



ACURA  
G4  
LEGEND 1987

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## INTRODUCTION

### G4

### ACURA LEGEND 1987

The Legend transmission is a hydraulic controlled 4 speed front wheel drive transaxle with one reverse speed and a converter clutch. The teardown - assembly and trouble shooting is covered in this manual.

*We wish to thank Honda  
for the information and illustrations  
that have made this booklet possible.*

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*The information and part numbers contained in this booklet have  
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NOTES----NOTES----NOTES----NOTES

## GEAR SELECTION

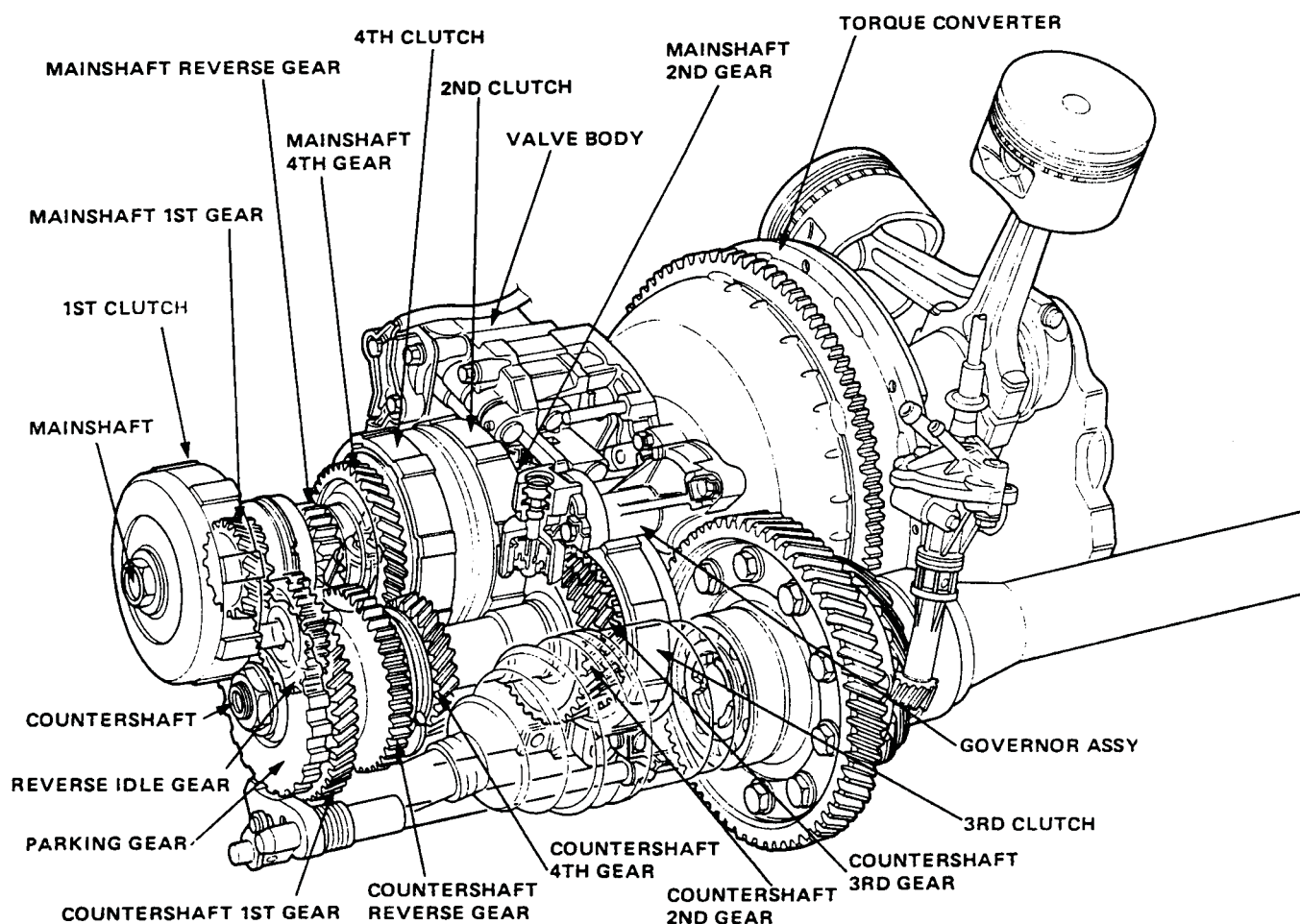
The selector lever has six positions: **P** PARK, **R** REVERSE, **N** NEUTRAL, **D4** 1st through 4th gear ranges, **D3** 1st through 3rd gear ranges, and **2** 2nd gear.

Position	Description
<b>P</b> PARK	Front wheels locked; parking pawl engaged with parking gear on countershaft. All clutches released.
<b>R</b> REVERSE	Reverse; reverse selector engaged with countershaft reverse gear and 4th gear clutch locked.
<b>N</b> NEUTRAL	All clutches released.
<b>D4</b> DRIVE (1 through 4)	General driving; starts off in 1st, shifts automatically to 2nd, 3rd, then 4th, depending on vehicle speed and throttle position. Downshifts through 3rd, 2nd and 1st on deceleration to stop. The lock-up mechanism comes into operation in 2nd, 3rd and 4th when the transmission is in <b>D4</b> .
<b>D3</b> DRIVE (1 through 3)	For rapid acceleration at highway speeds and general driving; starts off in 1st, shifts automatically to 2nd, then 3rd, depending on vehicle speed and throttle position. Downshifts through 2nd to 1st on deceleration to stop.
<b>2</b> SECOND	For engine braking or better traction starting off on loose or slippery surfaces; stays in 2nd gear, does not shift up or down.

Starting is possible only in **P** and **N** through use of a slide-type, neutral-safety switch.

## POSITION INDICATOR

A position indicator in the instrument panel shows what gear has been selected without having to look down at the console.



The Automatic Transmission is a combination of a 3-element torque converter and dual-shaft automatic transmission which provides 4 speeds forward and 1 speed reverse. The entire unit is positioned in line with engine.

## TORQUE CONVERTER, GEARS AND CLUTCHES

The torque converter consists of a pump, turbine and stator, assembled in a single unit.

They are connected to the engine crankshaft so they turn together as a unit as the engine turns. Around the outside of the torque converter is a ring gear which meshes with the starter pinion when the engine is being started. The entire torque converter assembly serves as a flywheel while transmitting power to the transmission mainshaft.

The transmission has two parallel shafts, the mainshaft and countershaft. The mainshaft is in line with the engine crankshaft.

The mainshaft includes the clutches for 1st, and 2nd/4th, and gears for 3rd, 2nd, 4th, Reverse and 1st (3rd gear is integral with the mainshaft, while reverse gear is integral with 4th gear).

The countershaft includes 3rd clutch and gears for 3rd, and 4th, Reverse and 1st.

4th and reverse gears can be locked to the countershaft at its center, providing 4th gear or Reverse, depending on which way the selector is moved.

The gears on the mainshaft are in constant mesh with those on the countershaft. When certain combinations of gears in the transmission are engaged by the clutches, power is transmitted from the mainshaft to the countershaft to provide **D3**, **D4**, **2** and **R**.

## HYDRAULIC CONTROL

The valve assembly includes the main valve body, secondary valve body, servo valve body, modulator valve body, regulator valve body and lock-up shift valve body, through the respective separator plates.

They are bolted to the torque converter case as an assembly.

The main valve body contains the manual valve, 1-2 shift valve, 2-3 shift valve, 3-4 shift valve, pressure relief valve, 2nd orifice control valve, and oil pump gear.

The secondary valve body includes the CPC valve, REV control valve, lock-up cut valve, kickdown valve, accumulator control valve and shift timing valves.

The servo valve body contains the accumulator pistons, 3rd orifice control valve, throttle A and B valves, and the modulator valve. The regulator valve body contains the lock-up timing valves, pressure regulator valve and lock-up control valve. Fluid from the regulator passes through the manual valve to the various control valves.

The lock-up shift valve body contains a lock-up timing valve and lock-up shift valve. The 1st, 3rd and 4th clutches receive oil from their respective feed pipes.

## LOCK-UP MECHANISM

In **D4**, in 2nd, 3rd and 4th, pressurized fluid is drained from the back of the torque converter through an oil passage, causing the lock-up piston to be held against the torque converter cover. As this takes place, the mainshaft rotates at the same speed as the engine crankshaft. Together with hydraulic control, an electronic control unit optimizes the timing of the lock-up mechanism.

The lock-up shift valve body controls the range of lock-up according to vehicle speed and throttle pressure. The lock-up timing valve controls the flow of oil to the lock-up shift valve in 2nd, 3rd and 4th gears (in **D4** range).

The lock-up cut valve is housed in the secondary valve body and prevents lock-up from taking place when the throttle is not opened sufficiently.

When the lock-up control solenoid valve activates, controlled by ECU, modulator pressure changes. The lock-up cut valve controls the whole range of lock-up by detecting the change in the modulator pressure. The lock-up control solenoid valve is housed in the modulator valve body and controlled by ECU.

## [1st Clutch]

The 1st clutch is on the left end of the mainshaft. In the **D3** or **D4** range, constant hydraulic pressure is applied to the mainshaft through the 1st clutch to the mainshaft 1st gear.

The clutch plate is mounted on the clutch drum, while the clutch disc is fitted to the mainshaft 1st gear.

The 1st gears are attached to the mainshaft and countershaft through needle bearings, one for each gear.

When select lever is placed in the **D3** or **D4** range, hydraulic pressure is applied from the left side cover through the mainshaft, and thus to the clutch drum; as the pressure rises, the clutch piston presses the clutch plate and clutch disc, thus causing the clutch to engage.

Power is transmitted from the mainshaft 1st gear, through the countershaft 1st gear, to the one-way clutch, parking gear, and finally to the countershaft. The one-way clutch locks in the forward direction when in 1st gear. In the **D3** or **D4** range, all others besides 1st gear are not engaged, thus transmitting no power.

## [2nd Clutch]

The 2nd clutch is right of center on the mainshaft, and is the same construction as the 1st clutch. The 2nd clutch is joined back-to-back to the 4th clutch. The mainshaft 2nd gear uses a needle bearing. The countershaft 2nd gear is splined on the countershaft.

In 2nd gear of **2**, **D3**, or **D4**, hydraulic pressure is applied to the clutch drum from the mainshaft, thus transmitting power from the mainshaft 2nd gear to the countershaft 2nd gear.

## [3rd Clutch]

The 3rd clutch is on the right end of the countershaft.

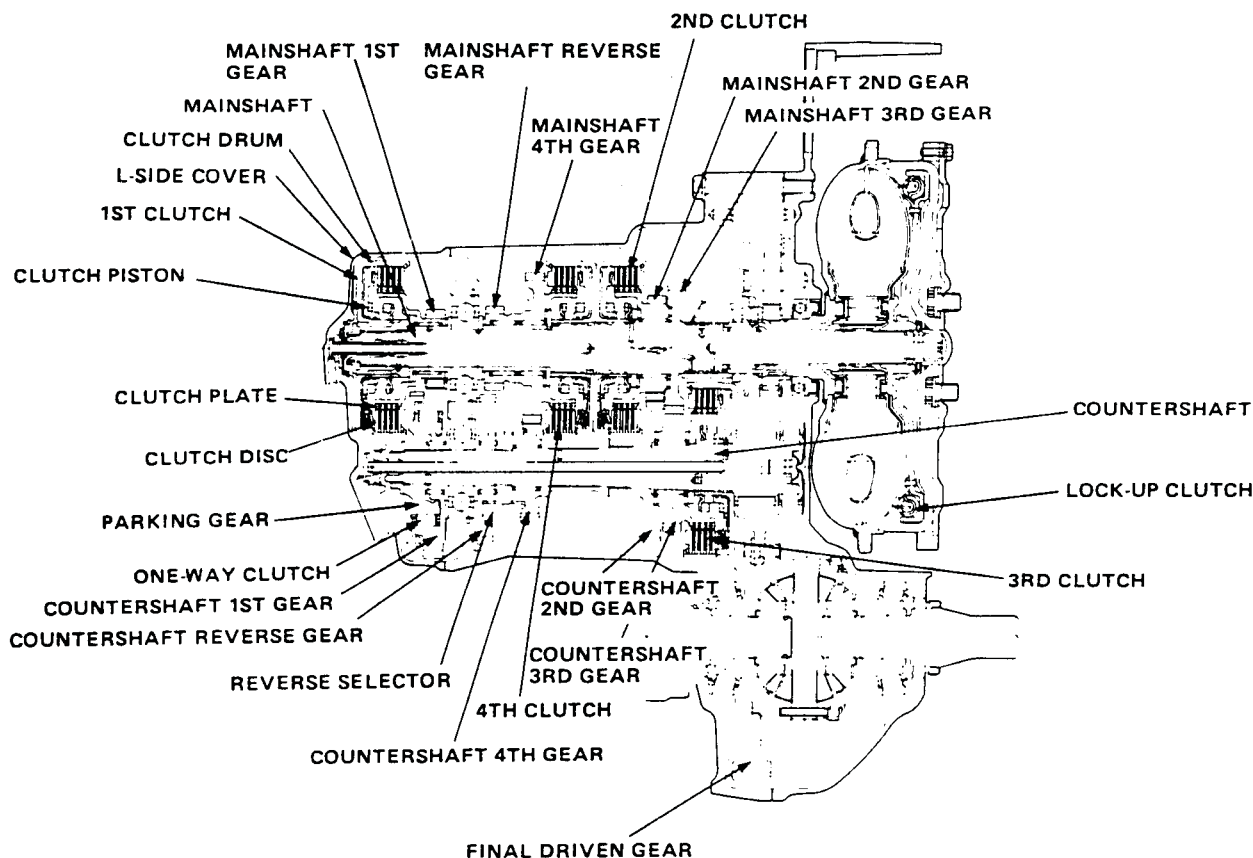
The clutch hub is joined to the countershaft 3rd gear, on the countershaft, supported by a single needle bearing.

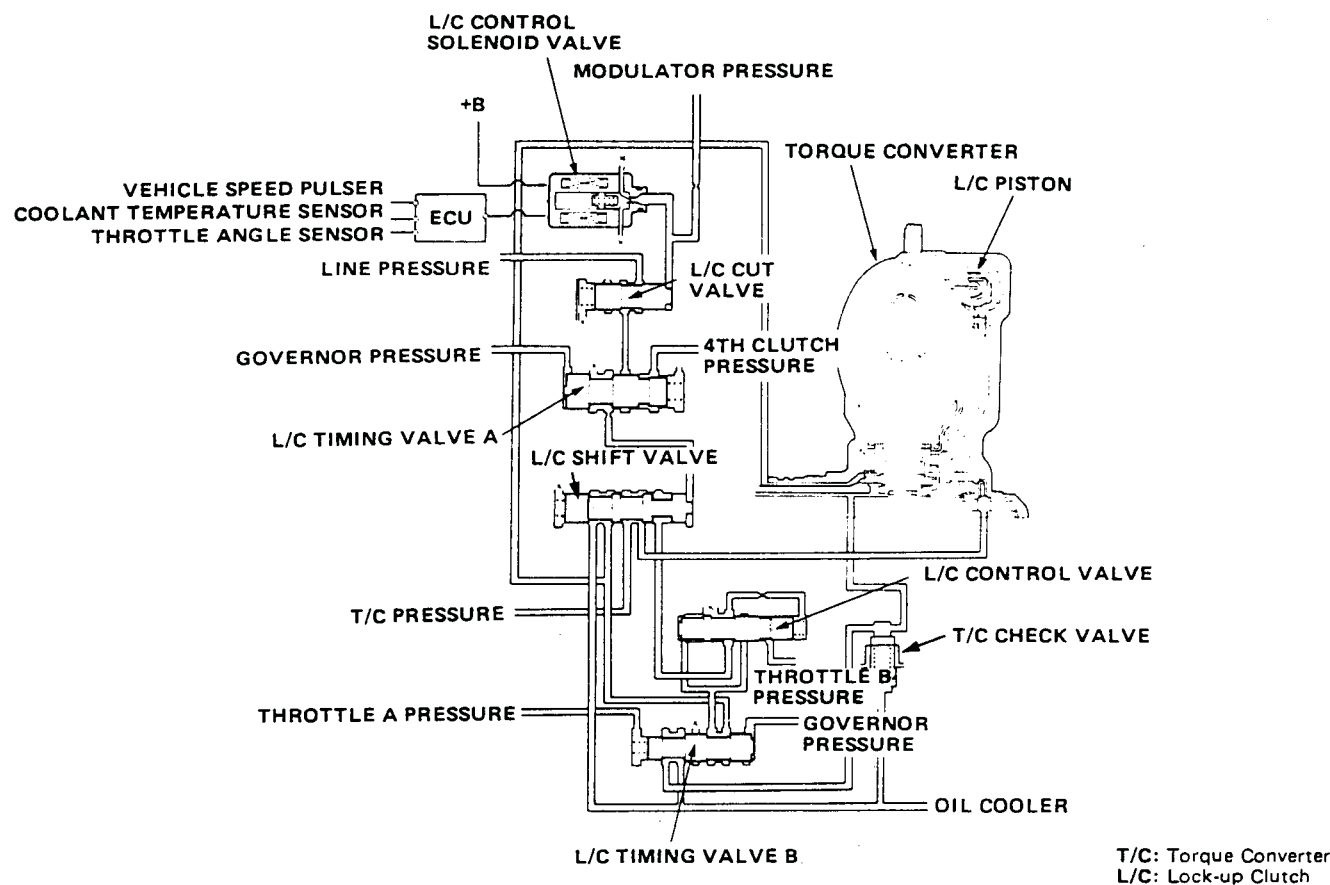
In 3rd gear of **D3** or **D4**, hydraulic pressure is applied to the 3rd clutch on the countershaft, thus causing the clutch to engage, and transmitting power.

## [4th Clutch]

The 4th clutch is identical to the 2nd clutch, to which it is joined on the mainshaft. The clutch hub is joined to the mainshaft 4th gear and reverse gear, supported by two needle bearings.

In 4th gear of **D4**, hydraulic pressure is generated within the mainshaft, applying pressure to the 4th clutch on the mainshaft.



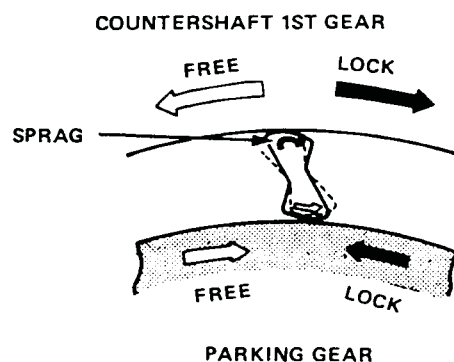


## [One-way Clutch]

A one-way sprag clutch disengages 1st gear when in the 2nd and 3rd gear ranges. The clutch is splined to the countershaft between the 1st gear and the parking gear.

It is composed of sprag elements and the retainer which supports the central section of the sprags. When the respective gears move in the  $\Rightarrow$  directions, the sprags incline to the left, with the result that they lock the gears together.

When shifting from 1st to 2nd in the **D3** or **D4** range, the different ratio of the two gears causes the countershaft to rotate (via 2nd gear) at a speed greater than that of 1st gear. As a result, the parking gear is rotated in the  $\Rightarrow$  direction, and the sprags move away from their locking position. In the 3rd gear of **D3** or **D4** the same difference of ratio keeps the sprags from locking and keeps 1st gear disengaged.





## [ Lock-up Clutch ]

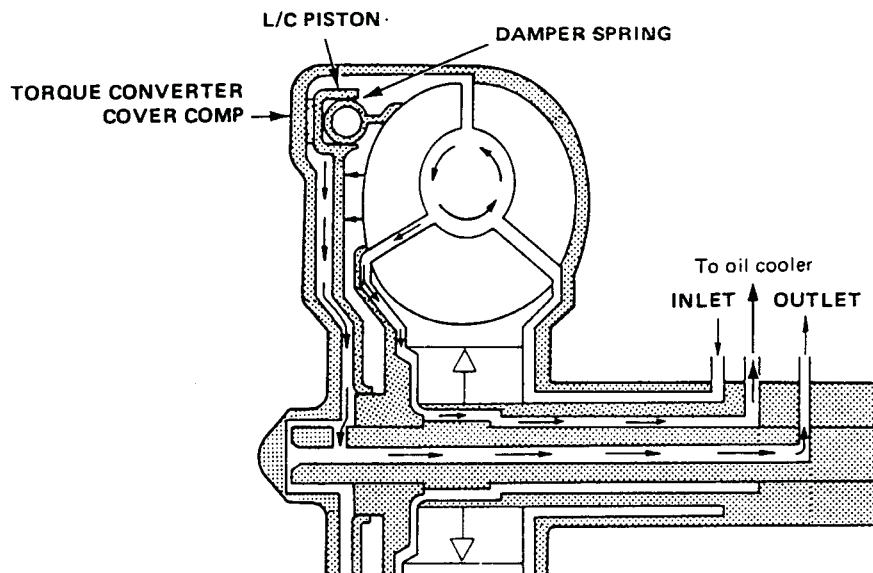
### Operation (clutch on)

With the lock-up clutch on, the oil in the chamber between the converter cover and lock-up piston is discharged, and the converter oil exerts pressure through the piston against the converter cover. As a result, the converter turbine is locked on the converter cover firmly. The effect is to bypass the converter, thereby placing the car in direct drive.

#### Power flow

The power flows by way of:

Engine  
↓  
Drive plate  
↓  
Torque converter cover  
↓  
Lock-up piston  
↓  
Damper spring  
↓  
Turbine  
↓  
Mainshaft

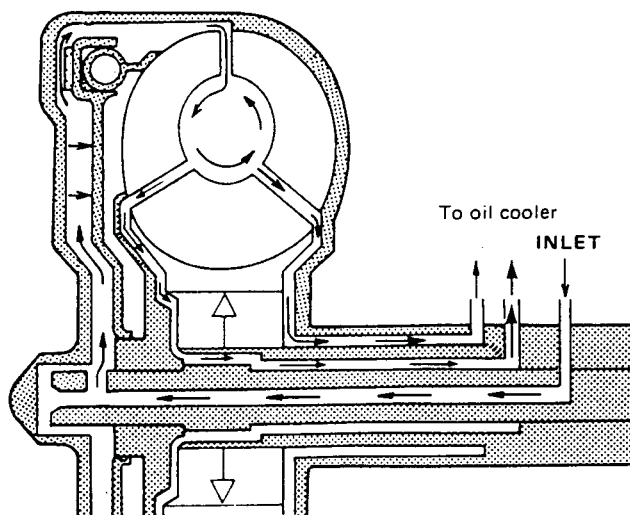


### Operation (clutch off)

With the lock-up clutch off, the oil flows in the reverse of CLUTCH ON. As a result, the lock-up piston is moved away from the converter cover; that is, the torque converter lock-up is released.

