3 COOLER CONNECTOR, RETURN (CASE) (1, 19mm)
- 4 CONNECTOR, O-RING COOLER (RETURN)
- 5 STUD, CASE TO FORWARD CLUTCH SUPPORT (2, 13mm)
- 6 CASE, TRANSAXLE
- 8 PLUG, OIL DRAIN BOTTOM PAN TO CASE COVER
- 9 PIN, ANCHOR (LO AND REVERSE)
- 10 PIN, ANCHOR (4TH BAND)
- 12 HARNESS, WIRING ASSEMBLY
- 14 INPUT SPEED SENSOR ASSEMBLY
- 15 BOLT, (4, 8mm)
- 28 BOLT, SIDE COVER TO CASE COVER (8, 15mm)
- 29 COVER, SIDE
- 30 GASKET, SIDE COVER TO CASE COVER
- 31 INDICATOR, FLUID LEVEL
- 32 BOLT, SIDE COVER TO CASE COVER (1, 13mm)
- 33 COVER, TRANSAXLE CASE
- 34 SEAL, CASE COVER TO DRIVE SPROCKET
- 35 SEAL, CASE COVER TO TURBINE SHAFT
- 37 SEAL, AXLE CASE COVER
- 38 COOLER CONNECTOR, (TO COOLER) (CASE COVER) (1, 19mm)
- 39 SEAL, O-RING COOLER CONNECTOR
- 40 PLUG, OIL TEST #40 TORX (CASE COVER)
- 41 ADAPTER, TRANSAXLE VENT
- 43 GASKET, SPROCKET SUPPORT TO CASE COVER
- 44 GASKET, CASE TO CASE COVER
- 45 STUD, CASE COVER TO CASE (1, 13mm)
- 46 BOLT, CASE COVER TO CASE (8, 10mm)
- 47 STUD, CASE COVER TO CASE (2, 13mm)
- 48 BOLT, CASE COVER TO DRIVEN SPROCKET SUPPORT
 (3. 10mm)
- 49 STUD, CASE COVER TO CASE (1, 10mm)
- 50 BOLT, CASE COVER TO CASE (11, 13mm)
- 51 SCREEN, SCAVENGE (LEFT)
- 52 SCREEN, SCAVENGE (RIGHT)
- 53 SEAL, SCAVENGE TUBE AND SCREENS
- 54 TUBE, SCAVENGE
- 56 RING, SNAP (OUTPUT SHAFT) (3)
- 57 SHAFT, OUTPUT
- 59 PAN, TRANSAXLE OIL
- 60 MAGNET, CHIP COLLECTOR
- 61 GASKET, OIL PAN
- 62 BOLT, BOTTOM PAN TO CASE (16, 10mm)
- 65 CHECKBALL, (10)
- 124 BUSHING, CASE EXTENSION
- 125 SEAL, AXLE TO CASE EXTENSION
- 126 SEAL, CASE EXTENSION TO CASE
- 127 STUD, CASE EXTENSION TO CASE (1, 15mm)
- 128 BOLT, CASE EXTENSION TO CASE (4, 13mm)
- 129 BOLT, CASE EXTENSION TO CASE (1, 10mm)
- 130 SENSOR, SPEED OUTPUT ASSEMBLY
- 131 BOLT, OUTPUT SPEED SENSOR (1)
- 132 BEARING, THRUST
- 134 EXTENSION, TRANSAXLE CASE

- 200 BODY, PRIMARY PUMP
- 201 GEAR, PRIMARY PUMP DRIVE
- 202 GEAR, PRIMARY PUMP DRIVEN
- 203 BODY, SECONDARY PUMP
- 204 BUSHING, SCAVENGE PUMP
- 205 GEAR, SECONDARY PUMP DRIVE
- 206 GEAR, SECONDARY PUMP DRIVEN
- 207 SHAFT, OIL PUMP DRIVEN
- 209 SEAL, FILTER
- 225 BODY, SCAVENGE PUMP
- 228 GASKET, SECONDARY PUMP BODY TO SPACER PLATE
- 229 BOLT, (4, 8mm)
- 231 BOLT, PUMP ASSEMBLY TO CASE (2, 8mm)
- 232 BOLT, PUMP ASSEMBLY TO CASE COVER (5, 8mm)
- 233 BOLT, PUMP ASSEMBLY TO CASE COVER (5, 8mm)
- 234 BOLT, SECONDARY PUMP TO CASE COVER (1, 8mm)
- 235 BOLT, SECONDARY PUMP TO CASE COVER (2, 8mm)
- 236 FILTER, TRANSAXLE OIL
- 300 BODY, UPPER CONTROL VALVE
- 326 GASKET, VALVE BODY TO SPACER PLATE
- 327 SPACER PLATE, CASE COVER ASSEMBLY
- 328 GASKET, SPACER PLATE TO CASE COVER
- 329 BOLT, UPPER VALVE BODY TO CASE COVER (9, 8mm)
- 330 BOLT, UPPER VALVE BODY TO CASE COVER (2, 8mm)
- 331 BOLT, (6, 8mm)
- 350 TEMPERATURE SENSOR (1, 17mm)
- 400 SUPPORT, DRIVE SPROCKET
- 401 BUSHING, CONVERTER HUB
- 402 BUSHING, STATOR SHAFT (FRONT)
- 403 SEAL ASSEMBLY, CONVERTER HUB ASSEMBLY
- 404 BOLT, DRIVE SPROCKET SUPPORT TO CASE (6, 8mm)
- 405 SEAL, DRIVE SPROCKET SUPPORT TO CASE
- 407 SPROCKET, DRIVE
- 408 BEARING, BALL (2)
- 409 RING, DRIVE SPROCKET OIL SEAL
- 410 SHAFT, TURBINE
- 411 RING, SNAP
- 412 SEAL, O-RING
- 414 DRIVE LINK ASSEMBLY
- 415 SPROCKET, DRIVEN
- 417 BEARING, THRUST
- 524 COVER, 4TH SERVO
- 525 SEAL, SERVO COVER
- 527 PIN, 4TH SERVO
- 529 PISTON, 4TH SERVO
- 531 RING, SNAP
- 532 SEAL, 4TH SERVO PISTON
- 533 SPRINGS AND RETAINER ASSEMBLY, 4TH SERVO
- 534 BOLT, (23, 10mm)
- 903 CHANNEL PLATE TO CONTROL VALVE AND HOUSING ASSEMBLY
- 955 NUT, CHANNEL PLATE TO CASE (2, 10mm)
- 956 PLATE, OIL TRANSFER
- 958 BOLT, CHANNEL PLATE TO CASE (2, 10mm)