#### Power flow

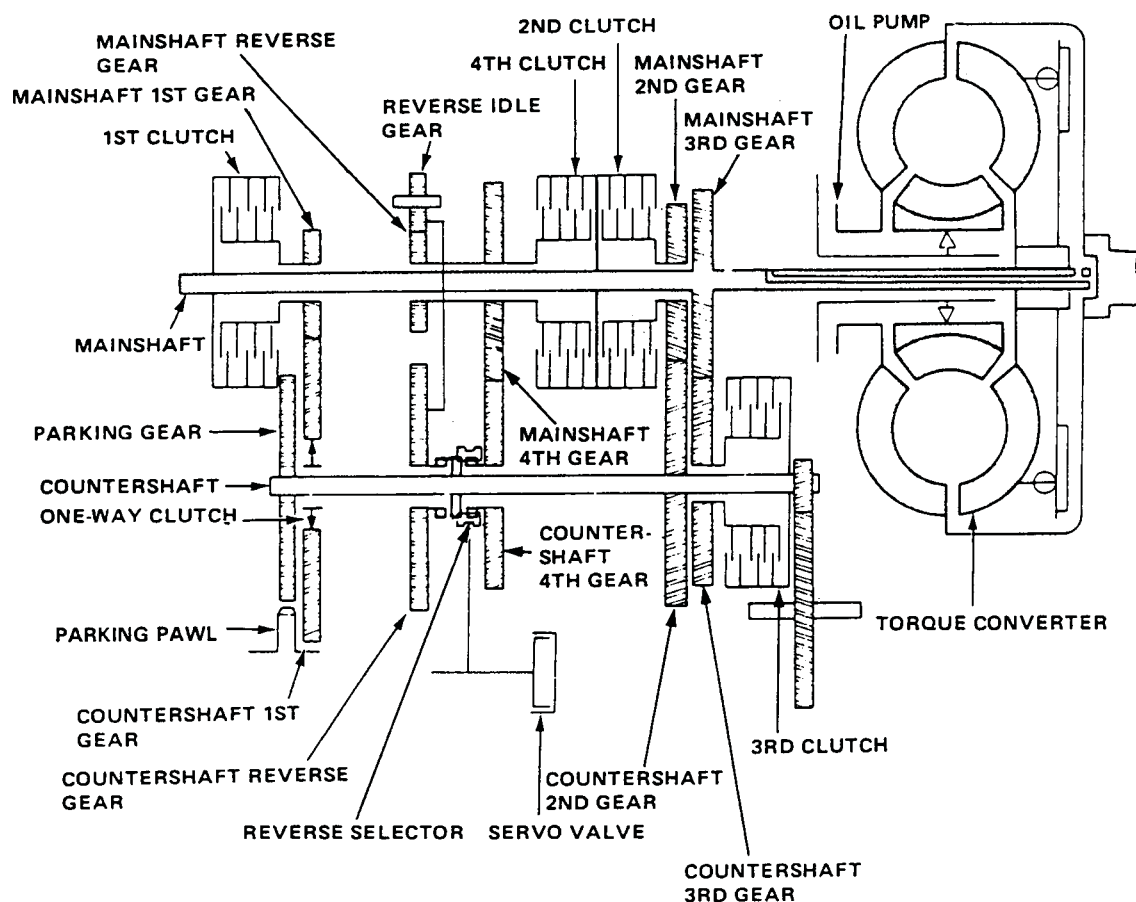
Engine  
↓  
Drive plate  
↓  
Torque converter cover  
↓  
Pump  
↓  
Turbine  
↓  
Mainshaft





PART RANGE		TORQUE CONVERTER	1ST GEAR 1ST CLUTCH	1ST GEAR ONE-WAY CLUTCH	2ND GEAR 2ND CLUTCH	3RD GEAR 3RD CLUTCH	4TH		REVERSE GEAR	PARKING GEAR
							GEAR	CLUTCH		
P		○	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	○
R		○	X	X	X	X	X	○	○	X
N		○	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
D3	1ST	○	○	○	X	X	X	X	X	X
	2ND	○	*○	X	○	X	X	X	X	X
	3RD	○	*○	X	X	○	X	X	X	X
D4	1ST	○	○	○	X	X	X	X	X	X
	2ND	○	*○	X	○	X	X	X	X	X
	3RD	○	*○	X	X	○	X	X	X	X
	4TH	○	*○	X	X	X	○	○	X	X
2	2ND	○	X	X	○	X	X	X	X	X

○: Operate, X: Non-operate, \*: Although the 1st clutch engages, driving power is not transmitted as the one-way clutch races.

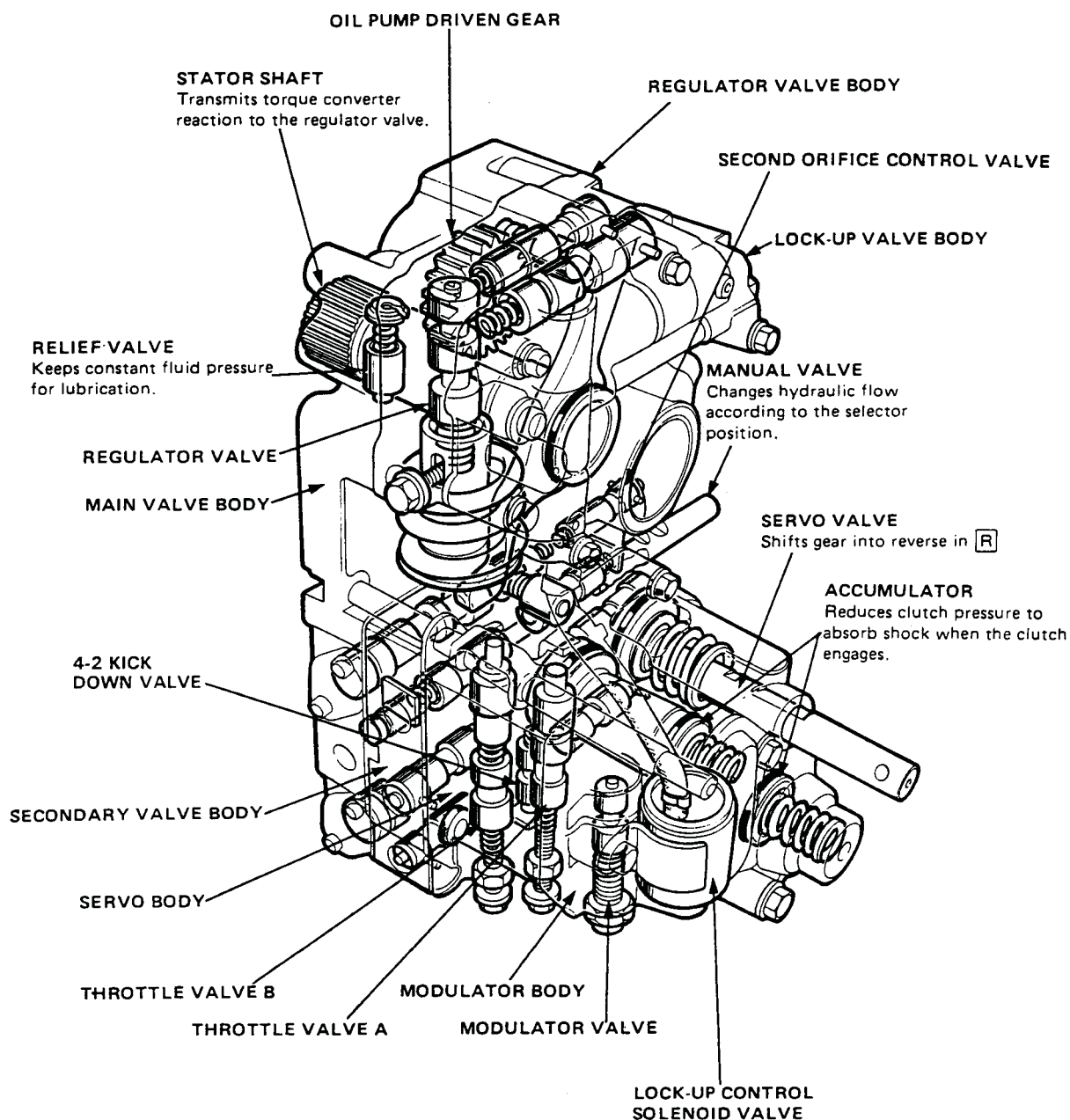




### Automatic Transmission Service Group

In the hydraulic control unit, the regulator valve, manual valve and oil pump connected to the torque converter are unified and contained inside the valve body. The valve body includes the main valve body, the regulator valve body, the secondary valve body, the servo body, and the lock-up valve body; the lock-up control solenoid valve is in the modulator body located at the upper section of the servo body.

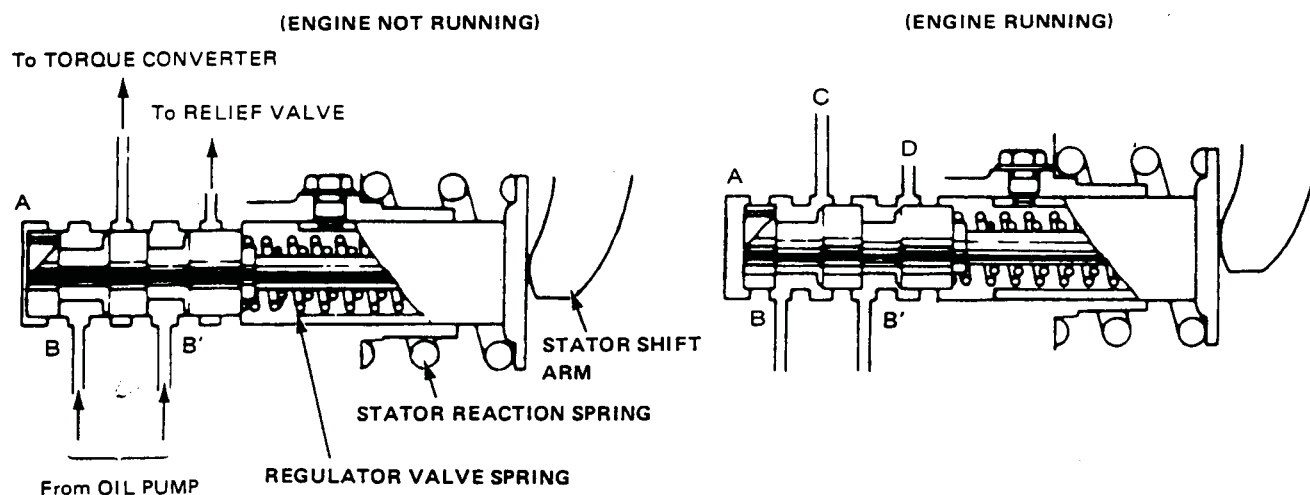
The oil pump is driven by splines on the right end of the torque converter which is attached to the engine. Oil flows through the regulator valve, to maintain specified pressure through the main valve body to the manual valve, governor valve, and servo body, directing pressure to each of the clutches.



## [Regulator Valve]

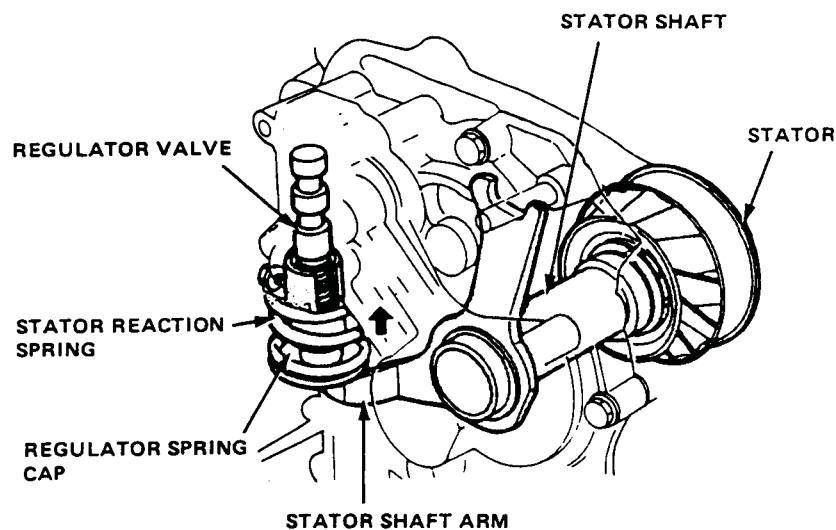
The regulator valve maintains a constant hydraulic pressure sent from the oil pump to the hydraulic control system, while also furnishing oil to the lubricating system and torque converter.

Oil flows through B and B'. The oil which enters through B flows through the valve orifice to A pushing the regulator valve to the right. According to the level of hydraulic pressure through B, the position of the valve changes, and the amount of the oil through B' from D thus changes. This operation is continued, thus maintaining the line pressure.



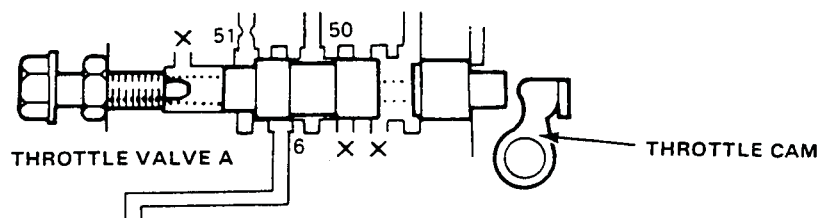
## [Stator Reaction Hydraulic Pressure Control]

Hydraulic pressure increase according to torque is performed by the regulator valve using stator torque reaction. The stator shaft is splined in the stator and its arm end contacts the regulator spring cap. When the car is accelerating or climbing (Torque Converter Range), stator torque reaction acts on the stator shaft and the stator arm pushes the regulator spring cap in proportion to the reaction from the torque converter. The spring compresses and the valve moves to increase the regulated control pressure or line pressure. Line pressure is maximum when the stator reaction is maximum.



## [ Throttle Valve A ]

Throttle Valve A converts changes in the throttle opening to changes in transmission hydraulic pressure, to determine transmission shift timing. The end of the valve contacts the throttle cam which is connected by a cable to the throttle body. The cable pulls the cam, which, in turn moves the valve. The valve-to-cam emgagement is adjustable to allow setting of specified shift speeds.

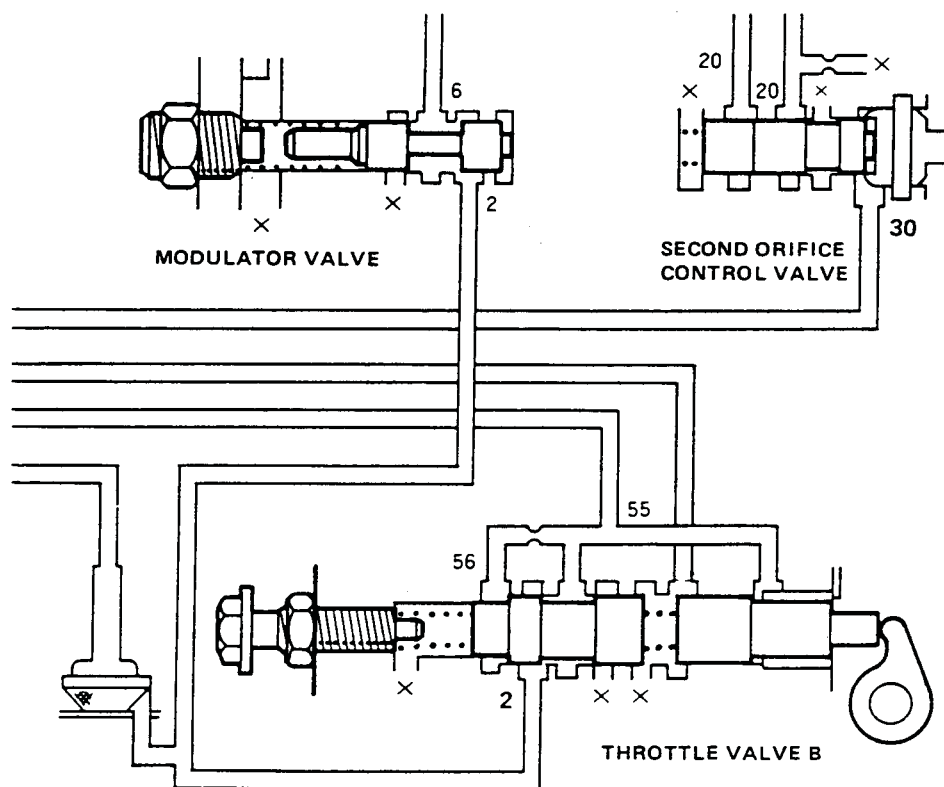


## [ Throttle Valve B, Modulator Valve ]

Throttle valve B is similar to valve A, except that it operates on accumulator back pressure, to make smooth changes from one gear to another. An assist function is used to lessen the throttle load. The modulator valve maintains line pressure from the regulator, after which the pressure to throttle valve A, thus maintaining accurate shift characteristics.

## [ Second Orifice Control Valve ]

For smooth shifting between second to third, the open pressure on the second gear side is relieved through a fixed orifice. The valve also moves to equalize pressure differences between second and third gears.



SYMPTOM	Check these items on PROBABLE CAUSE LIST	Check these items on NOTES PAGE
Engine runs, but car does not move in any gear.	1, 6, 7, 16	K, L, R, S
Car moves in R and 2, but not in D3 or D4.	8, 29, 45, 49	C, M, O
Car moves in D3, D4 and R, but not in 2.	9, 30, 50	C, L
Car moves in D3, D4 and 2, but not in R.	1, 11, 12, 22, 39, 40, 41	C, L, Q
Car moves in N	1, 8, 9, 10, 11, 47, 48	C, D
Excessive idle vibration	5, 17	B, K, L
Slips in all gear	6, 7, 16	C, L, U
Slips in low gear	8, 29, 45, 46, 49	C, N, O, U
Slips in 2nd gear	9, 20, 23, 30, 46, 50	C, L, U
Slips in 3rd gear	10, 21, 23, 31, 45, 46	C, L, U
Slips in 4th gear	11, 23, 32, 46	C, L, U
Slips in reverse gear	11, 32	C
Slips on 2-3 upshift.	3, 15, 24	E, L, V
Slips on 3-4 upshift.	3, 15, 25	E, L, V
No upshift; trans stays in low gear.	12, 13, 14, 19, 23	E, F, G, L
No downshift to low gear	12, 19	G, L
Late upshift.	2, 12, 13, 14	E, F, L, V
Early upshift.	3, 13, 14	E, F, L, V
Erratic shifting	2, 14, 26	E, F, V
Harsh shift (up & down shifts).	2, 4, 15, 23, 24, 25, 27, 48	A, E, H, I, L, V
Harsh shift (1-2).	2, 9	C, D, V
Harsh shift (2-3)	2, 10, 23, 24	C, D, H, L, V
Harsh shift (3-4)	2, 11, 23, 25	C, D, I, L, V
Harsh kickdown shifts.	2, 23, 27	L, V, Q
Harsh kickdown shift (2-1)	48	O
Harsh downshift (3-2) at closed throttle.	15	E, T
Axle(s) slips out of trans on turns.	44, 51	L, P, Q
Axle(s) stuck in trans.	44	L, Q
Ratcheting noise when shifting into R.	6, 7, 39, 40, 41	K, L, Q
Loud popping noise when taking off in R.	39, 40, 41	L, Q
Ratcheting noise when shifting from R to P, or from R to N	39, 40, 41, 52	L, Q
Noise from trans in all selector lever positions.	6, 17	K, L, Q
Noise from trans only when wheels rolling.	40, 43	L, Q
Gear whine, rpm related (pitch changes with shifts).	6, 42	K, L, Q
Gear whine, speed related (pitch changes with speed).	40, 43	L, Q
Trans will not shift into 4th gear in D4.	1, 21, 28	L
Engine stalls on emergency stops (shift lever in D4 only)	2, 33	L, V
Lockup clutch does not lock up smoothly.	35, 37, 17	L
Lockup clutch does not operate properly	2, 3, 12, 15, 18, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38	E, L, V
Transmission has multitude of problems shifting, at disassembly large deposits of metal found on magnet	44	L, Q

The following symptoms can be caused by improper repair or assembly.	Check these items on PROBABLE CAUSE DUE TO IMPROPER REPAIR	Check these items on NOTES PAGE
Car creeps in N.	R1, R2	
Car does not move in D3 or D4.	R5	
Trans lock up in R.	R4	
Trans has no park.	R3	
Excessive drag in trans.	R8	R, K
Excessive vibration, rpm related.	R9	
Noise with wheels moving only	R7	
Main seal pops out.	R10	S
Various shifting problems.	R11, R12	
Harsh upshifts.	R13	
In D3 or D4 trans starts in 2nd gear.	R6	

PROBABLE CAUSE	
1.	Shift cable broken/out of adjustment
2.	Throttle cable too short
3.	Throttle cable too long
4.	Wrong type ATF
5.	Idle rpm too low/high
6.	Oil pump worn or seized
7.	Pressure regulator stuck
8.	Low clutch defective
9.	2nd clutch defective
10.	3rd clutch defective
11.	4th clutch defective
12.	Governor valve stuck
13.	Throttle A valve stuck
14.	Modulator valve stuck
15.	Throttle B valve stuck
16.	Oil screen clogged
17.	Torque converter defective
18.	Torque governor check valve stuck
19.	1-2 shift valve stuck
20.	2-3 shift valve stuck
21.	3-4 shift valve stuck
22.	Reverse control valve stuck
23.	Clutch pressure control valve stuck
24.	2nd orifice control valve stuck
25.	Orifice control valve stuck
26.	3-2 timing valve stuck
27.	Kickdown valve stuck
28.	Shift timing valve/accumulator stuck
29.	Low clutch accumulator defective
30.	2nd clutch accumulator defective
31.	3rd clutch accumulator defective
32.	4th/reverse accumulator defective
33.	Lockup clutch cut valve stuck
34.	Lockup clutch timing valve A stuck
35.	Lockup clutch timing valve B stuck
36.	Lockup clutch shift valve stuck
37.	Lockup clutch control valve stuck
38.	Lockup control solenoid valve broken
39.	Shift fork bent
40.	Reverse gears worn/damaged (3 gears)
41.	Reverse selector worn
42.	3rd gears worn/damaged (2 gears)
43.	Final gears worn/damaged (2 gears)
44.	Differential pinion shaft worn
45.	Feedpipe O ring broken



PROBABLE CAUSE	
46.	Servo valve check valve loose
47.	Gear clearance incorrect
48.	Clutch clearance incorrect
49.	Sprag clutch defective
50.	Sealing rings/guide worn
51.	Axle-inboard joint clip missing
52.	4th gears worn/damaged (2 gears)

PROBABLE CAUSES DUE TO IMPROPER REPAIR	
R1	Improper clutch clearance
R2	Improper gear clearance
R3	Parking pawl installed upside down
R4	Parking shift arm installed upside down
R5	Sprag clutch installed upside down
R6	Feed pipe missing in governor shaft
R7	Reverse hub installed upside down
R8	Oil pump binding
R9	Torque converter not fully seated in oil pump
R10	Main seal improperly installed
R11	Springs improperly installed
R12	Valves improperly installed
R13	Ball check valves not installed
R14	Shift fork bolt not installed

NOTES	
A	Flushing procedure (repeat 3 times): 1. Drain the trans. 2. Refill with 3 qts. of Dexron recommended type ATF. 3. Start the engine and shift trans to D4. 4. Let trans shift through gears at least 5 times. 5. Shift to reverse and neutral at least 5 times. 6. Drain and refill.
B	Set idle rpm in gear to specified idle speed. If still no good, adjust the motor mounts as outlined in engine section of service manual.
C	If the large clutch piston O-ring is broken, inspect the piston groove for rough machining.
D	If the clutch pack is seized, or is excessively worn, inspect the other clutches for wear, and check the orifice control valves and throttle valves for free movement.
E	If throttle valve B is stuck, inspect the clutches for wear.
F	If the modulator valve is stuck open (does not modulate line pressure), the trans will shift normally with less than 5/8 throttle but will shift up very late over 5/8 throttle. If the modulator valve is stuck closed, throttle valve A pressure will be zero and result in early upshifts and no forced downshift.
G	If the 1 - 2 valve is stuck closed, the transmission will not upshift. If stuck open, the transmission has no low gear.
H	If the 2nd orifice control valve is stuck, inspect the 2nd and 3rd clutch packs for wear.
I	If the 3rd orifice control valve is stuck, inspect the 3rd and 4th clutch packs for wear.
J	If the clutch pressure control valve is stuck closed, the transmission will not shift out of low gear.