Figure 130



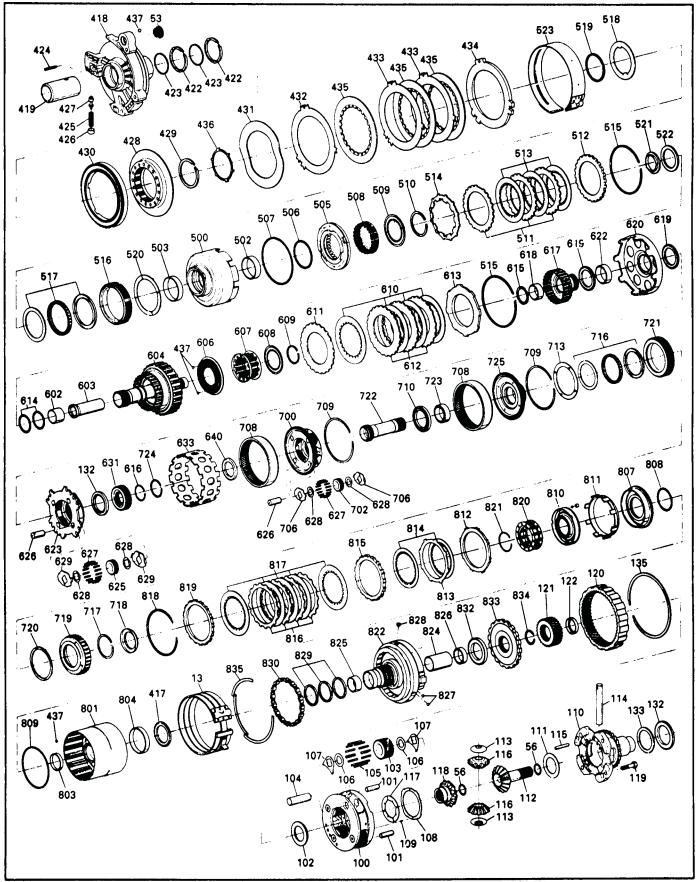


Figure 131



12	BAND, LO/REVERSE	804	HOUSING, THIRD CLUTCH
53	SEAL CONVENCE THRE	004	
53	SEAL, SCAVENGE TUBE	606	PISTON ASSEMBLY, THIRD CLUTCH
56	HING, SNAP (OUTPUT SHAFT) (3)	607	SPRING AND RETAINER ASSEMBLY
100	CARRIER, FINAL DRIVE	608	RETAINER, SNAP RING
101	SEAL, SCAVENGE TUBE RING, SNAP (OUTPUT SHAFT) (3) CARRIER, FINAL DRIVE DOWEL, DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER (2) BEARING, THRUST (SUN GEAR/CARRIER) PINION, FINAL DRIVE PLANET (4) PIN, FINAL DRIVE PLANET PINION (4) BEARINGS, NEEDLE (ROLLER) (76) WASHERS, THRUST (FINAL DRIVE PINION) (8) (STEEL) WASHERS, THRUST (FINAL DRIVE PINION) (8) (STEEL)	609	RING, RETURN SPRING SNAP
102	BEARING, THRUST (SUN GEAR/CARRIER)	610	PLATE ASSEMBLY, THIRD CLUTCH (FIBER) (4)
103	PINION, FINAL DRIVE PLANET (4)	611	PLATE, APPLY (STEEL)
104	PIN FINAL DRIVE PLANET PINION (4)	612	PLATE, THIRD CLUTCH (3)
105	PEARINGS NEEDLE (ROLLED) (76)	612	
100	MACHERS TURNET (FINAL DRIVE DIMIGNIA (CATERIA)	013	PLATE, BACKING
1 100	WASHERS, THRUST (FINAL DRIVE FINION) (8) (STEEL)	614	RING, OIL SEAL (2)
107	TASTICITS, THROST (FINAL DRIVE FINION) (6) (BRONZE)	013	WASHER, THRUST (INPUT SHAFT/3RD HUB)
108	RETAINER, FINAL DRIVE CARRIER	616	RING, SNAP (INPUT SHAFT/INPUT SUN GEAR)
109	PIN, ROLLED	617	HUB, THIRD CLUTCH
110	CARRIER, DIFFERENTIAL	618	BUSHING, HUB
111	WASHER, THRUST (DIFFERENTIAL) (RIGHT)	619	BEARING ASSEMBLY, THRUST
112	GEAR DIFFERENTIAL SIDE (RIGHT)	620	GEAR AND SHELL ASSEMBLY, REACTION SUN
113	WASHER THRUST (DIFFERENTIAL PINION) (2)	822	BUSHING, REACTION SUN GEAR
1 114	SUAST DISESPENTIAL DINION	022	
1 :::	DIAL DIFFERENTIAL CHAFT DETAINING	023	CARRIER, REACTION
1115	PIN, DIFFERENTIAL SHAFT RETAINING	625	PINION, PLANET (4)
1118	GEARS, DIFFERENTIAL PINION (2)	626	PIN, PLANET PINION (4)
117	WASHER, THRUST (DIFFERENTIAL) (LEFT)	627	NEEDLE, ROLLER BEARING (68)
118	GEAR, DIFFERENTIAL SIDE (LEFT)	628	WASHER, PINION THRUST (STEEL) (8)
119	BOLT, DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER FINAL DRIVE (4)	629	WASHER, PINION THRUST (BRONZE) (8)
120	GEAR, FINAL DRIVE INTERNAL	631	GEAR, INPUT SUN
121	GEAR, FINAL DRIVE SUN	833	SHELL, REACTION CARRIER
122	RETAINER, FINAL DRIVE CARRIER PIN, ROLLED CARRIER, DIFFERENTIAL WASHER, THRUST (DIFFERENTIAL) (RIGHT) GEAR, DIFFERENTIAL SIDE (RIGHT) WASHER, THRUST (DIFFERENTIAL PINION) (2) SHAFT, DIFFERENTIAL PINION PIN, DIFFERENTIAL SHAFT RETAINING GEARS, DIFFERENTIAL PINION (2) WASHER, THRUST (DIFFERENTIAL) (LEFT) GEAR, DIFFERENTIAL SIDE (LEFT) BOLT, DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER FINAL DRIVE (4) GEAR, FINAL DRIVE INTERNAL GEAR, FINAL DRIVE SUN SEAL, FINAL DRIVE SUN GEAR BEARING ASSEMBLY, THRUST WASHER, THRUST (DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER/CASE EXTENSION) (SELECTIVE) RING, SNAP	240	BEARING, THRUST (INPUT SUN GEAR TO REACTION
132	REARING ASSEMBLY THRUST	040	
132	WACHER THRUST (DIFFERENTIAL CARRIED/CACE	700	CARRIER)
133	VVASIER, IRRUS I (DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER/CASE	/00	CARRIER, INPUT
1	EXTENSION) (SELECTIVE)	702	PINIONS, PLANET (4)