NOTES	
K	Improper alignment of main valve body and torque converter case may cause oil pump seizure. The symptoms are mostly an rpm related ticking noise high pitched squeak. In severe instances, it may stall the engine. Follow instruction procedure on page 14-62.
L	If the oil screen is clogged with particles of steel or aluminum, inspect the oil pump and differential pinion shaft. If both are OK, and no cause for the contamination is found, replace the torque converter.
M	If the low clutch feedpipe guide in the end cover is scored by the mainshaft, inspect the ball bearing for excessive movement in the transmission housing. If OK, replace the end cover as it is dented. The O-ring under the guide is probably broken.
N	Replace the mainshaft if the bushings for the low and 4th feedpipe are loose or damaged. If the low feedpipe is damaged or out of round, replace it. If the 4th feedpipe is damaged or out of round, replace the end cover.
O	A worn or damaged sprag clutch is mostly a result of shifting the trans in D3 or D4 while the wheels rotate in reverse, such as rocking the car in snow.
P	Inspect the frame for collision damage.
Q	Inspect for damage or wear: 1. Governor shaft woodruff key 2. Reverse selector gear teeth chamfers 3. Engagement teeth chamfers of countershaft 4th & reverse gear 4. Shift fork, for scuff marks in center 5. Differential pinion shaft for wear under pinion gears 6. Bottom of 3rd clutch for swirl marks Replace items 1, 2, 3 and 4 if worn or damaged. If trans makes clicking, grinding or whirring noise, also replace mainshaft 4th gear and reverse idler gear and counter 4th gear in addition to 1, 2, 3, or 4. If differential pinion shaft is worn, overhaul differential assy and replace oil screen and thoroughly clean trans, flush torque converter and cooler and lines. If bottom of 3rd clutch is swirled and trans makes gear noise, replace countershaft and ring gear.
R	Be very careful not to damage the torque converter case when replacing the main ball bearing. You may also damage the oil pump when you torque down the main valve body; this will result in oil pump seizure if not detected. Use proper tools.
S	Install the main seal flush with the torque converter case. If you push it into the torque converter case until it bottoms out, it will block the oil return passage and result in damage.
T	Harsh downshifts when coasting to a stop with zero throttle may be caused by a bent-in throttle valve retainer/cam stopper. Throttle cable adjustment may clear this problem. See page 14-81.
U	Check if servo valve check valve stopper cap is installed. If it was not installed, the check valve may have been pushed out by hydraulic pressure causing a leak (internal) affecting all forward gears.
V	Throttle cable adjustment is essential for proper operation of the transmission. Not only does it affect the shift points if misadjusted but also the shift quality and lockup clutch operation. A too long adjusted cable will result in throttle pressure being too low for the amount of engine torque input into the transmission, and may cause clutch slippage. A too short adjusted cable will result in too high throttle pressures which may cause harsh shifts, erratic shifts and torque converter hunting.



NOTE: After transmission is installed;

- Make sure the floor mat does not interfere with accelerator pedal travel. Fully depress accelerator pedal and check to make sure the throttle lever is fully opened.
- Release the accelerator pedal and check both inner control cables to be sure they have slight play.

Warm up the engine to operating temperature.

## **D3** and **D4** Range

1. Apply parking brake and block the wheels. Start the engine, then move the selector to **D4** while depressing the brake pedal. Depress the accelerator pedal, and release it suddenly. Engine should not stall.
2. Check that shift points occur at approximate speeds shown. Also check for abnormal noise and clutch slippage.

### • Upshift

1st → 2nd      2nd → 3rd      3rd → 4th      LC. ON

<b>Full-throttle</b> Acceleration from a stop	31–36 mph	55–61 mph	92–98 mph	98–105 mph
<b>Half-throttle</b> Acceleration from a stop	15–19 mph	35–41 mph	52–59 mph	59–65 mph
<b>Closed-throttle</b> Coasting down-hill from a stop	8–10 mph	21–25 mph	26–32 mph	—

### • Downshift

4th → 3rd      3rd → 2nd      2nd → 1st

<b>Full-throttle</b> When car is slowed by increased grade, wind, etc.	80–87 mph	49–56 mph	19–25 mph
---	-----------	-----------	-----------

3rd → 2nd      2nd → 1st

<b>Closed-throttle</b> Coasting or braking to a stop	17–21 mph	5–8 mph
---	-----------	---------

3. Accelerate to about 35 mph so the transmission is in 4th, then shift from **D4** to **2**. The car should immediately begin slowing down from engine braking.

**CAUTION:** Do not shift from **D4** or **D3** to **2** at speeds over 60 mph; you may damage the transmission.

## **2** (2nd Gear)

1. Accelerate from a stop at full throttle. Check that there is no abnormal noise or clutch slippage.
2. Upshifts and downshifts should not occur with the selector in this range.

## **R** (Reverse)

Accelerate from a stop at full throttle, and check for abnormal noise and clutch slippage.

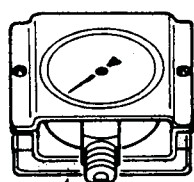
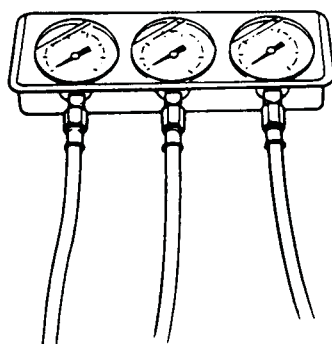
## **P** (Park)

Park car on a slope (approx. 16°), apply the parking brake, and shift into Park. Then release the brake; the car should not move.

## NOTE:

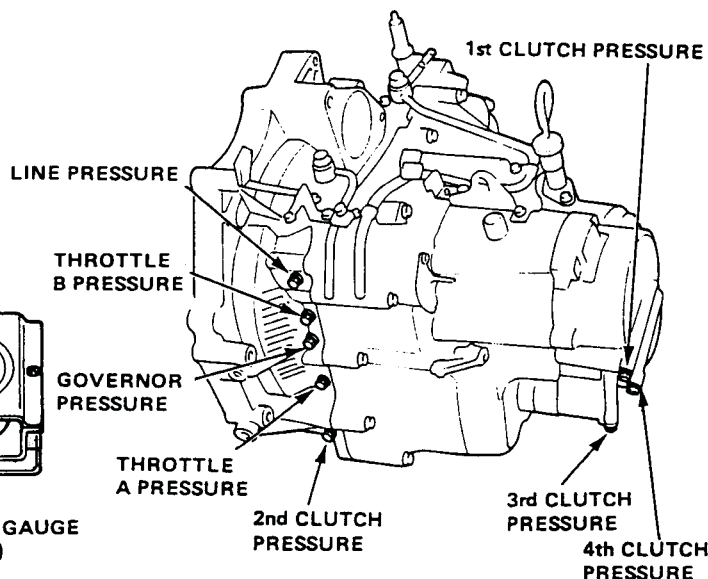
- Stop engine when attaching hoses for pressure tests.
- Torque hose fitting to 18 N·m (1.8 kg·m, 12 lb·ft).
- Do not reuse aluminum washers.
- For throttle and governor test, use Low Pressure Gauge, 07406-0070000.

GAUGE SET 07406-00200003  
(includes pressure hose set 07406-0020201)



LOW PRESSURE GAUGE  
(07406-0070000)

HOSE FITTING



**CAUTION:** Before checking, be sure transmission is filled to proper level.

PRESSURE	SELECTOR POSITION	MEASUREMENT	SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	FLUID PRESSURE	
					Standard	Service Limit
LINE	N or P	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>With parking brake applied</li> <li>Run engine at 2,000 rpm</li> </ul>	No (or low) LINE pressure	Torque converter, oil pump pressure regulator, torque converter check valve, oil pump	785-834 kPa (8.0-8.5 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 114-121 psi)	736 kPa (7.5 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 107 psi)
1st	D3 or D4	<b>MEASUREMENTS</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>With parking brake applied raise front wheels off ground and support with safety stands.</li> <li>Run engine at 2,000 rpm</li> </ul>	No (or low) First pressure	1st clutch O-rings	785-834 kPa (8.0-8.5 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 114-121 psi)	736 kPa (7.5 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 107 psi)
2nd	2		No (or low) SECOND pressure	2nd clutch O-rings	441-834 kPa (4.5-8.5 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 64-121 psi)	392 kPa (4.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 57 psi) with lever released
3rd	D3		No (or low) THIRD pressure	3rd clutch	varies with throttle opening.	736 kPa (7.5 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 107 psi) with lever in full throttle.
4th	D4		No (or low) FOURTH pressure	4th clutch		
	R			Servo valve		
THROTTLE	D3 or D4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>With parking brake applied raise front wheels off ground and support with safety stands.</li> <li>Run engine at 1,000 rpm.</li> <li>Disconnect throttle control cable at throttle lever.</li> <li>Read pressure with lever released.</li> <li>Manually push lever up simulating full throttle</li> <li>Read pressure with lever in full throttle position.</li> </ul>	No (or low) THROTTLE pressure	Throttle valve A Throttle modulator valve	0 kPa (0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 0 psi) lever is released. 427-441 kPa (4.35-4.50 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 62-64 psi) with lever in full throttle position.	422 kPa (4.30 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 61 psi) with lever in full throttle position.
				Throttle valve B	0 kPa (0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 0 psi) with lever released. 785-834 kPa (8.0-8.5 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 114-121 psi) with lever in full throttle position.	736 kPa (7.5 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 107 psi)
GOVERNOR	D3 or D4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Place vehicle on chassis dynamometer, or jack up front of car, support with safety stands, block rear wheels, and set hand brake.</li> <li>Run vehicle at 38 mph.</li> </ul>	No (or low) GOVERNOR pressure	Governor valve	180-190 kPa (1.84-1.94 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 26-28 psi)	176 kPa (1.79 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 25 psi)

1. Engage parking brake and block front wheels.
2. Connect safety chains to both front tow hooks and attach, with minimum slack, to some strong stationary object.
3. Connect tachometer, and start engine.
4. After engine has warmed up to normal operating temperature, shift into **D3**.
5. Fully depress brake pedal and accelerator for 6 to 8 seconds, and note engine speed.

**CAUTION:** To prevent transmission damage, do not test stall speed for more than 10 seconds at a time.

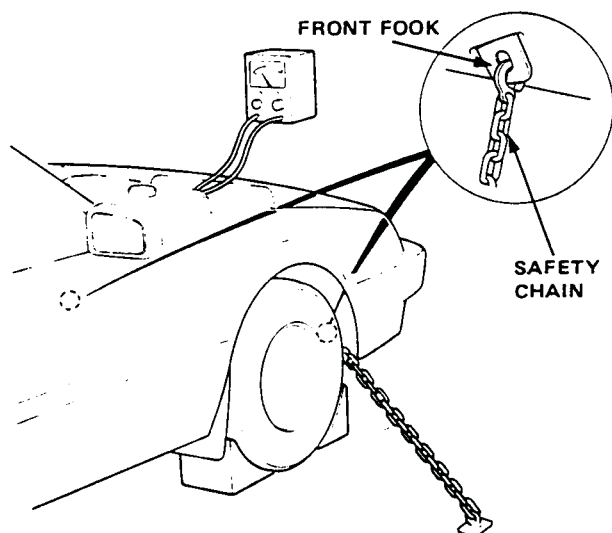
6. Allow 2 minutes for cooling, then repeat same test in **D4**, **2** and **R**.

Stall speed in **D3**, **D4**, **2**, and **R** must be the same, and must also be within limits:

## Stall Speed RPM:

Specification: 2,600 rpm  
Service Limit: 2,450–2,750 rpm

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE
Stall rpm high in <b>2</b> , <b>D3</b> , <b>D4</b> & <b>R</b> .	Low fluid level or oil pump output, clogged oil strainer, pressure regulator valve stuck closed. Slipping clutch.
Stall rpm high in <b>D3</b> , <b>D4</b> only.	Slippage of 1st clutch
Stall rpm low in <b>2</b> , <b>D3</b> , <b>D4</b> & <b>R</b> .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engine output low, throttle cable misadjusted.</li> <li>• Oil pump seized.</li> <li>• Torque converter one-way clutch slipping.</li> </ul>



## Checking

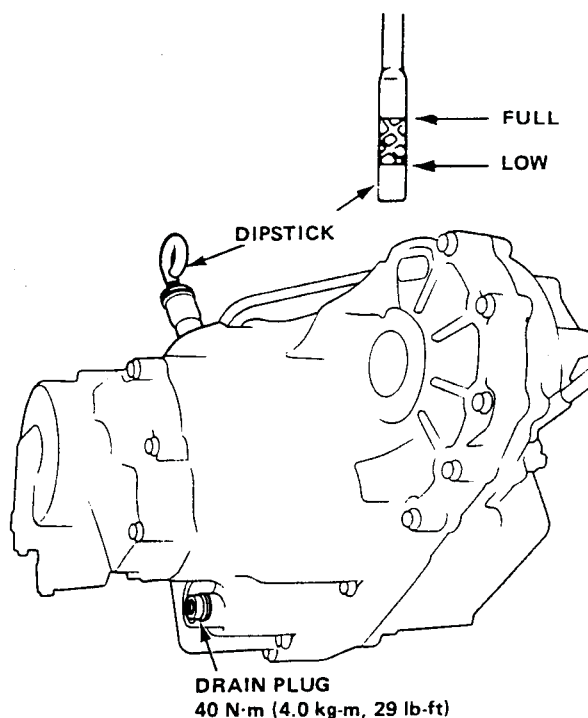
With the car on level ground, pull the transmission dipstick and check the level of fluid immediately after the engine is shut off (within one minute). The fluid level should be between the full and low marks. Push the dipstick all the way in to check the fluid level. If the level is at, or below, the low mark, add DEXRON-type automatic transmission fluid.

## Changing

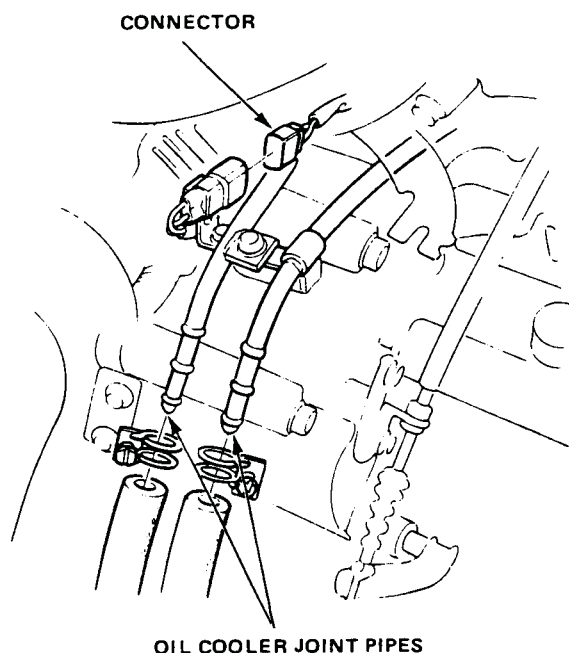
1. Bring the transmission up to operating temperature by driving the car. Park the car on level ground, turn the engine off, then remove drain plug.
2. Reinstall the drain plug with a new washer, then refill the transmission to the full mark on the dipstick.

## Automatic transmission Capacity:

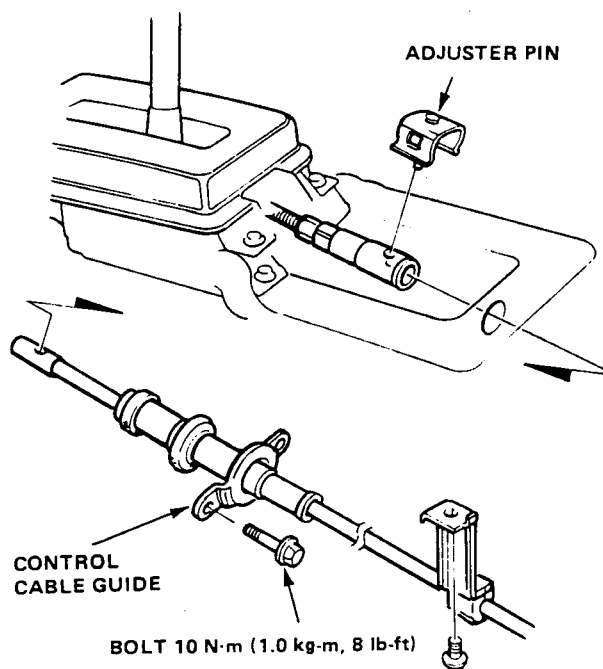
3.2 l (3.4 U.S. qts., 2.8 Imp. qt) at change  
6.5 l (6.9 U.S. qts., 5.7 Imp. qt) after overhaul



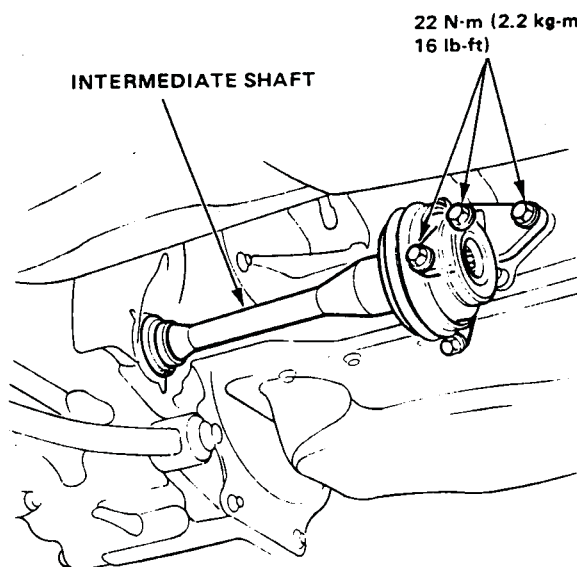
1. Disconnect the battery negative (-) and positive (+) cables from the battery.
  2. Disconnect the starter motor and ground cables.
  3. Drain ATF. Reinstall the drain plug and washer.
  4. Remove the two 6 x 1.0 mm bolts located at the side of the battery base, and intake hose band of the throttle body.
  5. Remove the air cleaner case complete with the intake hose (see section 11).
  6. Remove the speedometer gearbox complete with the power steering speed sensor hose.
  7. Disconnect the control cable at the throttle body (page 14-31).
  8. Disconnect the cooler hoses at the joint pipes. Turn the ends up to prevent ATF from flowing out.
- NOTE:** Check for any signs of leak at the hose joints.
9. Disconnect the lockup control solenoid valve wire connector.



10. Remove the center console, pry off the adjuster pin, and disconnect the control cable.
11. Remove the control cable guide bolts, and pull the cable out of the cable.



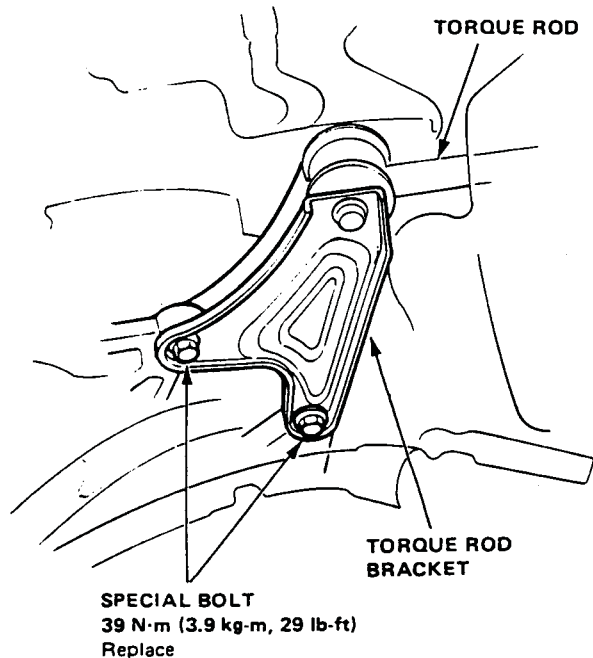
12. Remove the right and left axles, then remove the intermediate shaft.