1 ,33	101140, 5146	706	WASHER, THRUST (BRONZE) (8)
417	BEARING, THRUST (FWD CLUTCH SUPPORT/PARK GEAR)	708	GEAR, INTERNAL (2)
418	SUPPORT, DRIVEN SPROCKET	709	RING, SNAP (2)
419	SLEEVE, OIL TRANSFER		BEARING ASSEMBLY, THRUST
			WASHER, THRUST (FLANGE TO OUTER RACE)
423	RING, 4 LOBE SEAL (2)		SPRAG ASSEMBLY, FORWARD CLUTCH
424	PIN SPRING		RING, SNAP (COAST CLUTCH HUB RETAINER)
425	SPRING 3RD CHITCH EVHALIST VALVE		BEARING, THRUST (FLANGE/FORWARD CLUTCH HOUSING)
426	RING, OIL (2) RING, 4 LOBE SEAL (2) PIN, SPRING SPRING, 3RD CLUTCH EXHAUST VALVE PLUG, CUP VALVE 3RD CLUTCH EXHAUST		
420	VALVE 200 CHITCH EVIDAUCT		HUB, COAST CLUTCH
7 - 7	THETE, SHE GEOTOFF EXTINGOT		WASHER, THRUST (RACE/COAST CLUTCH HUB)
	2ND CLUTCH RETURN SPRING AND RETAINER ASSEMBLY		RACE, FORWARD SPRAG (OUTER)
429	RING, SNAP (2ND CL./DRIVEN SPROCKET)	722	SHAFT, FINAL DRIVE SUN GEAR
430	PISTON ASSEMBLY, 2ND CLUTCH	723	BUSHING, INPUT FLANGE
431	PLATE, 2ND CLUTCH (WAVED)	724	RING, SNAP (FINAL DRIVE SHAFT/INPUT CARRIER)
432	PLATE, 2ND CLUTCH (APPLY)	725	FLANGE, INPUT INTERNAL GEAR
433	PLATE, 2ND CLUTCH (STEEL) (2)		HOUSING, FORWARD AND COAST CLUTCH
434	PLATE 2ND CLUTCH (BACKING)		BUSHING, HOUSING (SMALL)
435	PLATE 2ND CLUTCH (SIRER) (2)		
436	MACHED THRUST (CHROCOT/DEV. CHATCH)		BUSHING, HOUSING (LARGE)
430	PISTON ASSEMBLY, 2ND CLUTCH PLATE, 2ND CLUTCH (WAVED) PLATE, 2ND CLUTCH (APPLY) PLATE, 2ND CLUTCH (STEEL) (2) PLATE, 2ND CLUTCH (BACKING) PLATE, 2ND CLUTCH (FIBER) (3) WASHER, THRUST (SUPPORT/REV. CLUTCH) CHECKBALL, .1875 DIA.		PISTON, FORWARD CLUTCH
43/	CHECKBALL, .1875 DIA.		SEAL, (INNER)
500	HOUSING, REVERSE CLUTCH AND RACE ASSEMBLY		SEAL, (OUTER)
	BUSHING, (SMALL)	810	PISTON ASSEMBLY, COAST CLUTCH
503	BUSHING, (LARGE)	811	RING, FORWARD CLUTCH (APPLY)
505	PISTON ASSEMBLY, REVERSE CLUTCH	812	PLATE, COAST CLUTCH (APPLY)
506	SEAL, (INNER)		PLATE, COAST CLUTCH (1) (STEEL)
	SEAL, (OUTER)		PLATE, COAST CLUTCH (2) (FIBER)
	SPRING AND RETAINER ASSEMBLY		PLATE, FORWARD AND COAST CLUTCH
	RETAINER, SNAP RING		PLATE, FORWARD CLUTCH (4) (STEEL)
	RING, SNAP (RETURN SPRING)		
			PLATE, FORWARD CLUTCH (5) (FIBER)
	PLATE, REVERSE CLUTCH (STEEL) (3)		RING, SNAP (FORWARD CLUTCH BACKING PLATE)
	PLATE, REVERSE CLUTCH BACKING (SELECTIVE)		PLATE, FORWARD CLUTCH BACKING
	PLATE ASSEMBLY, REVERSE CLUTCH (FIBER) (3)		SPRING ASSEMBLY, FORWARD CLUTCH RELEASE
	PLATE, BELLEVILLE (APPLY)		RING, SNAP (FORWARD RETURN SPRING ASM./HOUSING)
	RING, SNAP	822	SUPPORT, FORWARD/COAST CLUTCH
516	RACE, 2ND SPRAG (OUTER)	824	SLEEVE, OIL TRANSFER
517	CLUTCH ASSEMBLY, SECOND SPRAG		BUSHING, SUPPORT/SUN SHAFT (LEFT)
	RETAINER, SECOND SPRAG CLUTCH		BUSHING, SUPPORT/SUN SHAFT (RIGHT)
	RING, LOCKING		BALL, (OIL HOLE PLUGS)
	WASHER, SECOND CLUTCH OUTER RACE		SEAL, COOLER RETURN
	BEARING, THRUST		RING, OIL SEAL (SUPPORT/HOUSING)
1 222	WASHER, THRUST (DRIVEN SPROCKET SUPPORT)		CLUTCH ASSEMBLY, LO ROLLER
1	(SELECTIVE)		BEARING, THRUST
	BAND, FOURTH		GEAR, PARKING LOCK
	BUSHING, INPUT SHAFT	834	RING, SNAP (FINAL DRIVE SHAFT TO PARK GEAR)
603	SLEEVE, INPUT SHAFT/OIL TRANSFER	835	RING, FRETTING SUPPORT/CASE
I_		•	

Figure 132



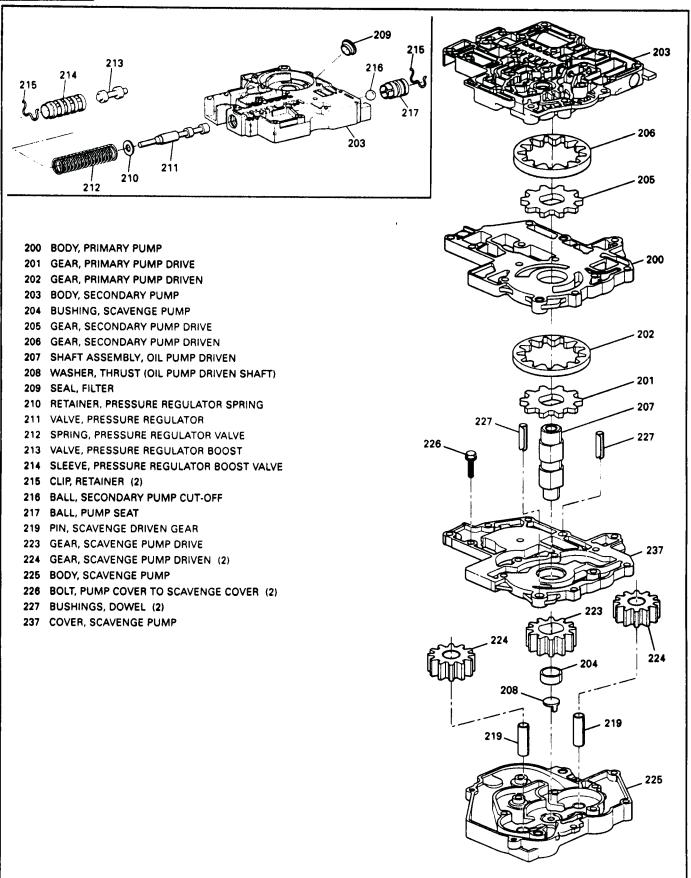


Figure 133



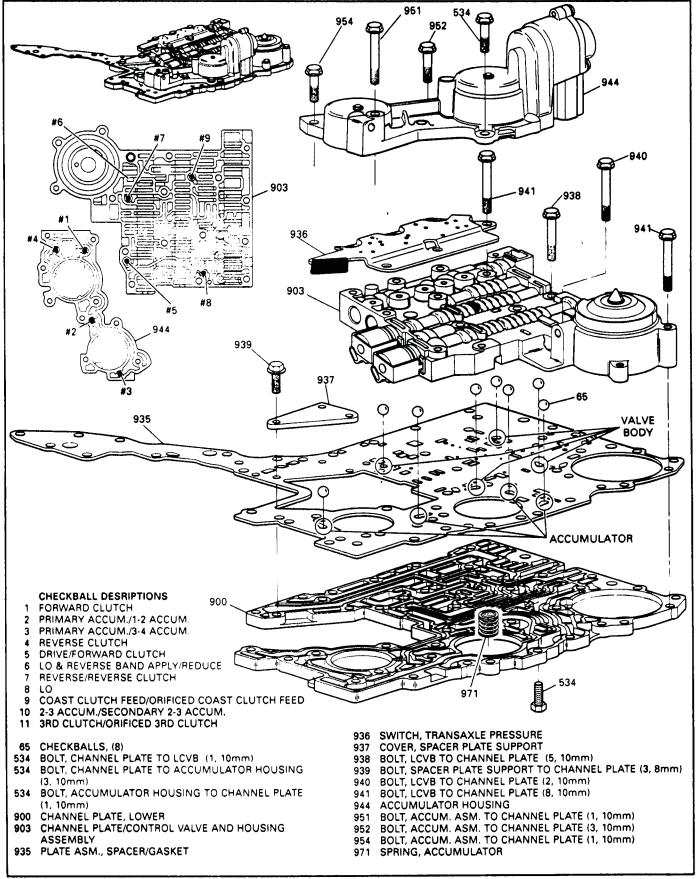


Figure 134



	BOLT LOCATIONS		
III. No.	Description	Oty Size	Specified Torque
CASE CO	/ER		
45	STUD, CASE COVER TO CASE	(1, 13mm) 20-27 N·m	
46	BOLT, CASE COVER TO CASE	(8, 10mm)	20-27 N·m
47	STUD, CASE COVER TO CASE	(2, 13mm)	27-31 N·m
48	BOLT, CASE COVER TO DRIVEN SPROCKET SUPPORT	(3, 10mm)	20-27 N·m
49	STUD, CASE COVER TO CASE	(1, 10mm)	27-31 N•m
50	BOLT, CASE COVER TO CASE	(11, 13mm)	27-31 N·m
PUMP AS	SEMBLY		
226	BOLT, SCAVENGE PUMP COVER TO SCAVENGE PUMP BODY	(2, 10mm)	11-13 N•m
229	BOLT, PUMP ASSEMBLY TO CASE	(3, 8mm)	11-13 N•m
231	BOLT, PUMP ASSEMBLY TO CASE	(2, 8mm)	11-13 N·m
232	BOLT, PUMP ASSEMBLY TO CASE COVER	(5, 8mm)	11-13 N·m
233	BOLT, PUMP ASSEMBLY TO CASE COVER	(5, 8mm)	11-13 N·m
234	BOLT, SECONDARY PUMP TO CASE COVER	(1, 8mm)	11-13 N·m
235	BOLT, SECONDARY PUMP TO CASE COVER	(2, 8mm)	11-13 N·m
331	BOLT, SECONDARY PUMP TO CASE	(1, 8mm)	11-13 N·m
JPPER CC	ONTROL VALVE BODY (UCVB) ASSEMBLY		
15	BOLT, PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID BRACKET TO UCVB	(1, 8mm)	11-13 N·m
229	BOLT, UCVB TO CASE	(1, 8mm)	11-13 N·m
329	BOLT, UCVB TO CASE COVER	(9, 8mm)	11-13 N·m
330	BOLT, UCVB TO CASE COVER	(2, 8mm)	11-13 N•m
331	BOLT, UCVB TO CASE	(3, 8mm)	11-13 N•m
331	BOLT, UCVB TO DRIVEN SPROCKET SUPPORT	(2, 8mm)	11-13 N·m
350	TEMPERATURE SENSOR	(1, 17mm)	Max. 3.4 N·m (30 in. lbs.
CHANNEL	PLATE and TRANSFER PLATE TO CASE		
534	BOLT, CHANNEL PLATE TO CASE	(9, 10mm)	8-14 N•m
534	BOLT, OIL TRANSFER PLATE TO CASE	(9, 10mm)	8-14 N•m
955	NUT, CHANNEL PLATE TO CASE	(2, 10mm)	8-14 N•m
958	BOLT, CHANNEL PLATE TO CASE	(2, 10mm)	8-14 N•m
OWER C	ONTROL VALVE BODY (LCVB) ASSEMBLY and		
ACCUMUI	LATOR HOUSING ASSEMBLY TO CHANNEL PLATE		
534	BOLT, CHANNEL PLATE TO LCVB	(1, 10mm)	8-14 N·m
534	BOLT, CHANNEL PLATE TO ACCUMULATOR HOUSING	(3, 10mm)	8-14 N·m
534	BOLT, ACCUMULATOR HOUSING TO CHANNEL PLATE	(1, 10mm)	8-14 N•m
938	BOLT, LCVB TO CHANNEL PLATE	(5, 10mm)	8-14 N•m