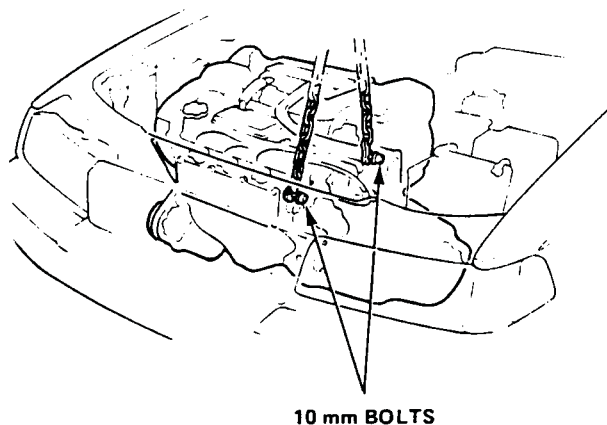
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13. Remove the torque converter case mounting bolts from the torque rod bracket.

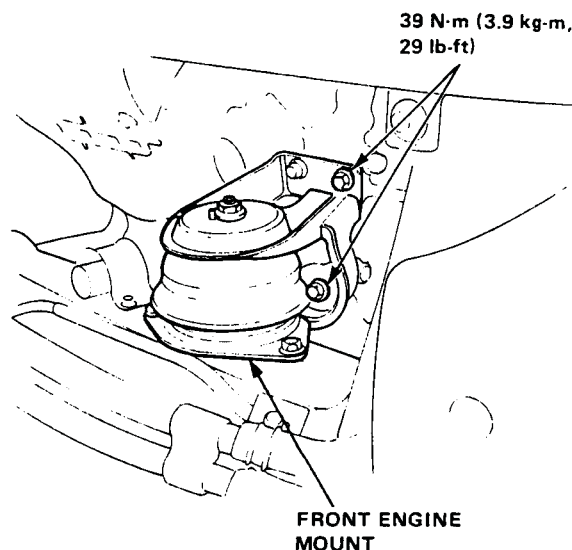
**NOTE:** Replace the bolts with new ones whenever loosened or removed.



14. Attach a chain hoist with the two bolts, then raise the engine a slight amount to unload the mounts.



15. Remove the two front engine mount bolts from the transmission housing.

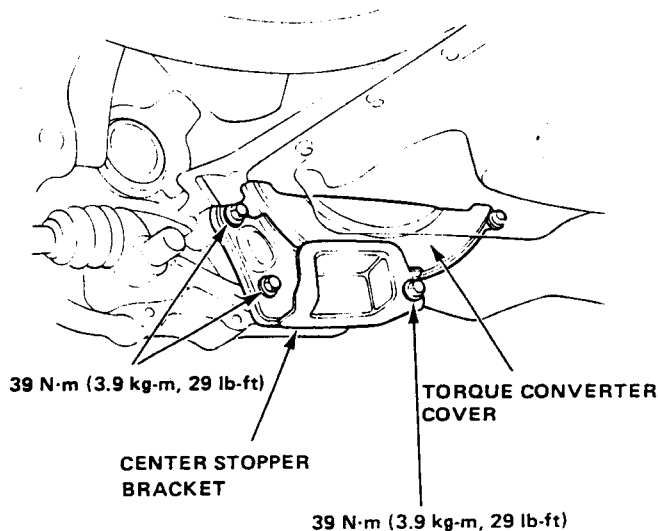


16. While holding the locknut, remove the radius rod (See Section 18).

17. Remove the center beam.

18. Remove the center stopper bracket from the transmission.

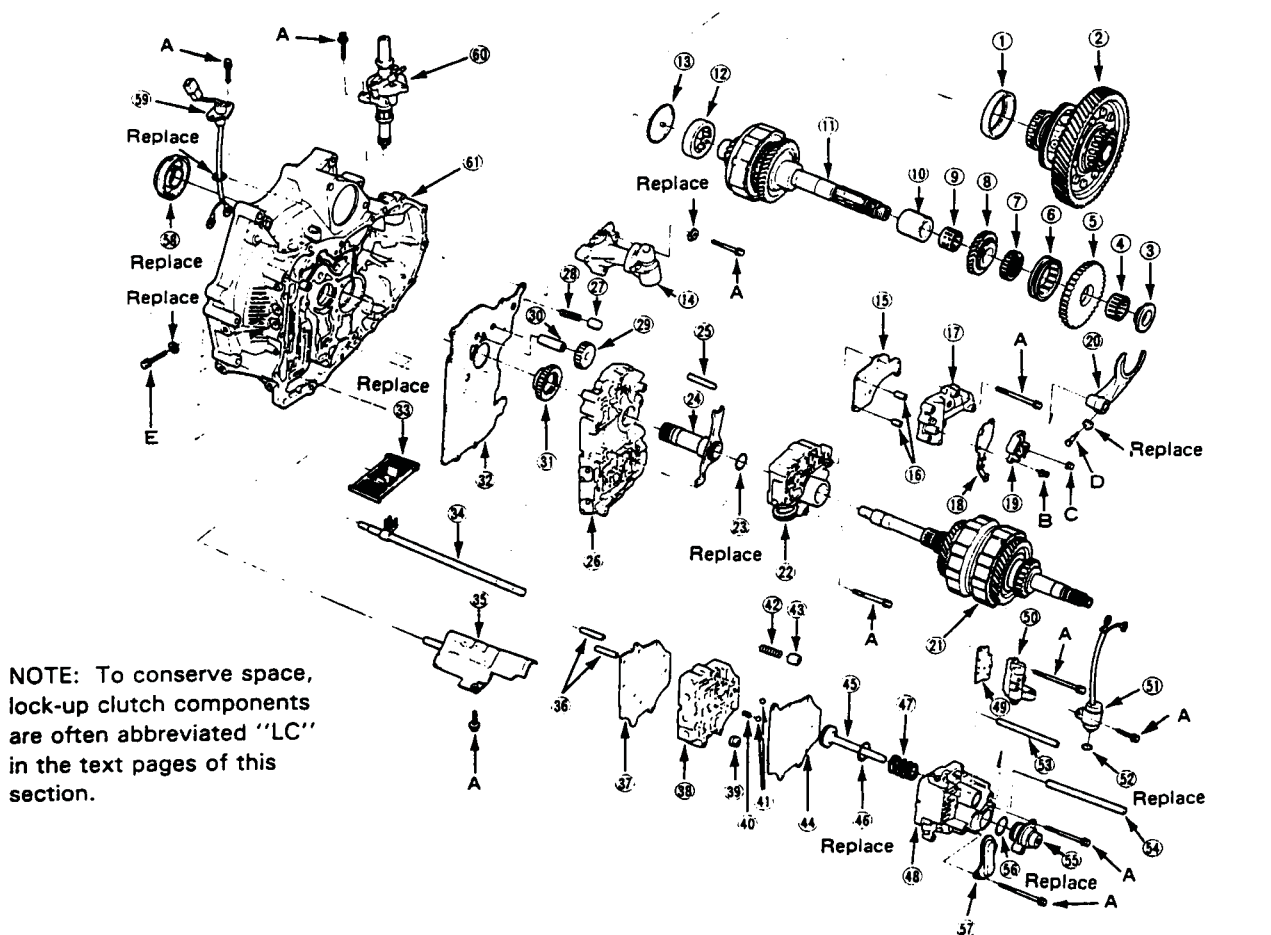
19. Remove the torque converter cover.



20. Place a jack under the transmission and raise the transmission just enough to take weight off the mounts.

**NOTE:**

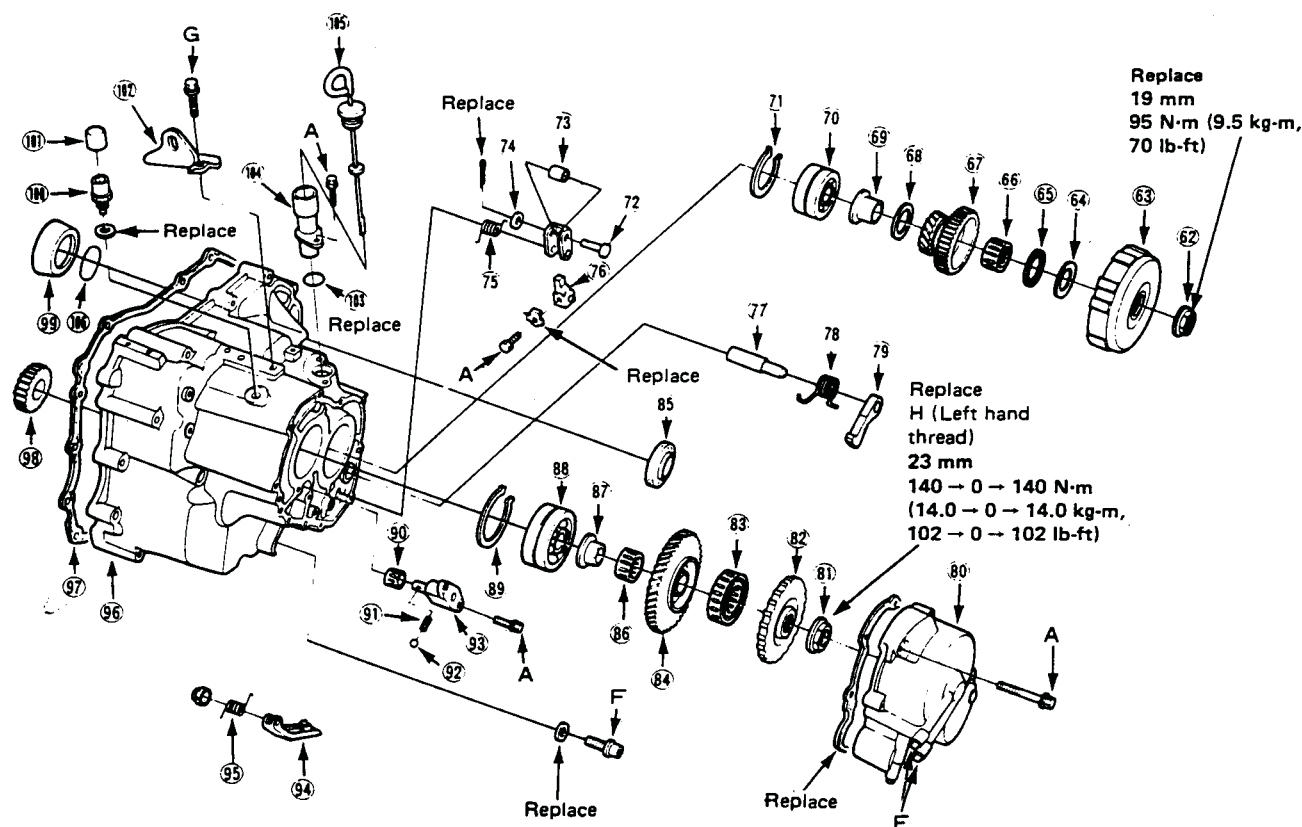
- Clean all parts thoroughly in solvent or carburetor cleaner, and dry with compressed air. Blow out all passages.
- Coat all parts with ATF before reassembly.



NOTE: To conserve space, lock-up clutch components are often abbreviated "LC" in the text pages of this section.

- |   |                                    |                                  |                                   |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ① DIFFERENTIAL BEARING<br>OUTER RACE                | ①⑥ DOWEL PIN 8 x 14 mm             | ③① PUMP DRIVE GEAR               | ④⑨ SEPARATOR PLATE                |
| ② DIFFERENTIAL                                      | ①⑦ LOCK UP SHIFT<br>VALVE BODY     | ③② MAIN VALVE<br>SEPARATOR PLATE | ⑤① MODULATOR VALVE<br>BODY        |
| ③ REVERSE GEAR COLLAR                               |                                    | ③③ FILTER SCREEN                 |                                   |
| ④ NEEDLE BEARING<br>32 x 38 x 14 mm                 | ①⑧ WIRE HARNESS GUIDE              | ③④ CONTROL SHAFT                 | ⑤② LOCK UP SOLENOID<br>VALVE      |
| ⑤ COUNTERSHAFT<br>REVERSE GEAR                      | ①⑨ SOLENOID VALVE<br>TERMINAL STAY | ③⑤ BAFFLE PLATE                  | ⑤③ O-RING 6.8 x 1.9 mm            |
| ⑥ REVERSE GEAR<br>SELECTOR                          | ②① REVERSE SHIFT FORK              | ③⑥ DOWEL PINS 8 x 40 mm          | ⑤④ 4th CLUTCH PIPE                |
| ⑦ SELECTOR HUB                                      | ②② MAINSHAFT ASSY                  | ③⑦ SEPARATOR PLATE               | ⑤⑤ 3rd CLUTCH PIPE                |
| ⑧ COUNTERSHAFT<br>4th GEAR                          |                                    | ③⑧ SECONDARY VALVE<br>BODY ASSY  | ⑤⑥ 4th ACCUMULATOR<br>COVER       |
| ⑨ NEEDLE BEARING<br>28 x 33 x 20 mm                 | ②③ REGULATOR VALVE BODY            |                                  | ⑤⑦ O-RING                         |
| ⑩ DISTANCE COLLAR 28 mm                             |                                    | ③⑨ FILTER                        | ⑤⑧ 2nd/3rd ACCUMULA-<br>TOR COVER |
| ⑪ COUNTERSHAFT ASSY                                 |                                    | ④① SPRING                        | ⑤⑨ DIFFERENTIAL OIL<br>SEAL       |
|   | ②④ O-RING 31 x 1.7 mm              | ④② STEEL BALLS                   | ⑤⑩ SOLENOID VALVE<br>WIRE         |
| ①② COUNTERSHAFT NEEDLE<br>BEARING 38.5 x 67 x 17 mm | ②⑤ STATOR SHAFT                    | ④③ SPRING                        | ⑥① SPEED SENSOR                   |
| ①③ OIL GUIDE PLATE                                  | ②⑥ STOP PIN 8 x 55 mm              | ④④ ACCUMULATOR<br>TIMING PISTON  |                                   |
| ①④ GOVERNOR VALVE                                   | ②⑦ MAIN VALVE BODY ASSY            | ④⑤ SEPARATOR PLATE               |                                   |
|   |                                    | ④⑥ SERVO VALVE                   |                                   |
| ①⑤ SEPARATOR PLATE                                  | ②⑧ TORQUE CONVERTER<br>CHECK VALVE | ④⑦ O-RING 31 x 2.7 mm            |                                   |
|   | ②⑨ CHECK VALVE SPRING              | ④⑧ RETURN SPRING                 |                                   |
|   | ②⑩ PUMP DRIVEN GEAR                | ④⑨ SERVO VALVE BODY<br>ASSY      |                                   |
|   | ③① PUMP GEAR SHAFT                 |                                  |                                   |



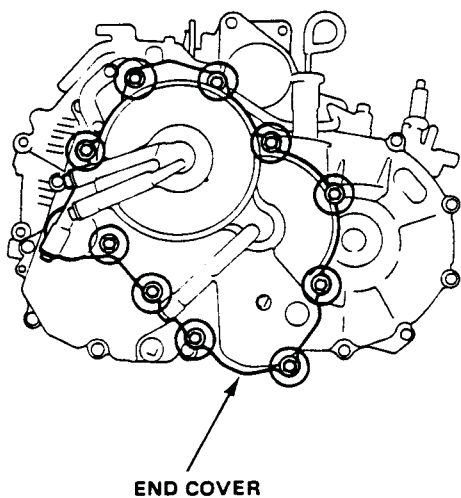


Torque Value	Bolt Size
A — 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 lb-ft)	6 x 1.0 mm
B — 6 N·m (0.6 kg-m, 4 lb-ft)	5 x 0.8 mm
C — 6 N·m (0.6 kg-m, 4 lb-ft)	5 x 0.8 mm Nut
D — 14 N·m (1.4 kg-m, 10 lb-ft)	6 x 1.0 mm Special
E — 18 N·m (1.8 kg-m, 13 lb-ft)	8 x 1.25 mm Sealing
F — 40 N·m (4.0 kg-m, 29 lb-ft)	14 x 1.25 mm Drain
G — 45 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 32 lb-ft)	10 x 1.25 mm

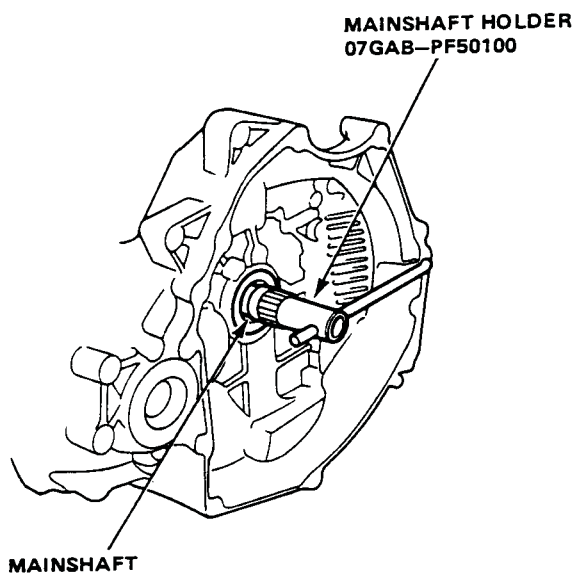
- |   |                          |                                   |                                    |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 62 LOCKNUT 19 mm                        | 72 ROLLER PIN 6 mm       | 85 DIFFERENTIAL OIL SEAL          | 95 THROTTLE CONTROL SHAFT SPRING   |
| 63 1st CLUTCH                           | 73 PARKING PAWL ROLLER   | 86 NEEDLE BEARING 32 x 38 x 14 mm | 96 TRANSMISSION HOUSING            |
| 64 THRUST WASHER 26 mm                  | 74 WASHER 6 mm           | 87 1st GEAR COLLAR                | 97 GASKET                          |
| 65 THRUST NEEDLE BEARING 31 x 47 x 2 mm | 75 RETURN SPRING         | 88 COUNTERSHAFT BEARING           | 98 REVERSE IDLER GEAR              |
| 66 NEEDLE BEARING 31 x 36 x 18.5 mm     | 76 PARKING LEVER         | 89 SNAP RING 75 mm                | 99 DIFFERENTIAL BEARING OUTER RACE |
| 67 MAINSHAFT 1st GEAR                   | 77 PARKING PAWL SHAFT    | 90 NEEDLE BEARING 14 x 18 x 15 mm | 100 BREATHER JOINT                 |
| 68 THRUST WASHER 31 x 42 x 1.5 mm       | 78 PARKING PAWL SPRING   | 91 SPRING                         | 101 BREATHER CAP                   |
| 69 COLLAR 26 mm                         | 79 PARKING PAWL          | 92 STEEL BALL                     | 102 TRANSMISSION HOOK              |
| 70 MAINSHAFT BEARING                    | 80 END COVER             | 93 REVERSE IDLER BEARING HOLDER   | 103 O-RING 21.5 mm                 |
| 71 SNAP RING 75 mm                      | 81 LOCKNUT 23 mm         | 94 THROTTLE CONTROL LEVER         | 104 DIPSTICK HOLDER                |
|   | 82 PARKING GEAR          |                                   | 105 DIPSTICK                       |
|   | 83 ONE-WAY CLUTCH        |                                   | 106 DIFFERENTIAL THRUST SHIM       |
|   | 84 COUNTERSHAFT 1st GEAR |                                   |                                    |



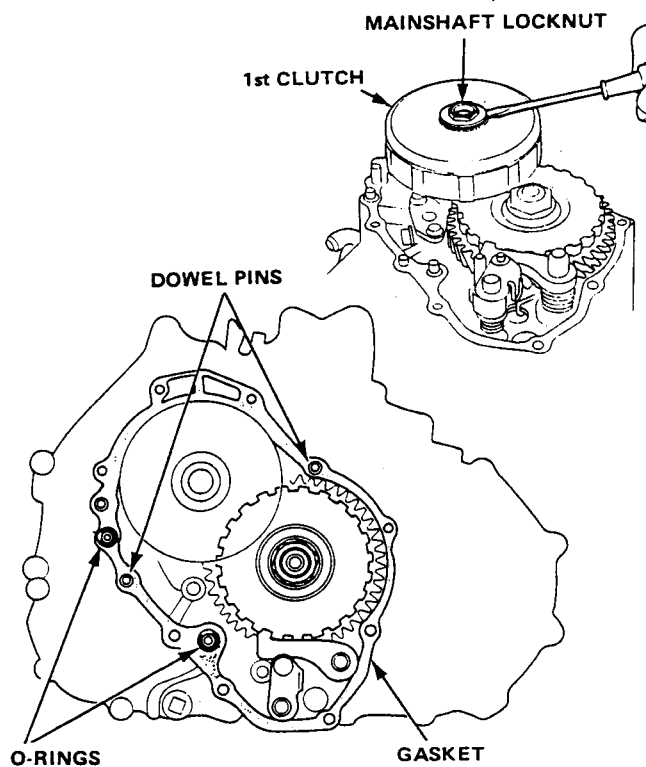
1. Remove the ten bolts from the end cover, then remove the cover.



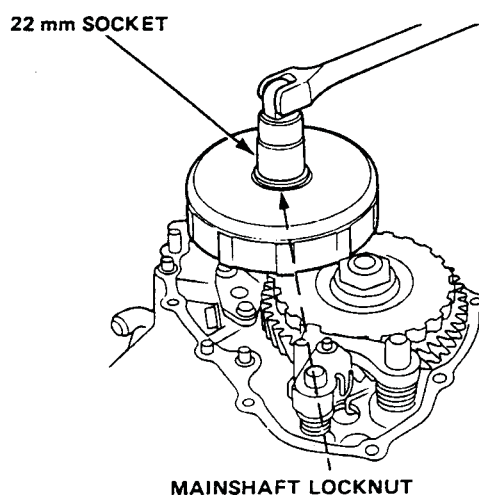
2. Shift the transmission to PARK.
3. Lock the mainshaft using the mainshaft holder.



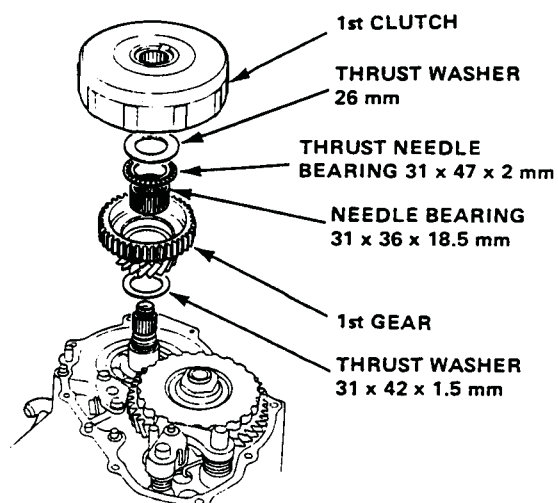
4. Remove the end cover gasket, dowel pins, and O-rings.
5. Pry the staked edge of the locknut flange out of the notch in the 1st clutch.