939	BOLT, SPACER PLATE SUPPORT TO CHANNEL PLATE	(3, 8mm)	8-14 N·m
940	BOLT, LCVB TO CHANNEL PLATE	(2, 10mm)	8-14 N·m
941	BOLT, LCVB TO CHANNEL PLATE	(8, 10mm)	8-14 N·m
951	BOLT, ACCUMULATOR HOUSING TO CHANNEL PLATE	(1, 10mm)	8-14 N·m
952	BOLT, ACCUMULATOR HOUSING TO CHANNEL PLATE	(3, 10mm)	8-14 N·m
954	BOLT, ACCUMULATOR HOUSING TO CHANNEL PLATE	(1, 10mm)	8-14 N·m
966	BOLT, ACCUMULATOR HOUSING COVER	(5, 8mm)	8-14 N•m

Figure 135



BOLT LOCATIONS (Continued)							
III. No.	Description	Oty Size	Specified Torque				
SIDE COV	ER						
28	BOLT, SIDE COVER TO CASE COVER	(8, 15mm)	50-55 N·m				
32	BOLT, SIDE COVER TO CASE COVER	(1, 13mm)	20-27 N·m				
воттом	PAN						
62	BOLT, BOTTOM PAN TO CASE	(16, 10mm)	10-12 N·m				
CASE EXT	ENSION and FINAL DRIVE						
127	STUD, CASE EXTENSION TO CASE	(1, 15mm)	50-55 N·m				
128	BOLT, CASE EXTENSION TO CASE	(4, 13mm)	50-55 N·m				
129	BOLT, CASE EXTENSION TO CASE	(1, 10mm)	20-27 N•m				
119	BOLT, DIFFERENTIAL TO FINAL DRIVE CARRIER	(4, 15mm)	70-76 N•m				
MISCELLA	ANEOUS						
3	COOLER CONNECTOR, RETURN (CASE)	(1, 19mm)	25-29 N·m				
5	STUD, CASE TO FORWARD CLUTCH SUPPORT	(2, 13mm)	25-27 N•m				
8	PLUG, OIL DRAIN - BOTTOM PAN TO CASE COVER		8-14 N•m				
15	BOLT, SCAVENGE TUBE TO CASE	(1, 8mm)	8-14 N•m				
15	BOLT, INPUT SPEED SENSOR TO CASE	(2, 8mm)	11-13 N·m				
18	NUT, MANUAL SHAFT TO DETENT LEVER	(1, 15mm)	27-34 N·m				
26	BOLT, DETENT LEVER AND ROLLER ASSEMBLY	(1, 13mm)	8-14 N·m				
38	COOLER CONNECTOR (TO COOLER) (CASE COVER)	(1, 19mm)	20-27 N·m				
40	PLUG, OIL TEST - #40 TORX (CASE COVER)		18-26 N·m				
131	BOLT, SPEED SENSOR TO CASE EXTENSION	(1, 10mm)	8-14 N•m				
404	BOLT, DRIVE SPROCKET SUPPORT TO CASE	(6, 8mm)	11-13 N·m				
534	BOLT, SERVO COVER TO CASE	(3, 10mm)	8-14 N•m				

ENGLISH CONVERSIONS

8-14 N·m - 6-10 lb. ft.
10-12 N·m - 8-9 lb. ft.
11-13 N·m - 8-9.5 lb. ft.
20-27 N·m - 15-20 lb. ft.
25-27 N·m - 19-20 lb. ft.
25-29 N·m - 19-21 lb. ft.
27-31 N·m - 20-23 lb. ft.
27-34 N·m - 20-25 lb. ft.
50-55 N·m - 37-40 lb. ft.
70-76 N·m - 52-56 lb. ft.



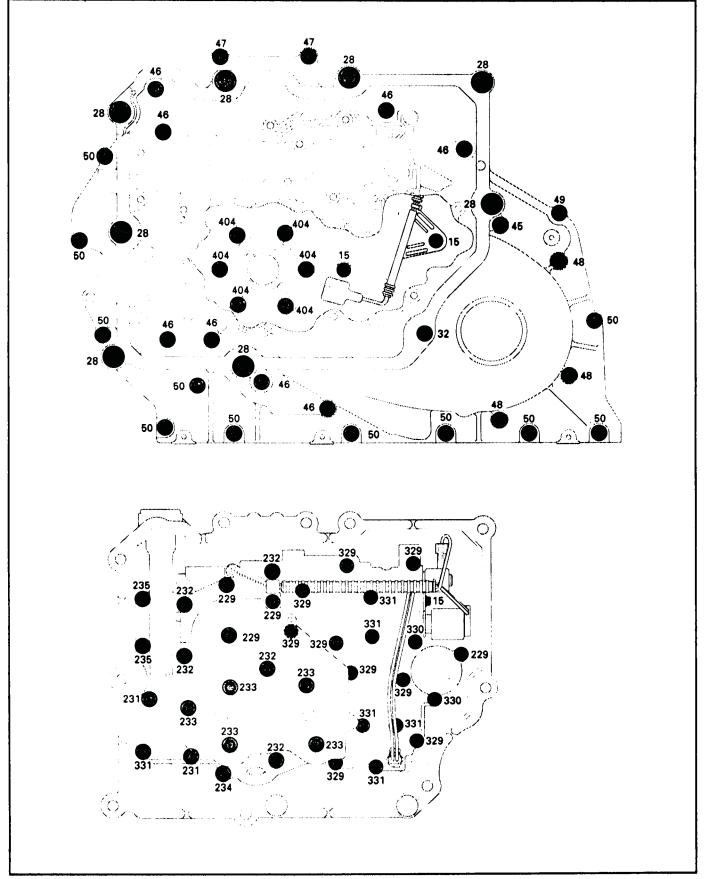


Figure 137



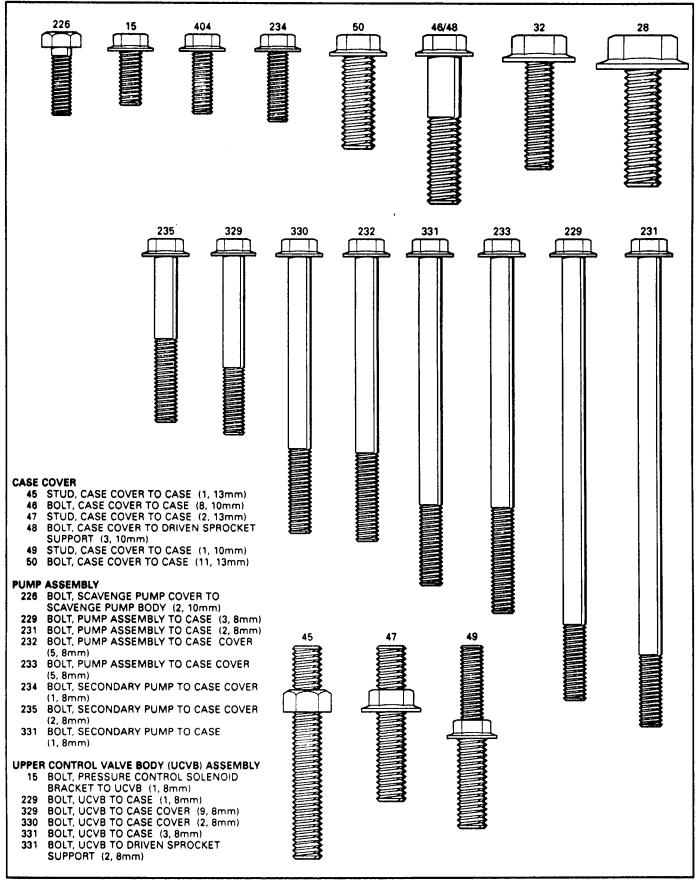


Figure 138



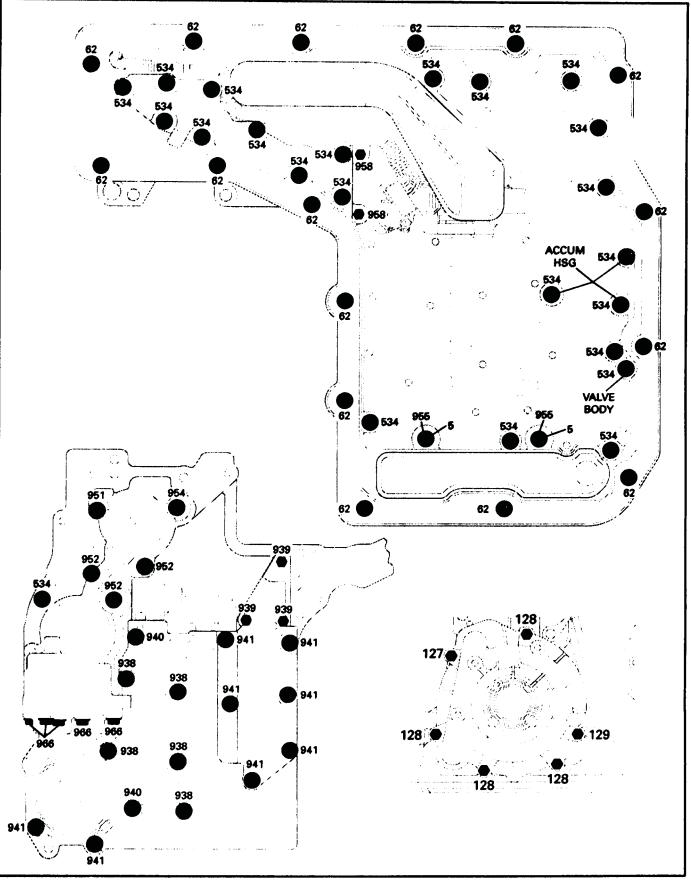


Figure 139

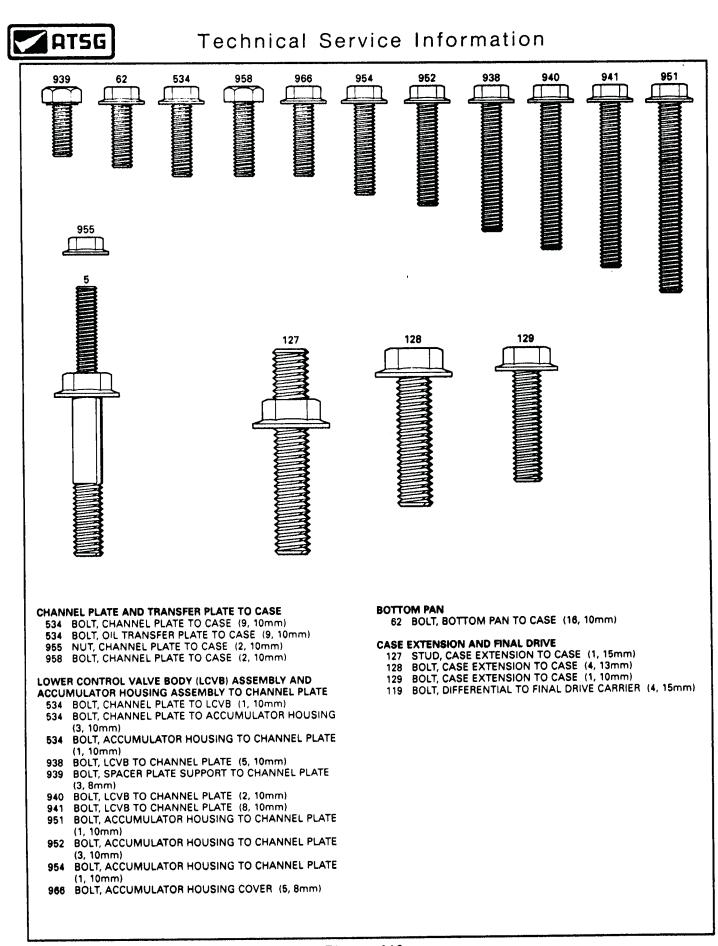


Figure 140



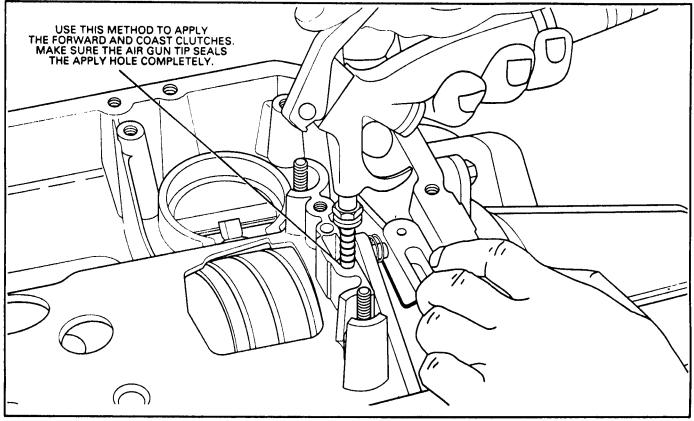


Figure 141

AIR CHECKING PROCEDURES

- 1. Use Figure 141 and 142 for air checking procedures, before case cover installed.
- 2. Use Figures 143 and 144 to make blocks for air checking clutch packs, after case cover is installed.