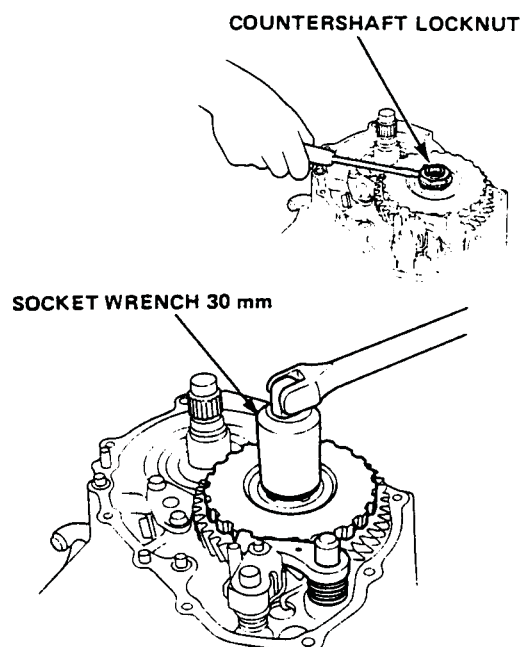
6. Remove the mainshaft locknut.



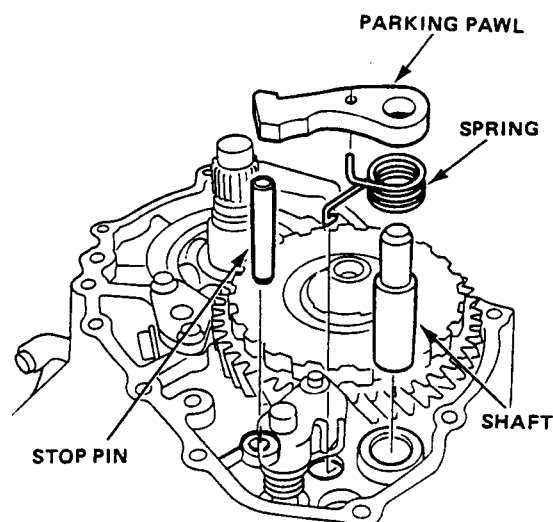
7. Remove the 1st clutch.
8. Remove the thrust washer and thrust needle bearing from the mainshaft.
9. Remove the needle bearing and first gear from the mainshaft.



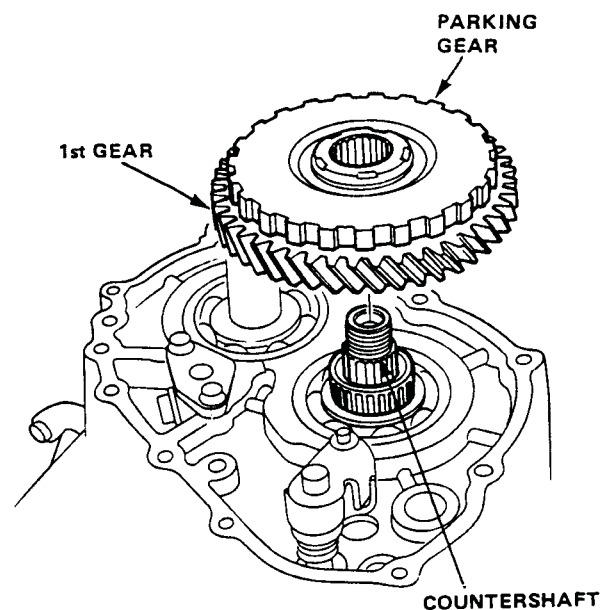
10. Pry the staked edge of the locknut out of the notch in the parking gear.
11. Remove the countershaft locknut.



12. Remove the parking pawl, shaft, stop pin and spring.

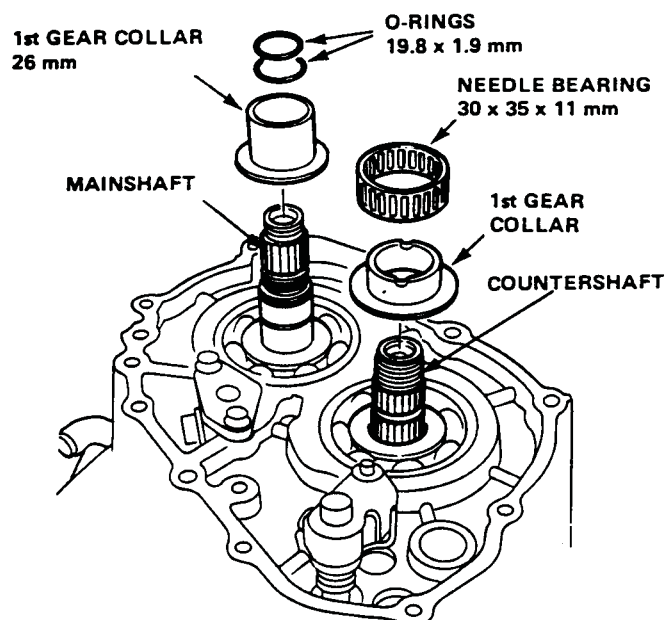


13. Remove the parking gear and countershaft 1st gear as a unit.

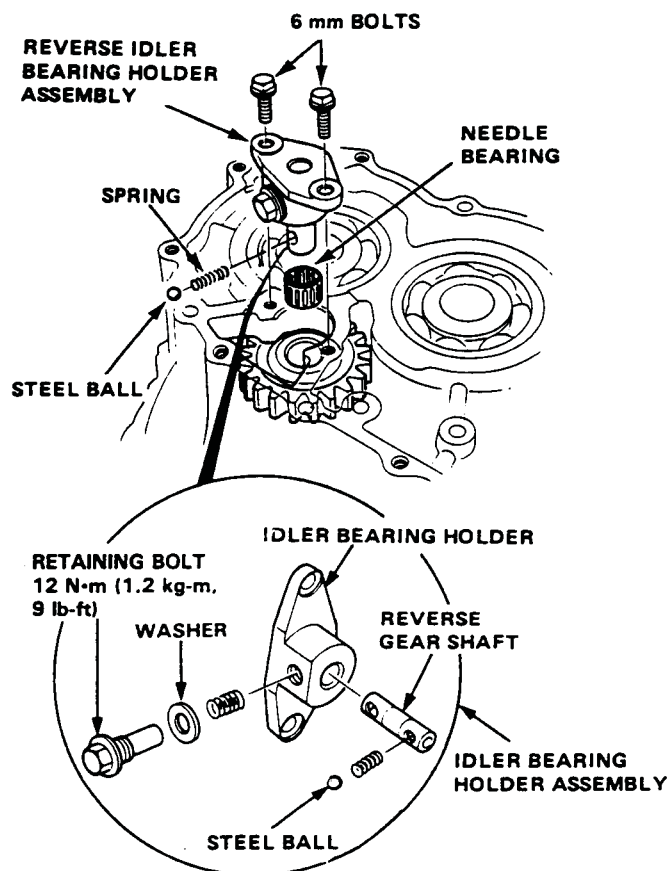


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14. From the countershaft, remove the needle bearing and 1st gear collar. From the mainshaft, remove the 1st gear collar and O-rings.

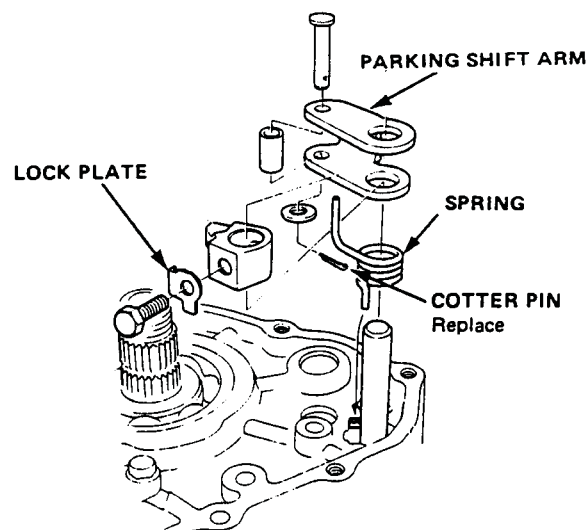


15. Remove the reverse idler bearing holder assembly.

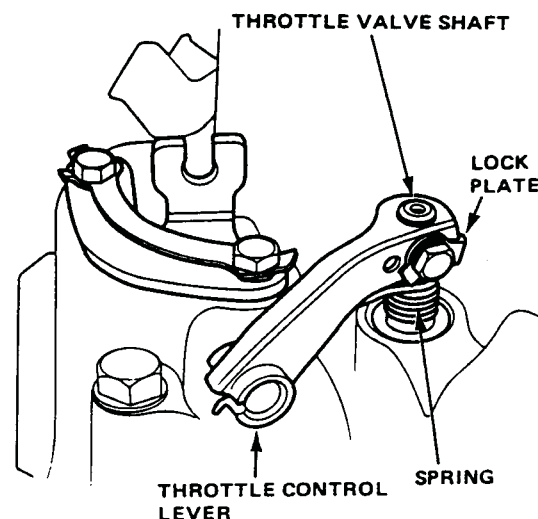


16. Bend down the tab on the lock plate under the parking shift arm bolt.

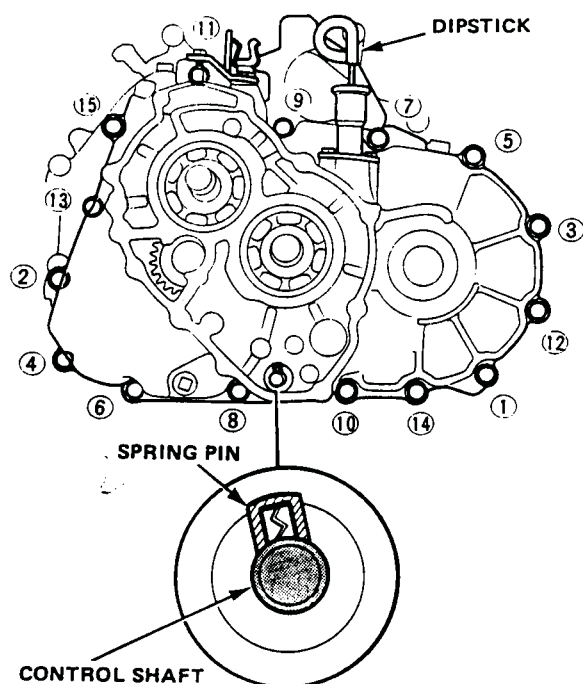
17. Remove the bolt, then remove the parking shift arm.



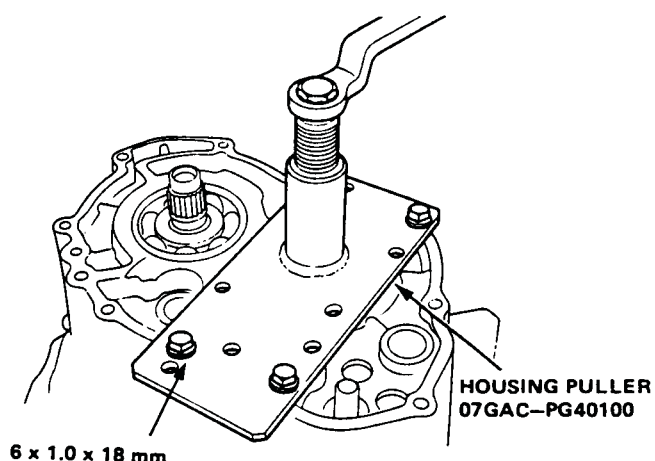
18. Bend down the tab on the throttle control lever bolt lock plate, then remove the bolt. Remove the throttle control lever and spring from the throttle valve shaft.



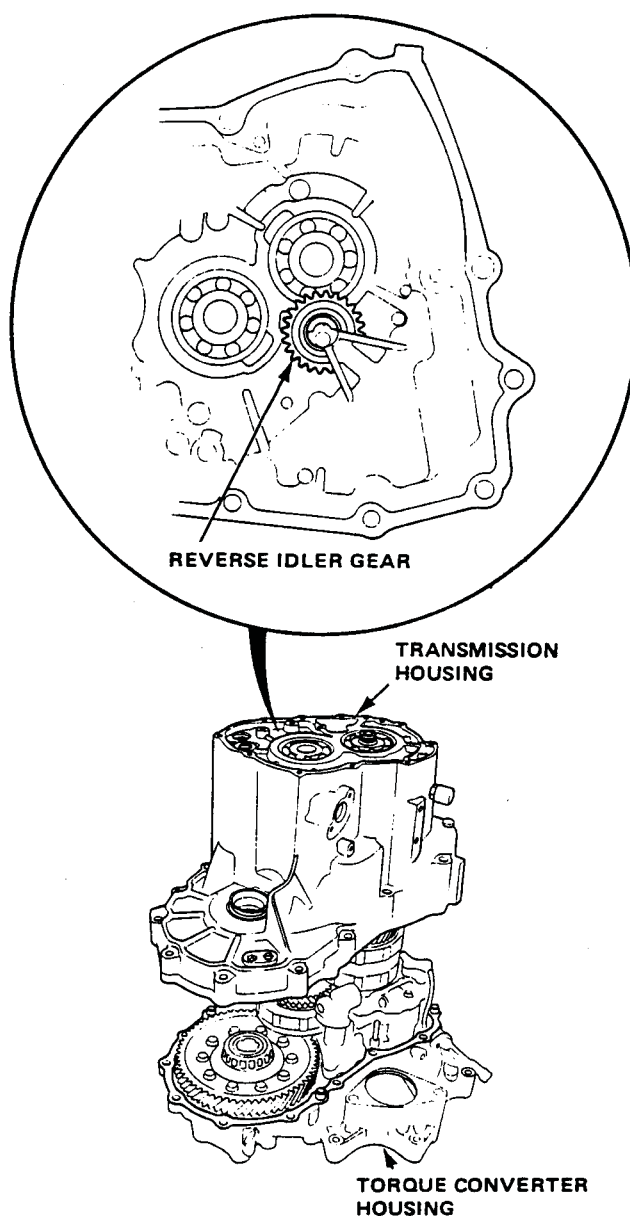
19. Remove the dipstick.
20. Remove the 10 x 1.25 mm bolts, (1) thru (15), in the sequence shown.



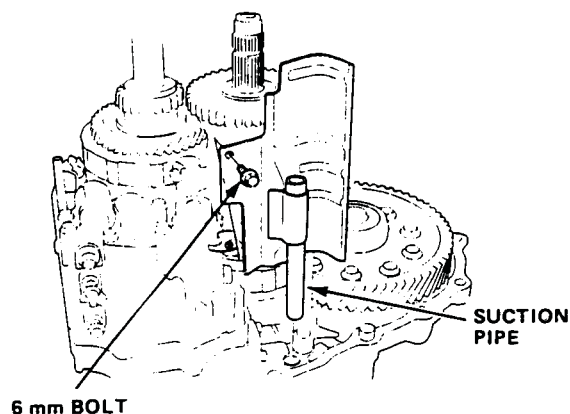
21. Align the control shaft spring pin with the cutout in the transmission housing.
22. Install the transmission housing puller over the countershaft with four bolts and tighten securely. Then screw in the puller bolt against the end of the countershaft until the transmission housing comes loose.



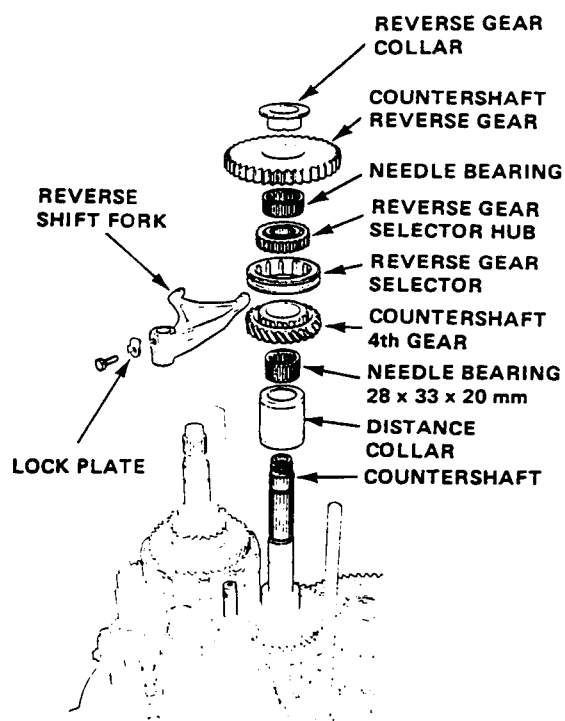
23. Remove the puller and separate the housings. Remove the reverse idler gear and needle bearing from the transmission housing.
24. Remove the gasket and the dowel pins.



1. Remove the suction pipe.



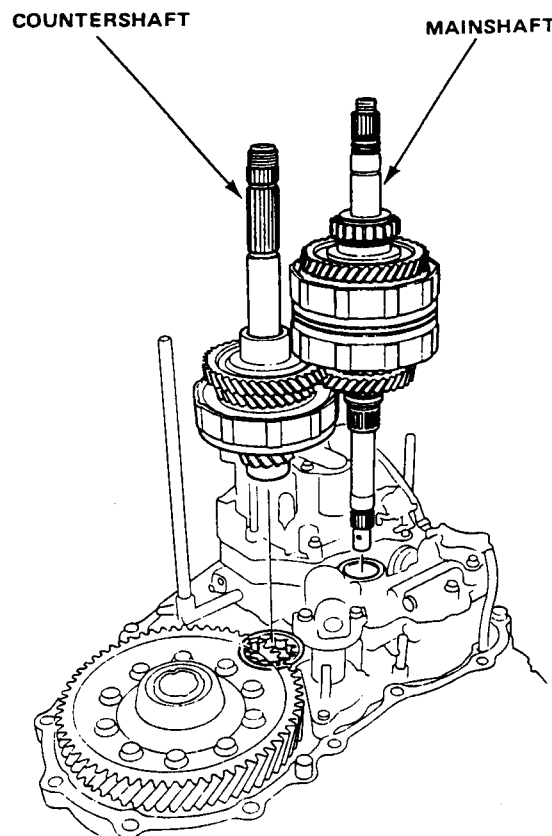
2. Remove the reverse gear collar, countershaft reverse gear and needle bearing.



3. Bend down the tab on the lock plate and remove the bolt from the reverse shift fork.
4. Remove the reverse shift fork and reverse gear selector as a unit.
5. Remove the selector hub, countershaft 4th gear, needle bearing and distance collar.

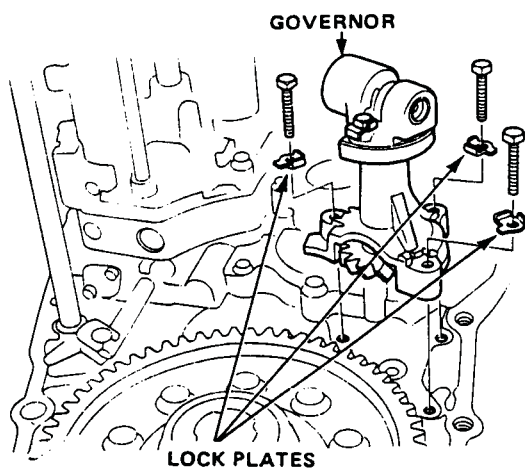
6. Remove the mainshaft and countershaft together.

NOTE: It will be necessary to pull up the countershaft at a slight angle to clear the governor.



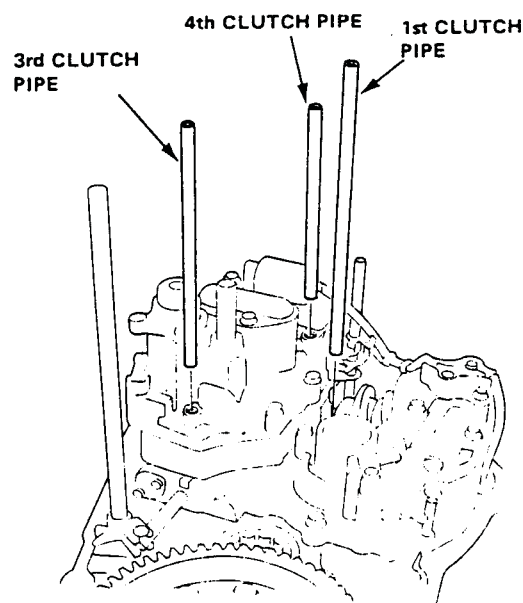
## Removal

1. Bend down the tabs on the lock plates, remove the bolts holding the governor to the torque converter housing, and remove the governor.

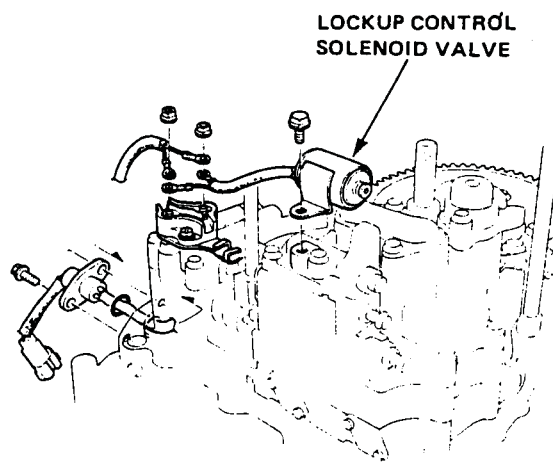


## Removal

1. Remove the 1st, 4th and 3rd clutch pipes.



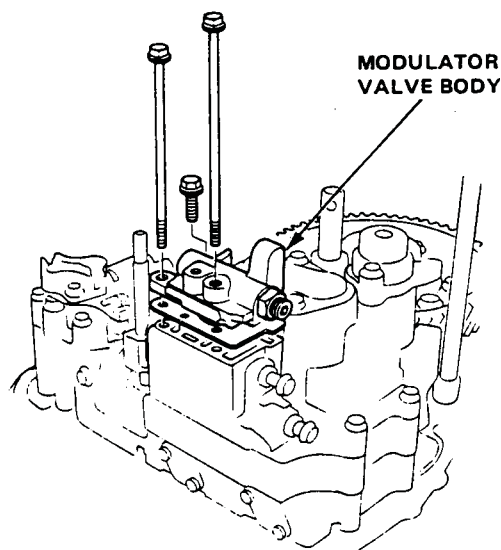
2. Remove the lockup control solenoid valve and solenoid valve terminals.