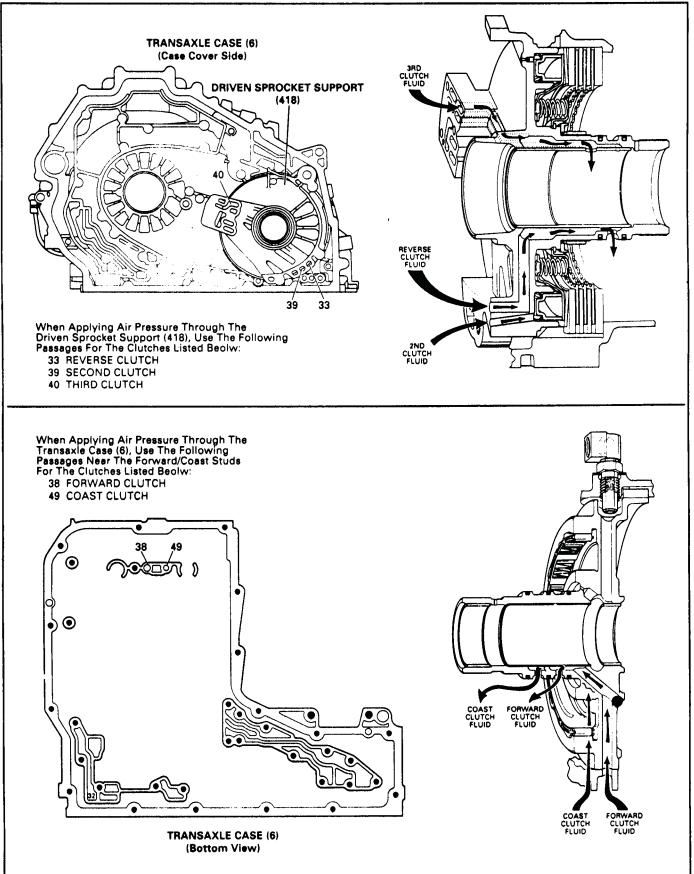


Figure 142



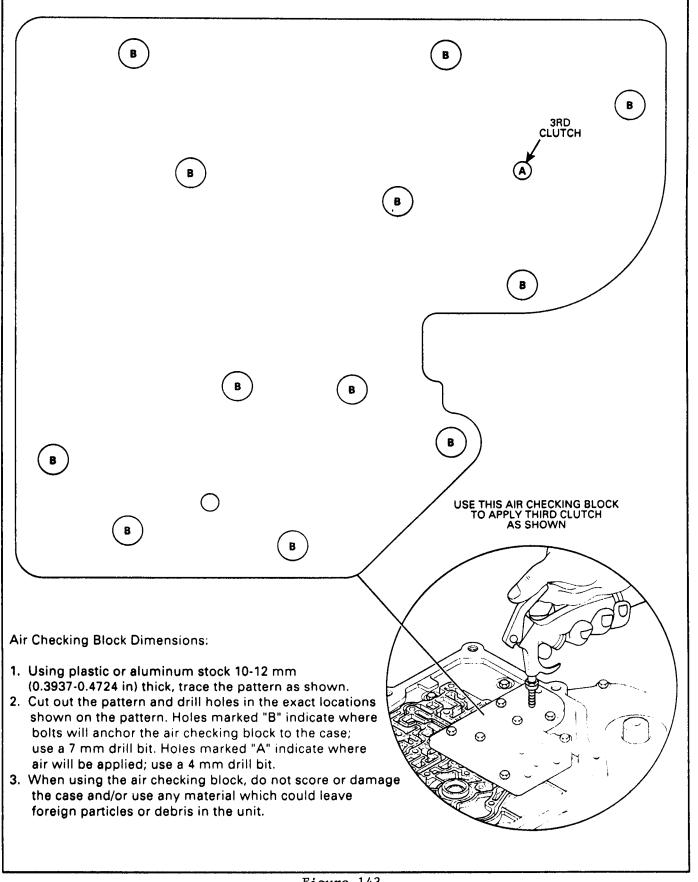
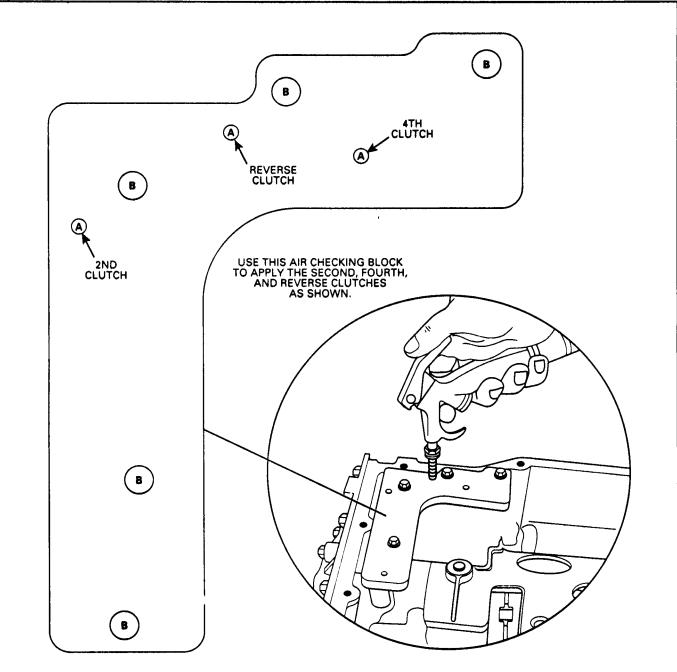


Figure 143





Air Checking Block Dimensions:

- 1. Using plastic or aluminum stock 10-12 mm (0.3937-0.4724 in) thick, trace the pattern as shown.
- 2. Cut out the pattern and drill holes in the exact locations shown on the pattern. Holes marked "B" indicate where bolts will anchor the air checking block to the case; use a 7 mm drill bit. Holes marked "A" indicate where air will be applied; use a 4 mm drill bit.
- 3. When using the air checking block, do not score or damage the case and/or use any material which could leave foreign particles or debris in the unit.

Figure 144



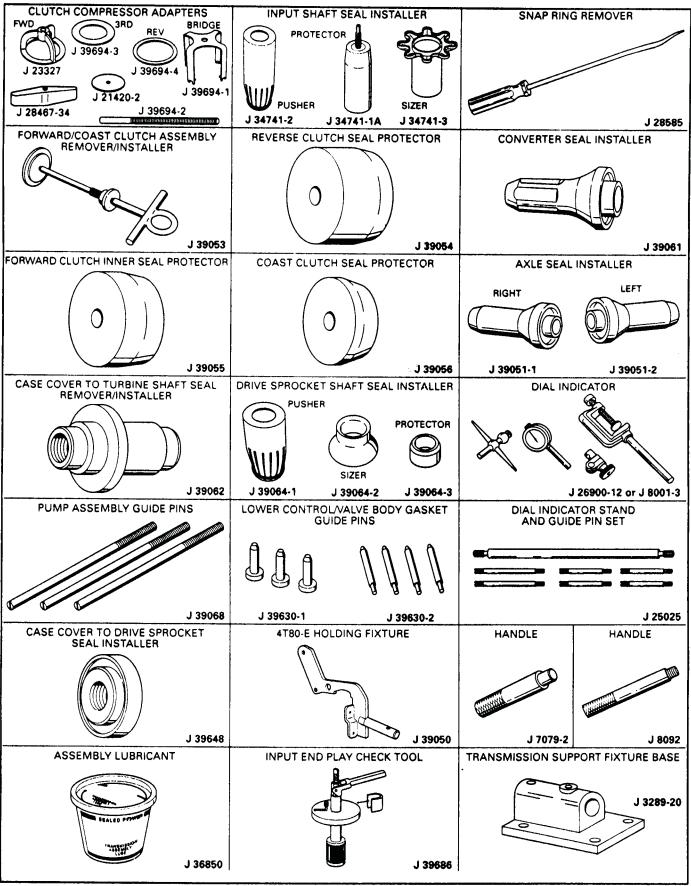


Figure 145