(cont'd)



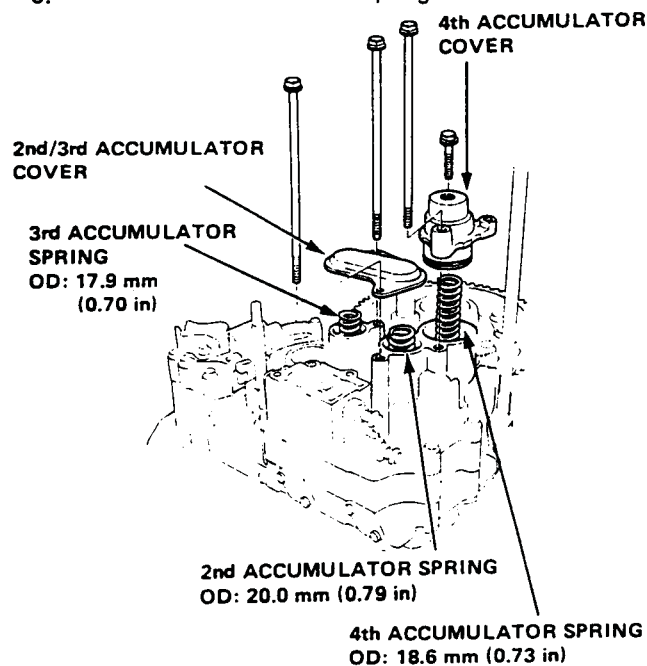
3. Remove the three bolts attaching the modulator valve body.



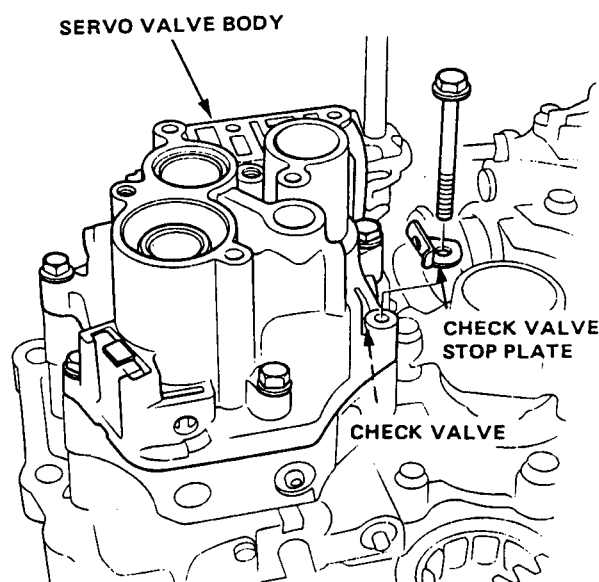
4. Remove the accumulator covers.

**CAUTION:** Accumulator covers are spring loaded; to prevent stripping the threads in the torque converter housing, press down on the accumulator covers while unscrewing the bolts in a crisscross pattern.

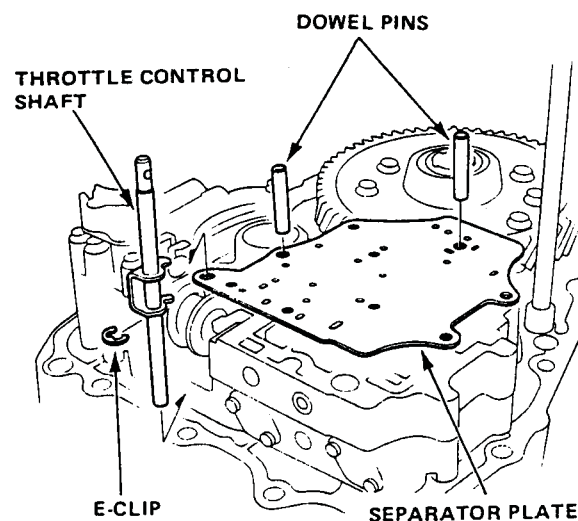
5. Remove the accumulator springs.



6. Remove the servo valve body (5 bolts).
7. Remove the check valve stop plate.



8. Remove the E-clip. Then remove the throttle control shaft from the separator plate.
9. Remove the separator plate and dowel pins.

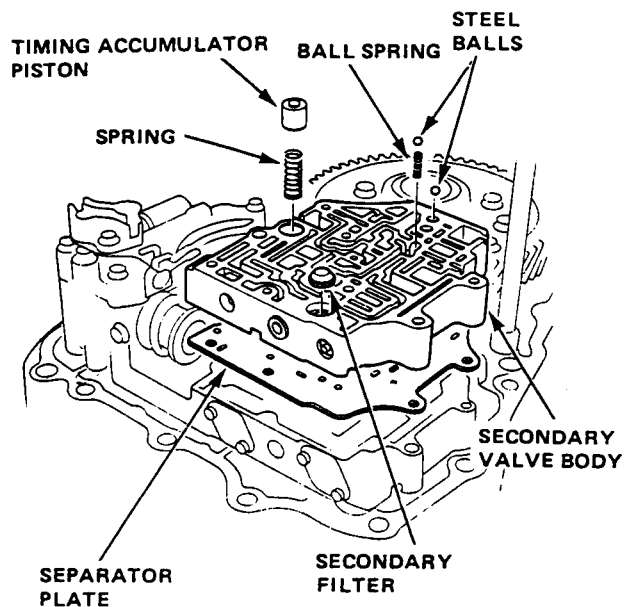




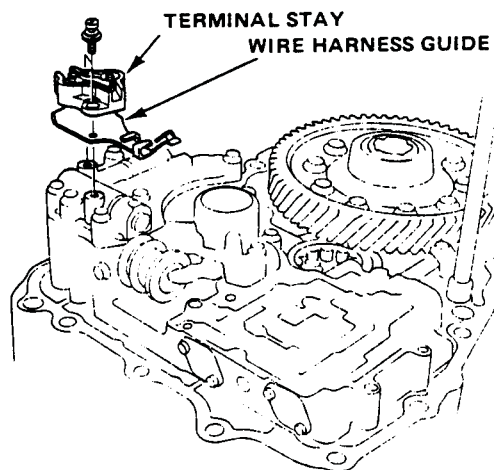
10. Remove the secondary valve body, being careful not to lose the 2 steel balls, ball spring, timing accumulator piston and spring, secondary filter.

**CAUTION:** Do not use a magnet to remove the steel balls; it may magnetize the balls.

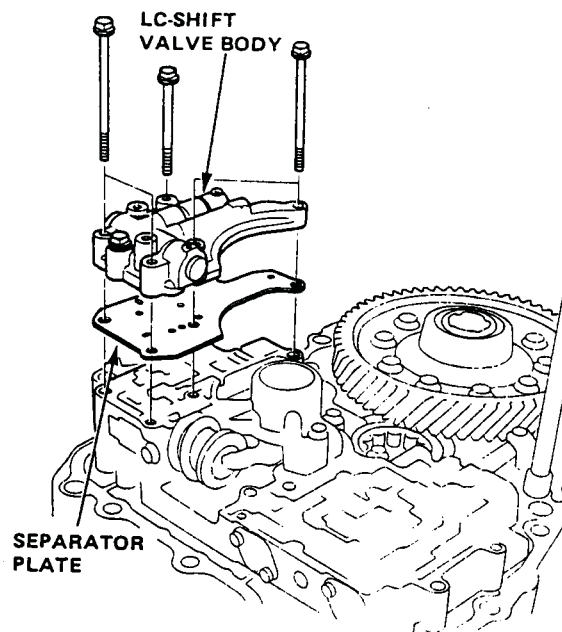
11. Remove the separator plate.



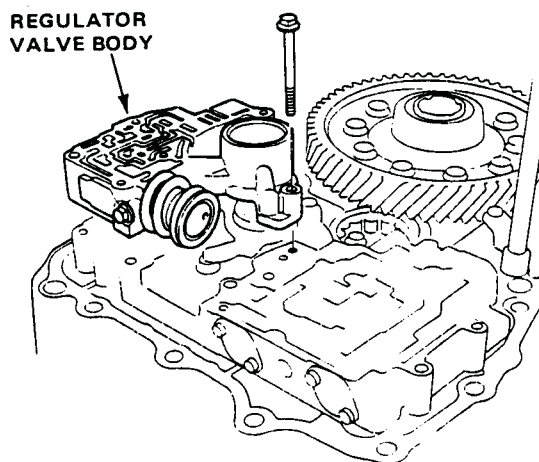
12. Remove the wire harness guide and terminal stay.



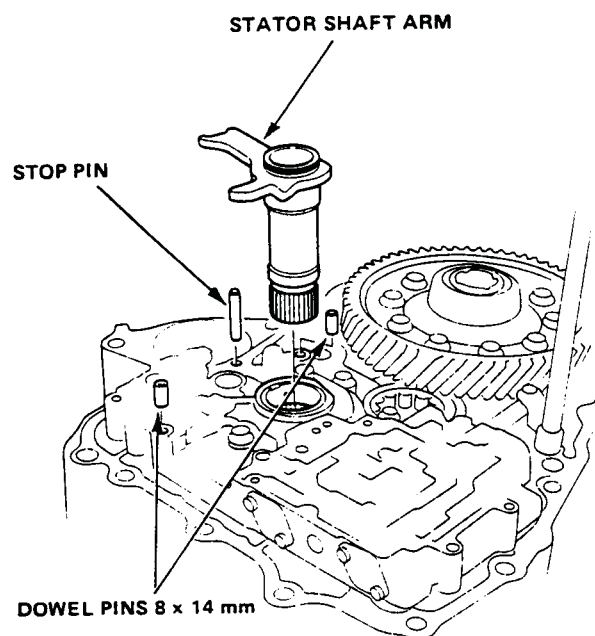
13. Remove the LC-Shift valve body and separator plate (5 bolts).



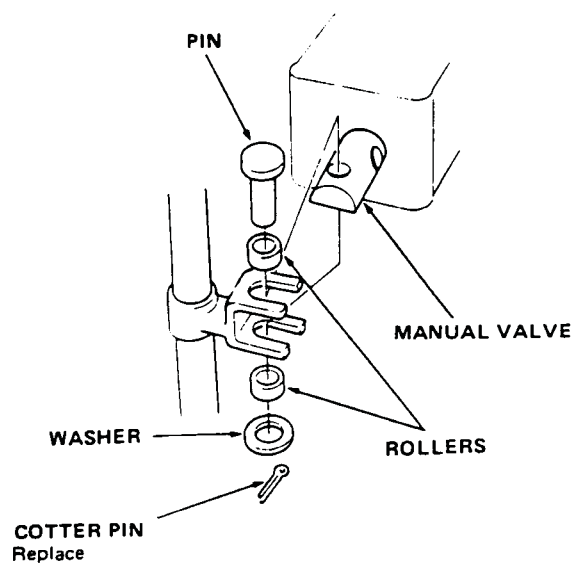
14. Remove the regulator valve body.



15. Remove the stator shaft arm, dowel pins and stop pin.

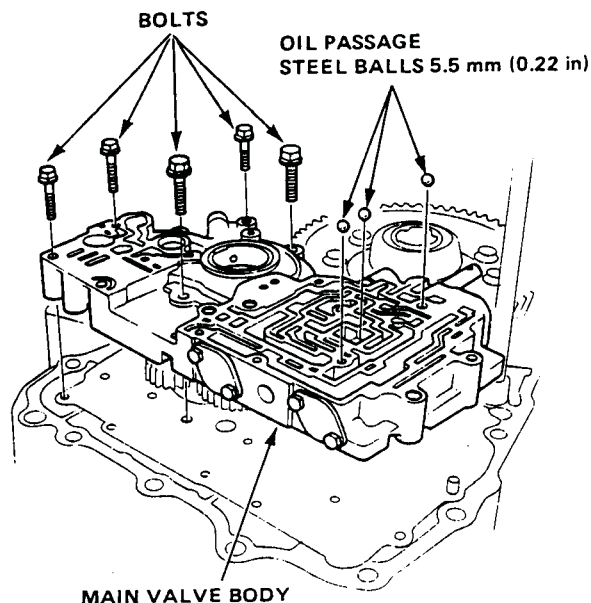


16. Remove the cotter pin, washer, rollers, and pin from the manual valve.



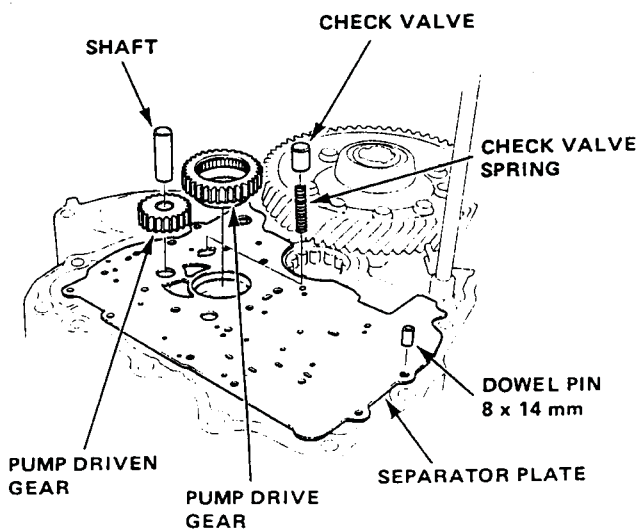
17. Remove the main valve body being careful not to lose the 3 steel balls, check torque converter check valve and spring.

**CAUTION:** Do not use a magnet to remove the steel balls; it may magnetize the balls.



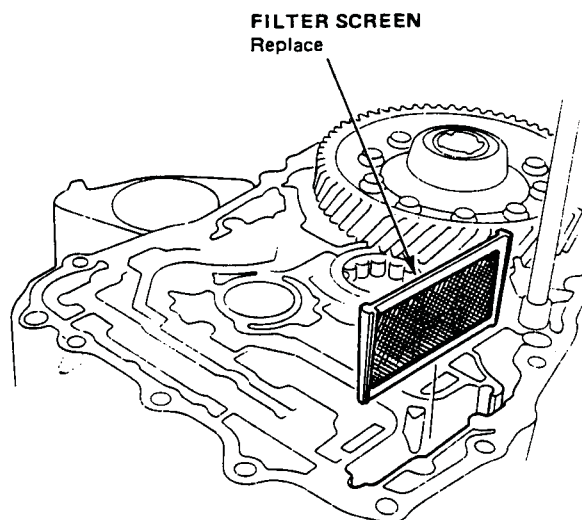
18. Remove the pump gears and shaft.

19. Remove the separator plate, dowel pins, check valve, and spring.

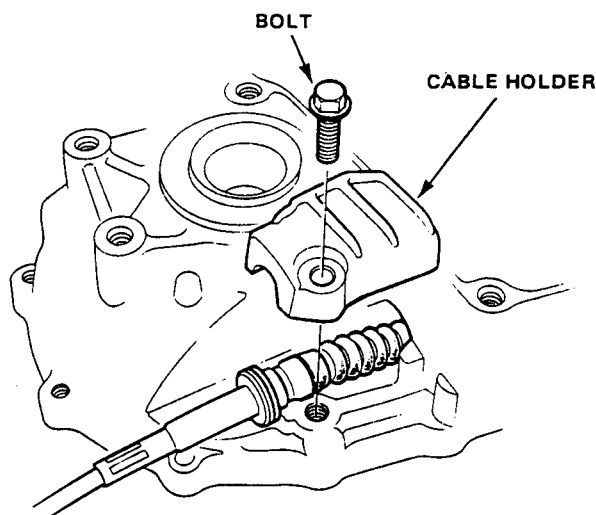


20. Remove the filter screen.

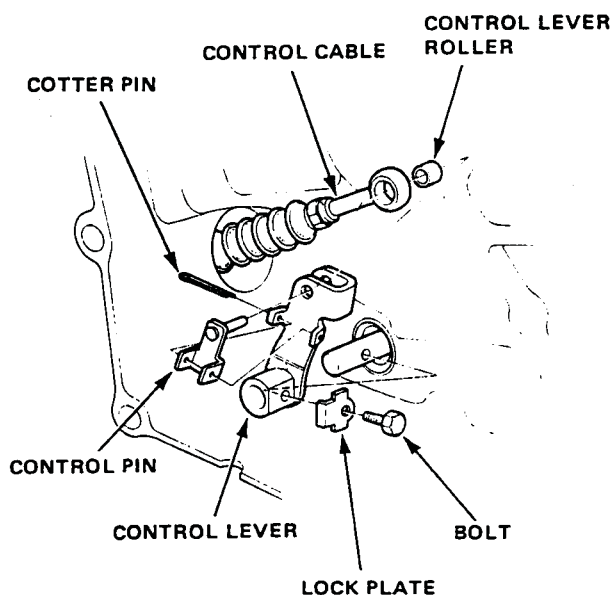
NOTE: Do not reuse filter screen; install a new one on reassembly.



1. Remove the cable holder.



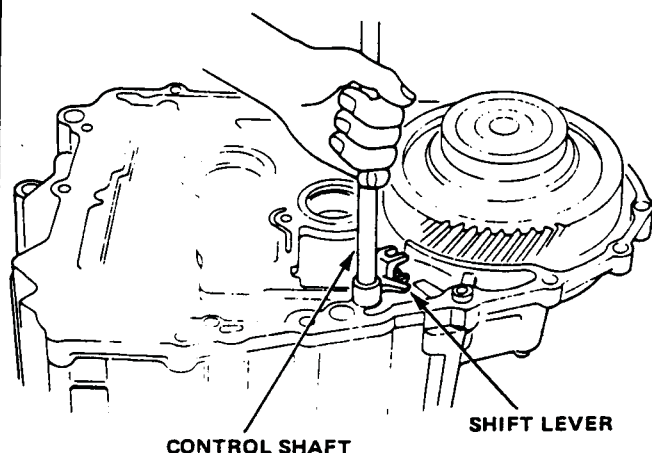
2. Remove the cotter pin, control pin, and control lever roller from the control lever.  
3. Bend down the tab on the lock plate under the bolt in the control lever. Then remove the bolt and lever.



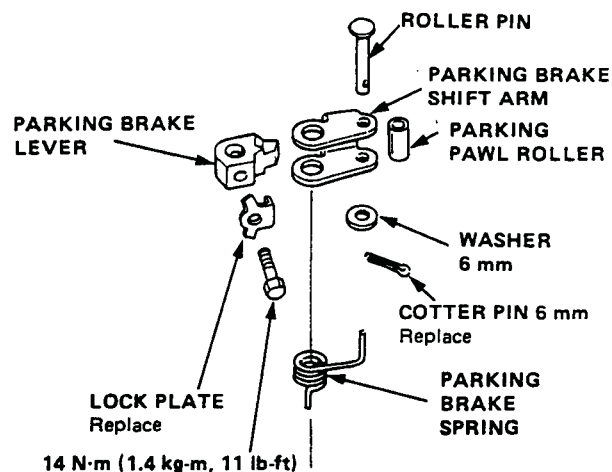
(cont'd)

## Removal (cont'd)

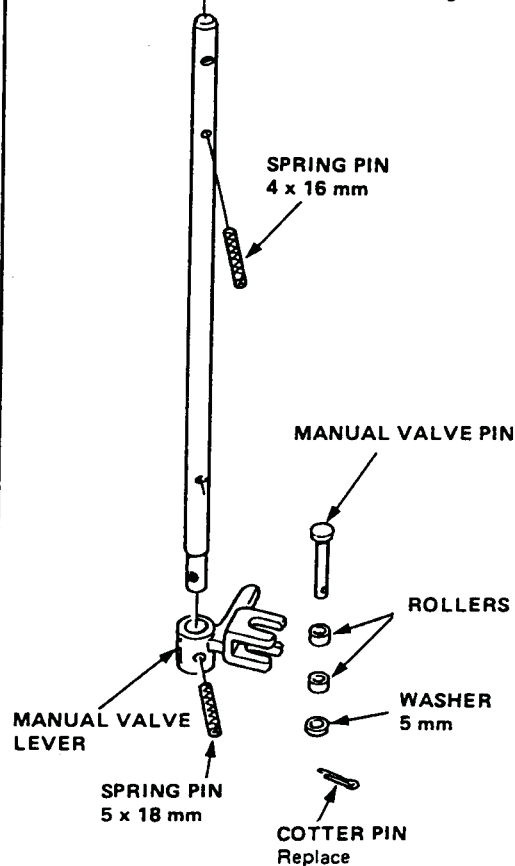
4. Turn the torque converter housing over and remove the control shaft.



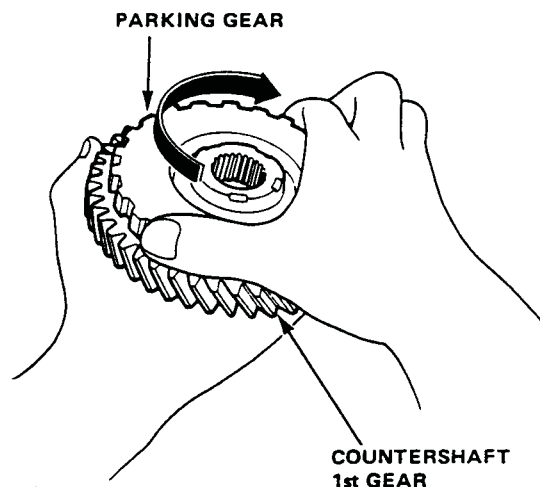
## Disassembly/Reassembly



**NOTE:**  
These parts are installed on the shaft after the transmission and torque converter housings are assembled.

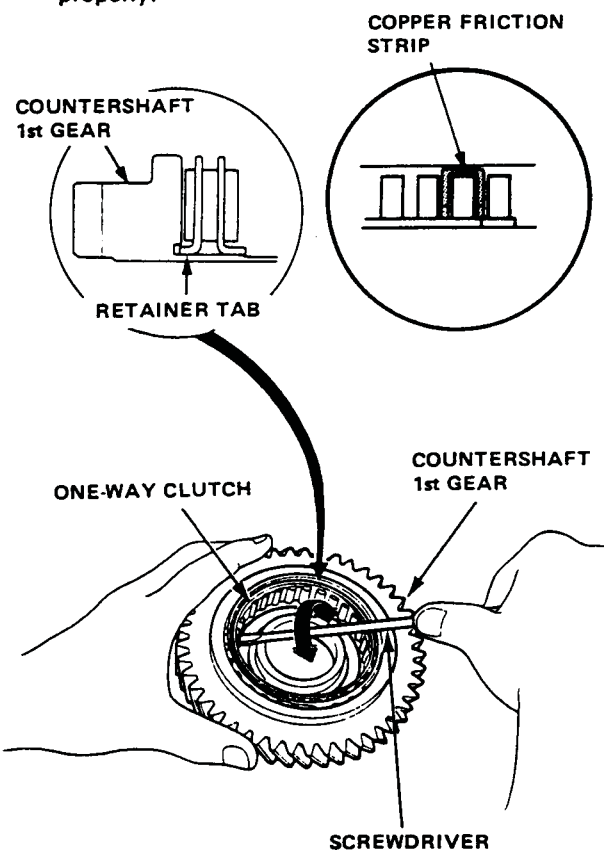


1. Separate the countershaft 1st gear from the parking gear by turning the parking gear in the direction shown.

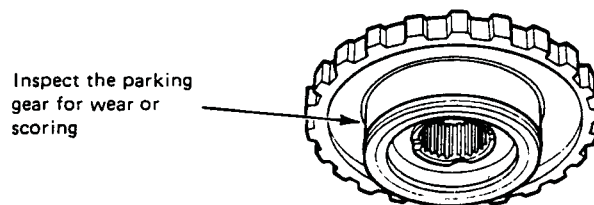


2. Remove the one-way clutch by prying it up with the end of a screwdriver.

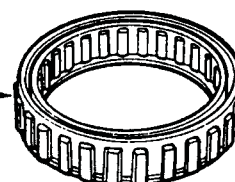
**CAUTION:** Do not pry on the three copper friction strips; if you break a strip, the clutch will not work properly.



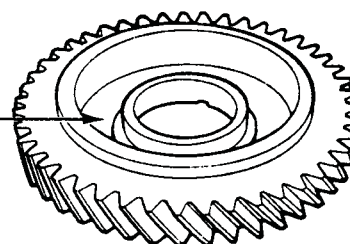
Inspect the parts as follows:



Inspect the one-way clutch for damage or faulty movement



Inspect the countershaft 1st gear for wear or scoring



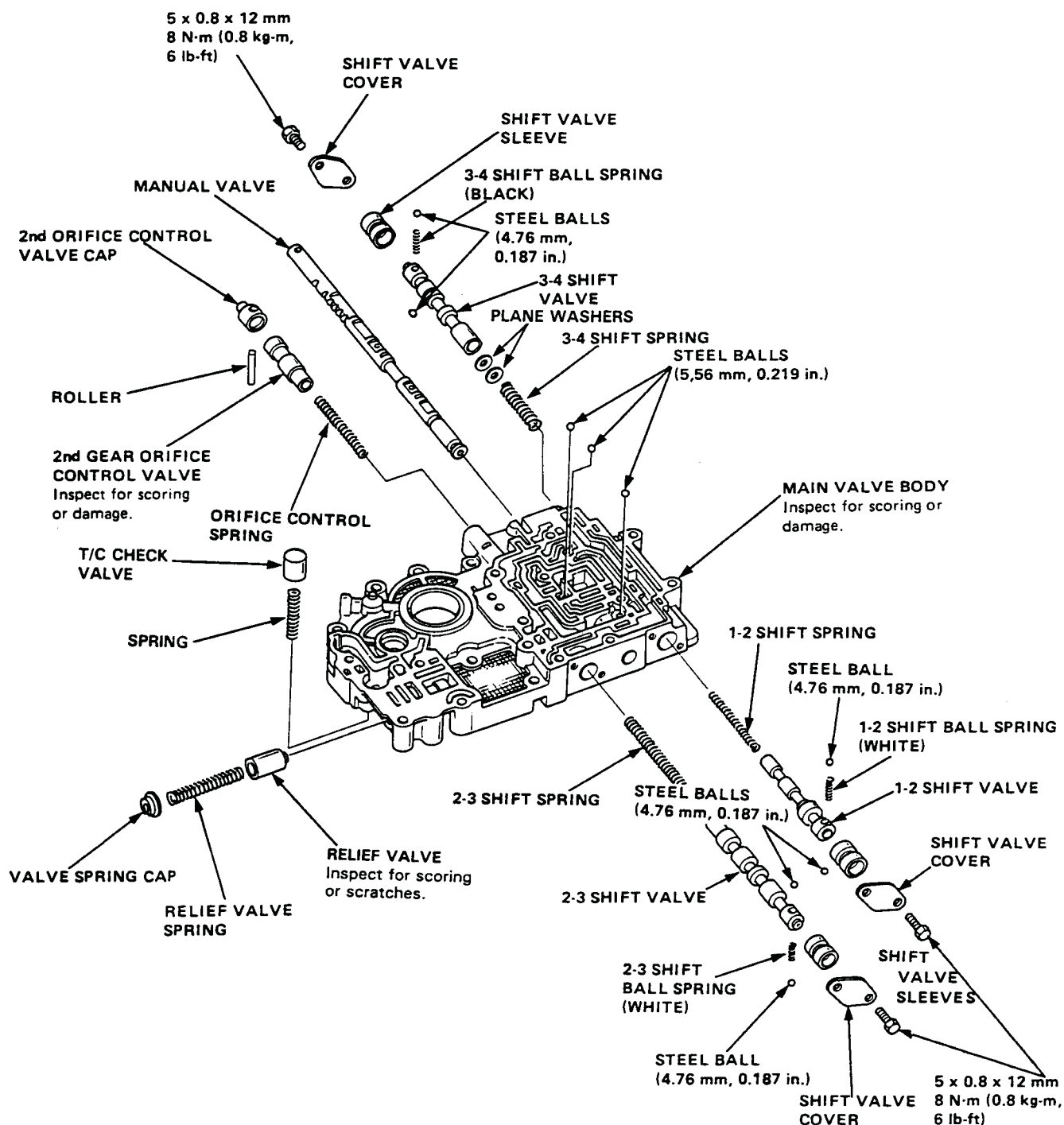
3. After the parts are assembled, hold the countershaft 1st gear and turn the parking gear in direction shown to be sure it turns freely.



## Disassembly

### NOTE:

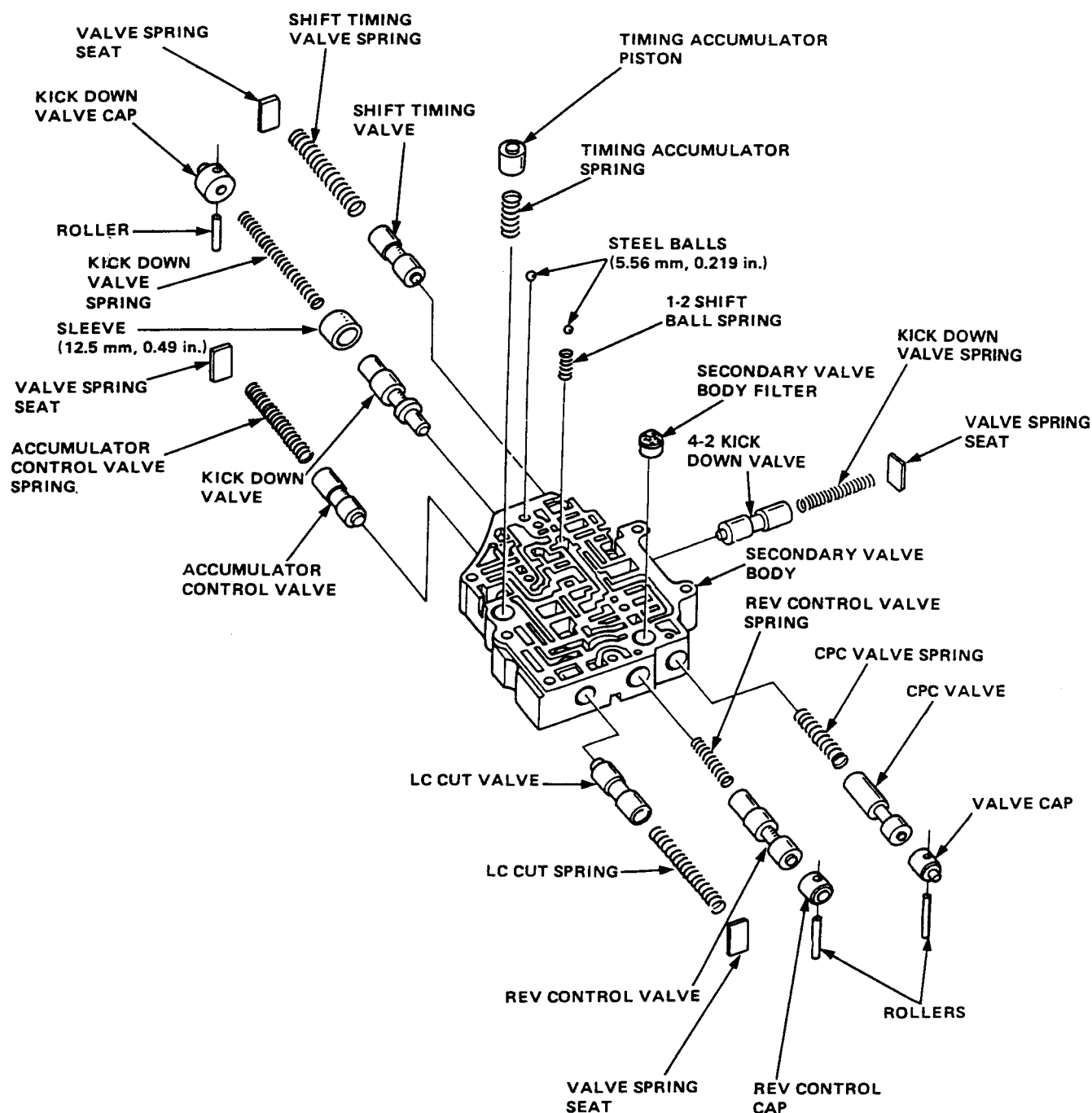
- Clean all parts thoroughly in solvent or carburetor cleaner, and dry with compressed air. Blow out all passages.
- Replace valve body as an assembly if any parts are worn or damaged.
- Check all valves for free movement. If any fail to slide freely,
- See Section 3 for spring specifications.
- Coat all parts with ATF before reassembly.



## Disassembly/Inspection/Reassembly

### NOTE:

- Clean all parts thoroughly in solvent or carburetor cleaner, and dry with compressed air.  
Blow out all passages.
- Check all valves for free movement. If any fail to slide freely
- See Section 3 for any spring specifications which are not listed below.





**NOTE:** This repair is only necessary if one or more of the valves in a valve body do not slide smoothly in their bores. You may use this procedure to free the valves in the main valve body, regulator valve body, lock-up shift valve body, and servo valve body. **DO NOT** use this procedure to free the valves in the governor; if any governor valves are stuck, the governor must be replaced as an assembly.

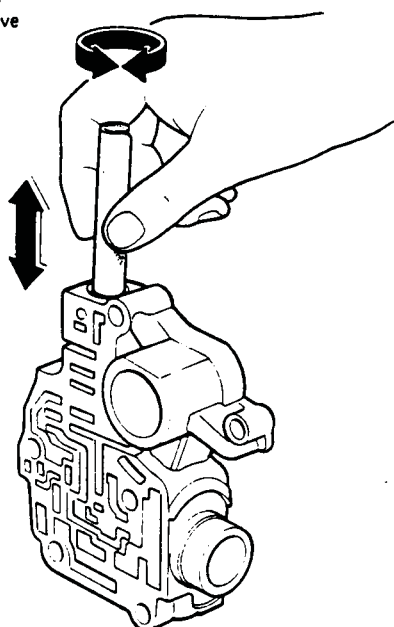
1. Soak a sheet of #600 abrasive paper in ATF for about 30 minutes.
2. Carefully tap the valve body so the sticking valve drops out of its bore.

**CAUTION:** It may be necessary to use a small screwdriver to pry the valve free. Be careful not to scratch the bore with the screwdriver.

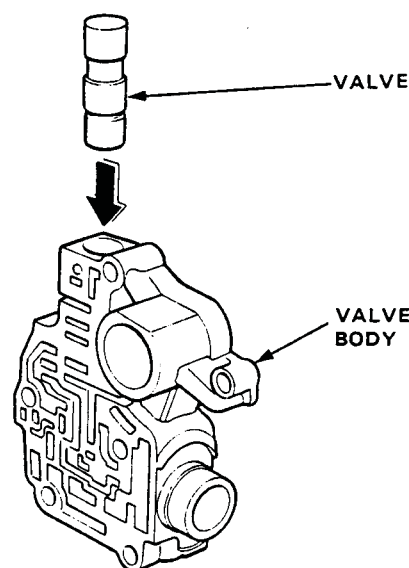
3. Inspect the valve for any scuff marks. Use the ATF-soaked #600 paper to polish off any burrs that are on the valve, then wash the valve in solvent and dry it with compressed air.
4. Roll up half a sheet of ATF-soaked paper and insert it in the valve bore of the sticking valve. Twist the paper slightly, so that it unrolls and fits the bore tightly, then polish the bore by twisting the paper as you push it in and out.

**CAUTION:** The valve body is aluminum and doesn't require much polishing to remove any burrs.

ATF-soaked  
#600 abrasive  
paper



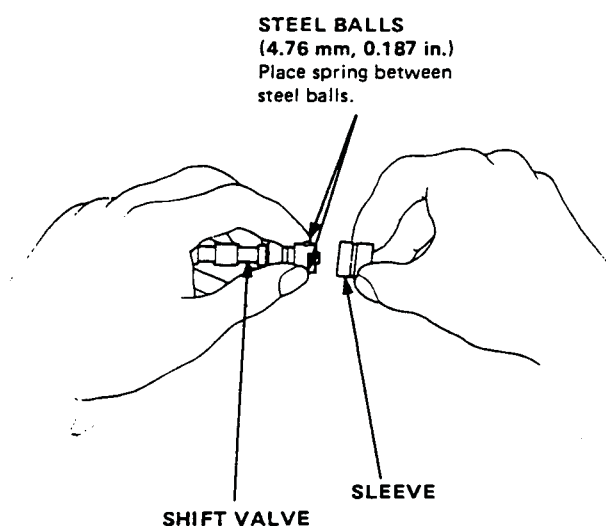
5. Remove the #600 paper and thoroughly wash the entire valve body in solvent, then dry with compressed air.
6. Coat the valve with ATF then drop it into its bore. It should drop to the bottom of the bore under its own weight. If not, repeat step 4, then retest.



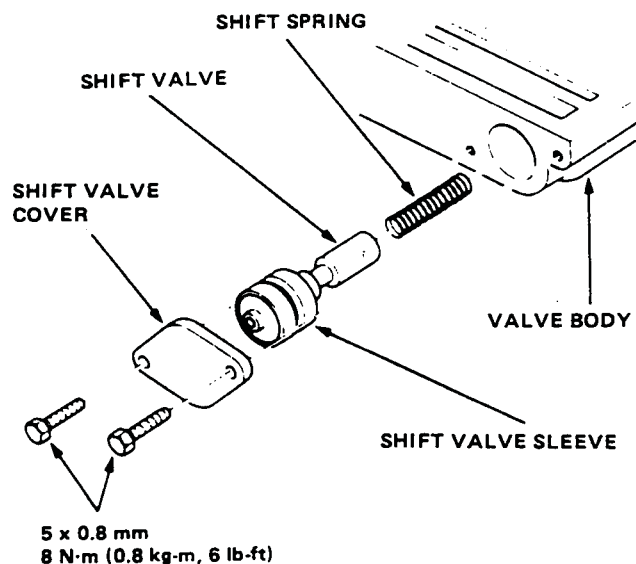
7. Remove the valve and thoroughly clean it and the valve body with solvent. Dry all parts with compressed air, then reassemble using ATF as a lubricant.

NOTE: Coat all parts with ATF before assembling.

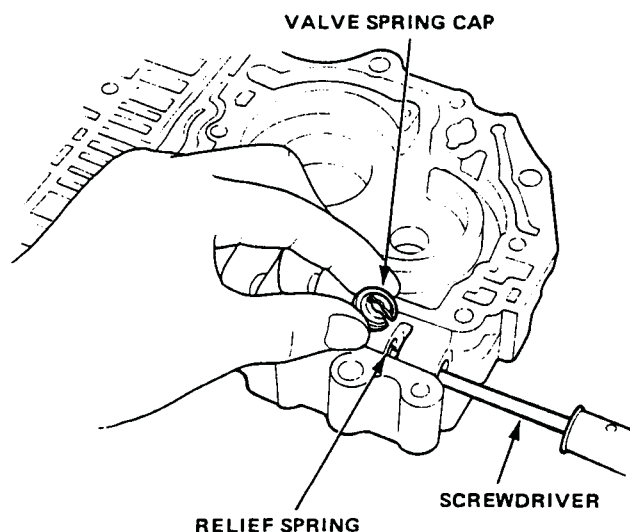
1. Slide the spring into the hole in the big end of the shift valve.  
While holding the steel balls with the tips of your fingers, put the sleeve over valve.



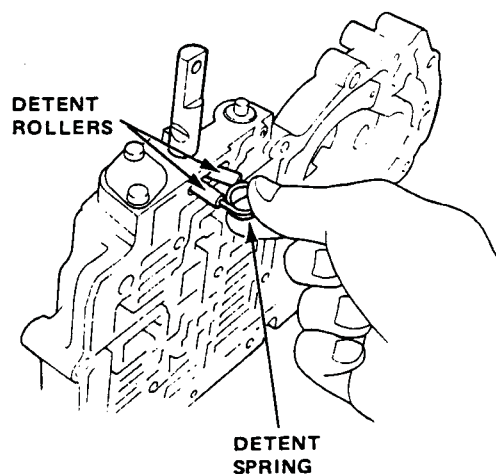
2. Place the shift spring in the valve, then slip it into the valve body and install the valve cover.



3. Set the relief spring in the relief valve and install it in the main valve body.
4. Install the spring with a screwdriver, then install the check valve cap with the cutout aligned with the screwdriver.

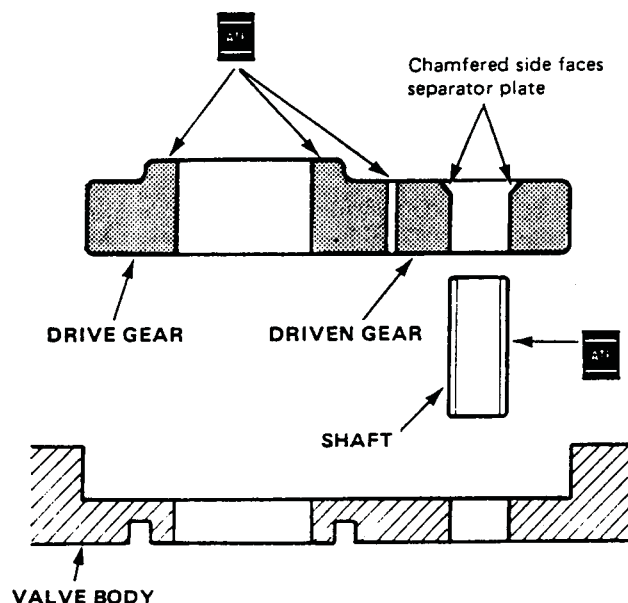


5. Install the manual valve, detent rollers and spring.



(cont'd)

6. Install the pump gears and shaft in the main valve body.

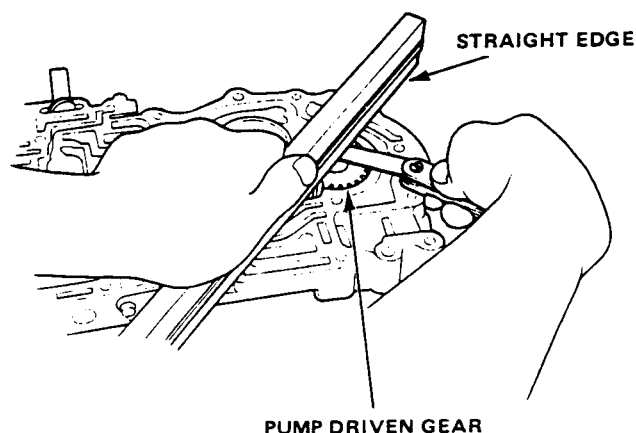


7. Measure the thrust clearance of the driven gear-to-valve body.

**Drive/Driven Gear thrust (Axial) Clearance:**

**Standard (New):** 0.03–0.05 mm  
(0.001–0.002 in.)

**Service Limit:** 0.07 mm (0.0028 in.)

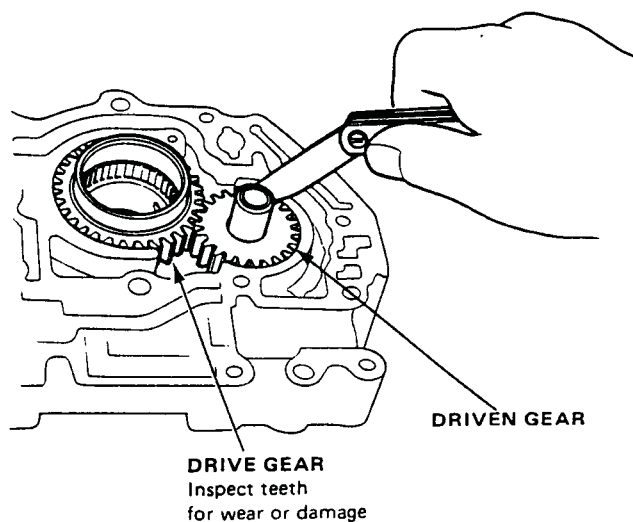


8. Install the oil pump shaft and measure the side clearance of the drive and driven gears.

**Pump Gears Side (Radial) Clearance:**

**Standard (New):** Drive gear 0.21–0.27 mm  
(0.008–0.010 in.)

Driven gear 0.05–0.09 mm  
(0.002–0.004 in.)

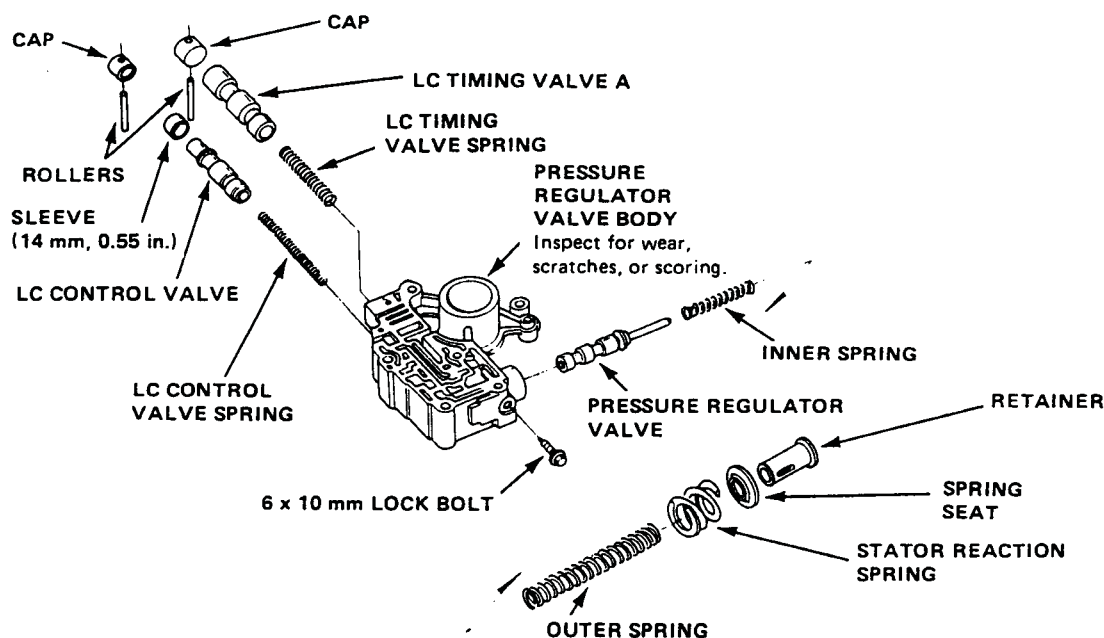


## Disassembly/Inspection

### NOTE:

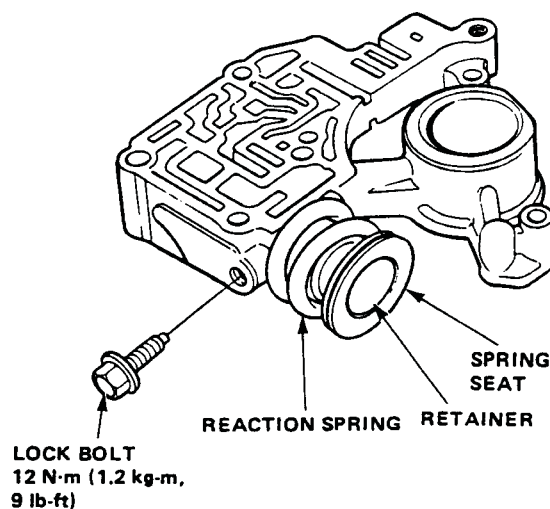
- Clean all parts thoroughly in solvent or carburetor cleaner.
- Replace valve body as assembly if any parts are worn or damaged.
- Check all valves for free movement, if any fail to slide freely,
- Coat all parts with ATF before reassembly.

1. Hold the retainer in place while removing the lock bolt. Once the bolt is removed, release the retainer slowly.



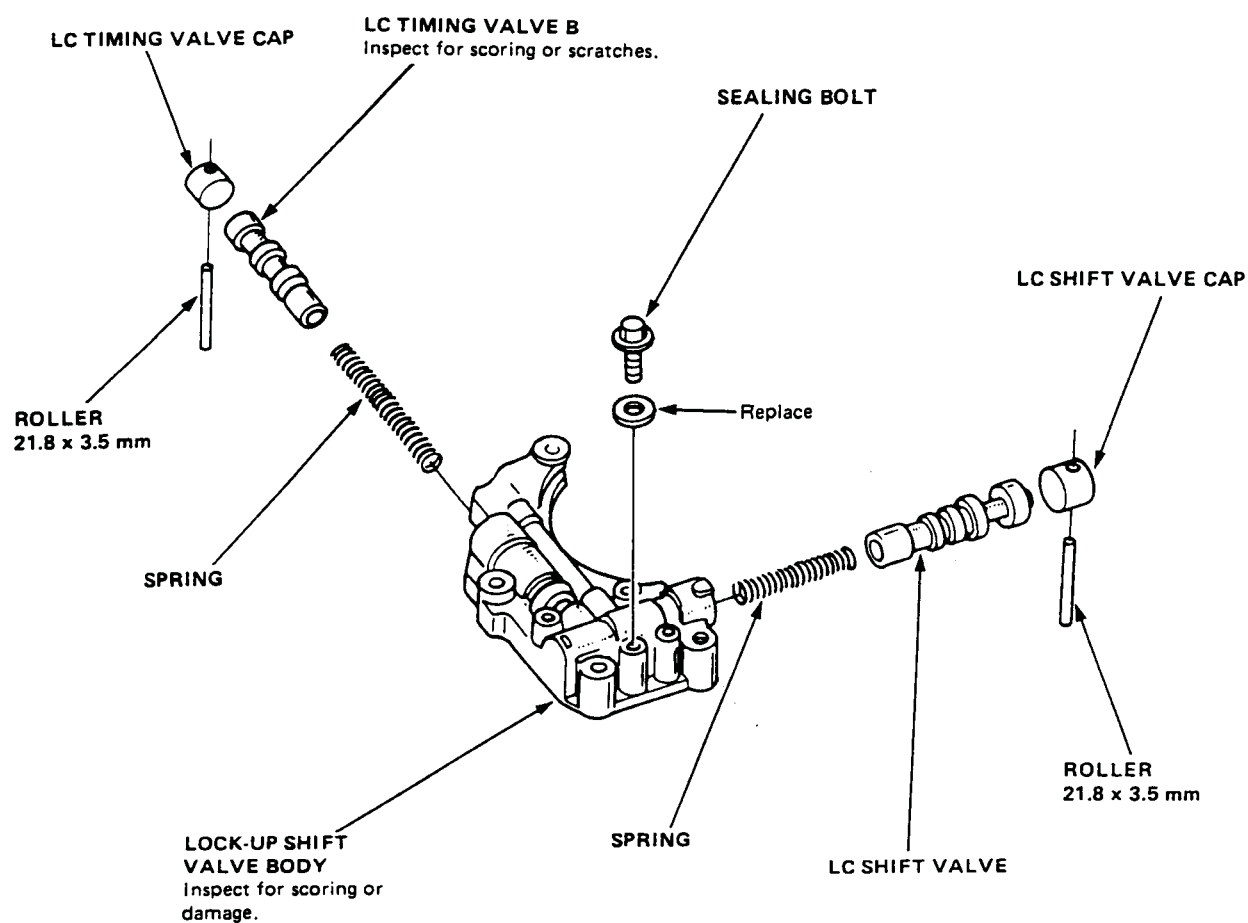
## Reassembly

1. Clean all parts thoroughly in solvent or carburetor cleaner, and dry with compressed air. Blow out all passages.
2. Coat all valves with ATF.
3. Install the pressure regulator valve, and the inner and outer springs.
4. Install the reaction spring, spring seat, and retainer. Align the hole in the retainer with the hole in the valve body, then press the retainer into the valve body and tighten the lock bolt.



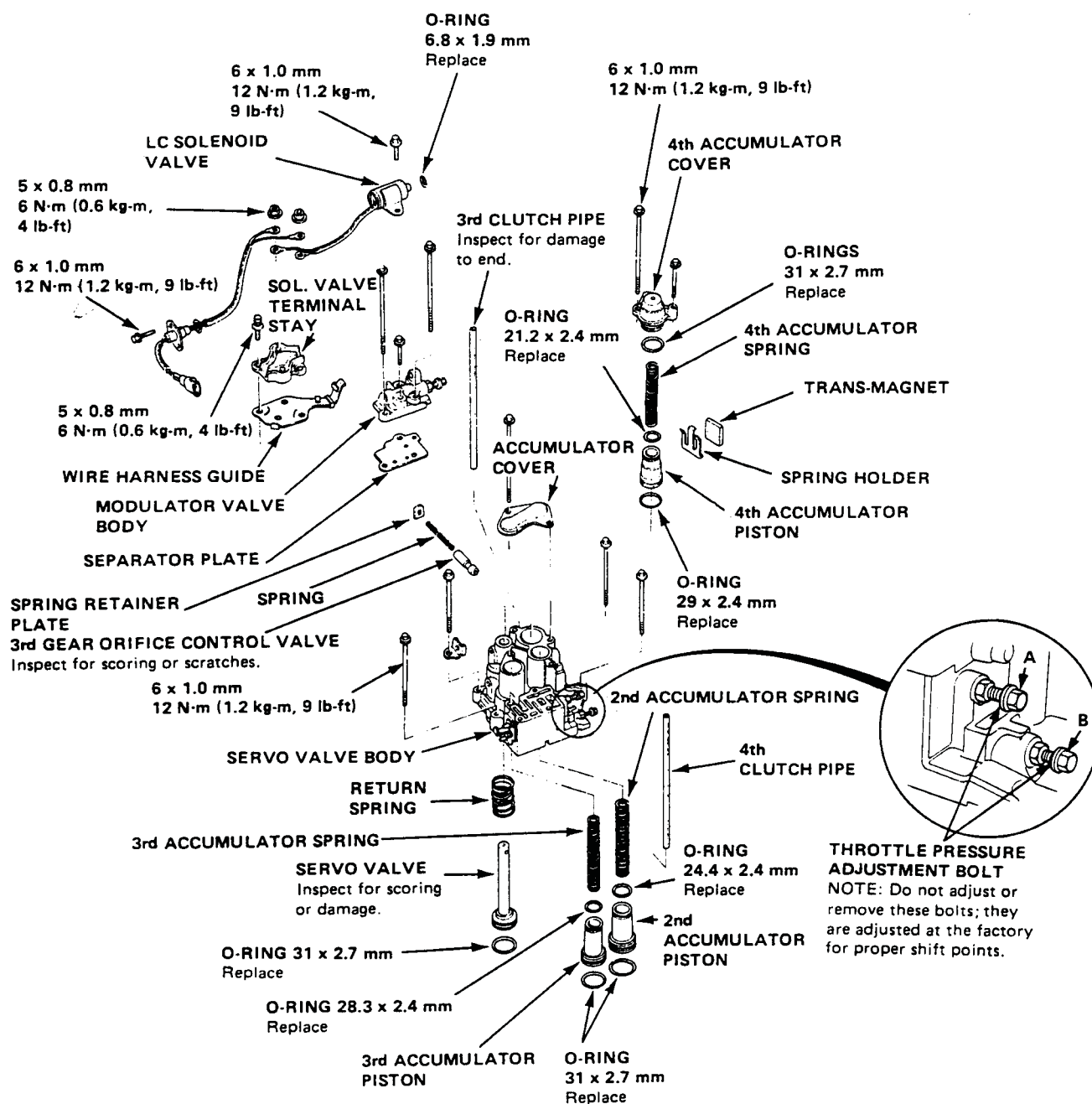
**NOTE:**

- Clean all parts thoroughly in solvent or carburetor cleaner.
- Replace valve body as assembly if any parts are worn or damaged.
- Check all valves for free movement, if any fail to slide freely,
- See Section 3 for spring specifications.
- Coat all parts with ATF before reassembly.



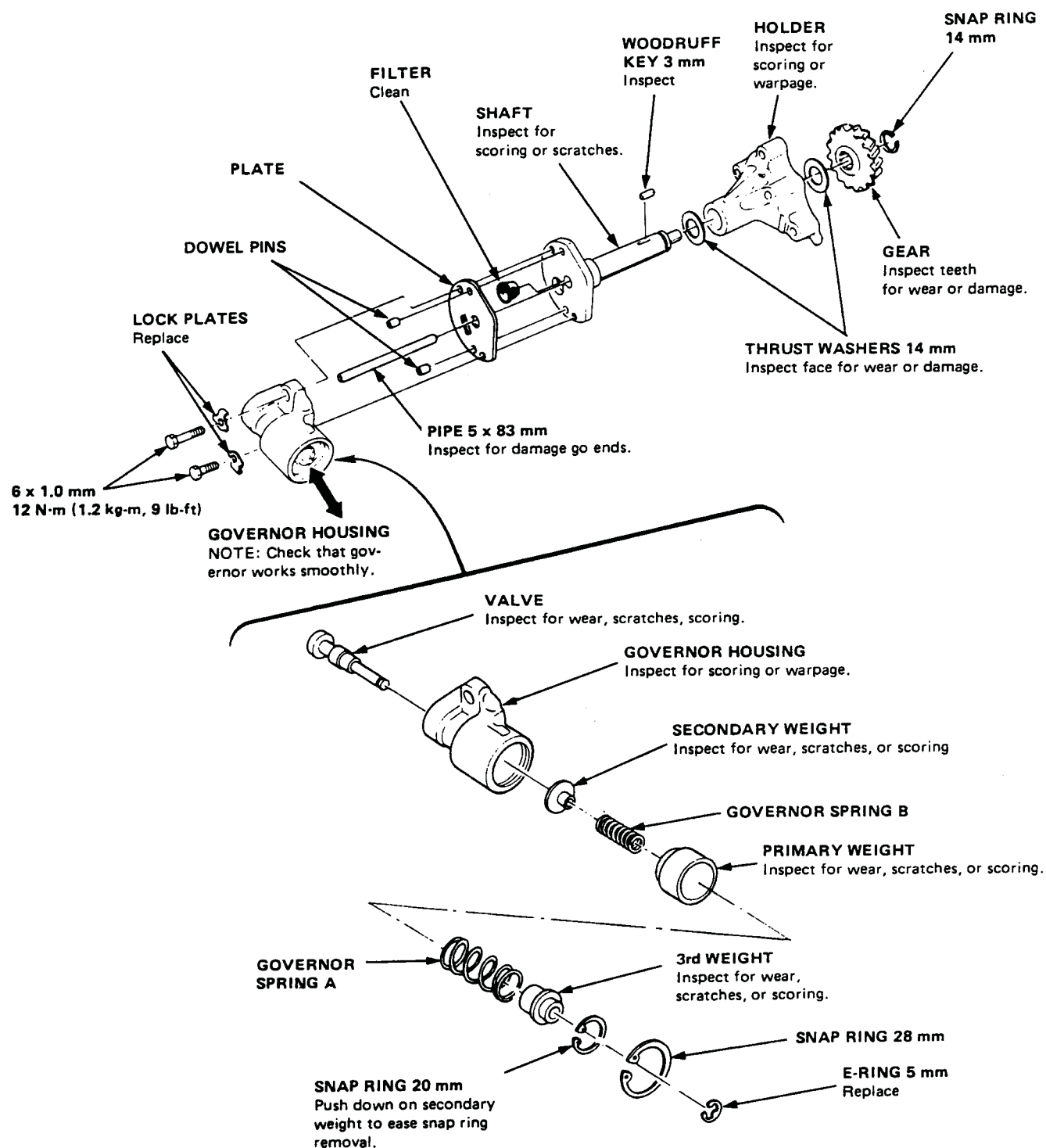
**NOTE:**

- Clean all parts thoroughly in solvent or carburetor cleaner, and dry with compressed air. Blow out all passages.
- Check all valves for free movement. If any fail to slide freely,
- See Section 3 for spring specifications.



**NOTE:**

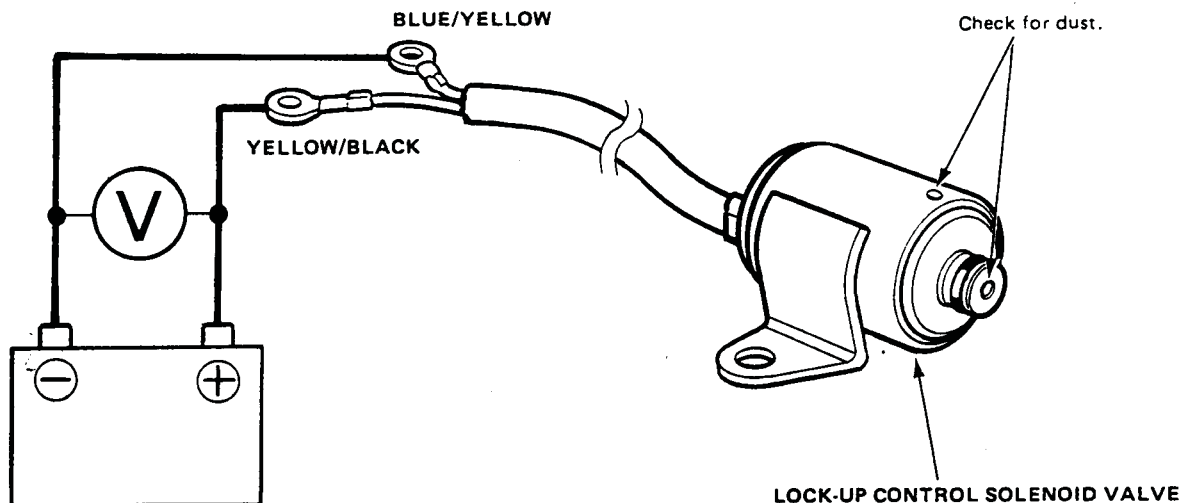
- Clean all parts thoroughly in solvent or carburetor cleaner, and dry with compressed air. Blow out all passages.
- Check that the governor works smoothly; if it does not, replace the housing/valve assembly.
- See Section 3 for spring specifications.
- Coat all parts with ATF before reassembly.





1. Lock-up control solenoid valve inspection

- Connect the yellow/black terminal of the lock-up control solenoid valve to the battery positive (+) terminal and the blue/yellow terminal of the solenoid valve to the battery negative (-) terminal.
- Clicking sound should be heard, with each connection.
- Check the solenoid valve to see that there is no dust or dirt at the points shown.

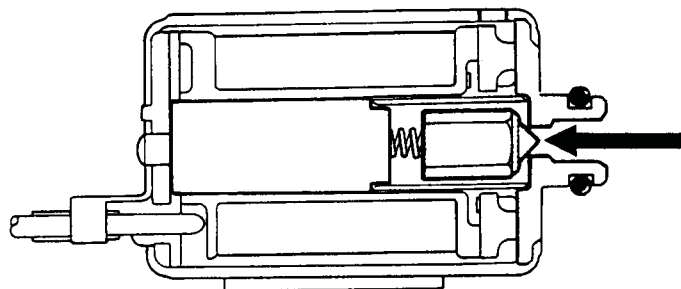


2. Make the following measurements while the solenoid valve is in operation.

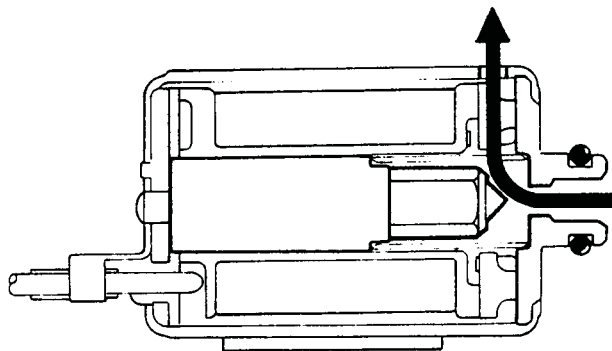
- Measure the resistance of the solenoid valve.  
**STANDARD: 11.0–13.0  $\Omega$**
- Measure the voltage as the valve just opens.  
**STANDARD: 5.5–7.5 V (Atmospheric pressure at room temperature)**

3. Replace the solenoid valve if the measurements are outside of the standard values.  
Also replace the solenoid valve if there are signs of dust at the entry or exit ports.

**CLOSED:**

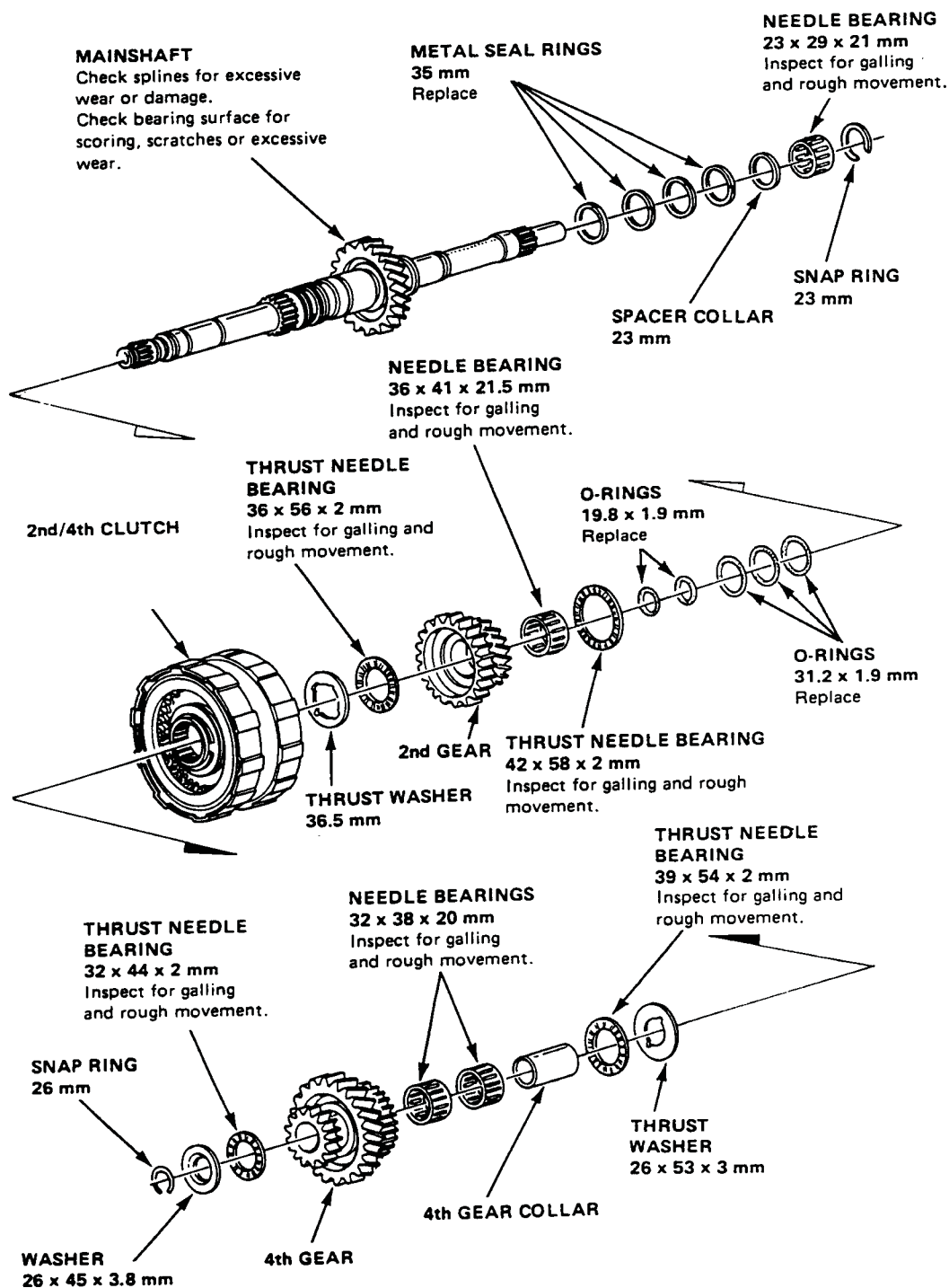


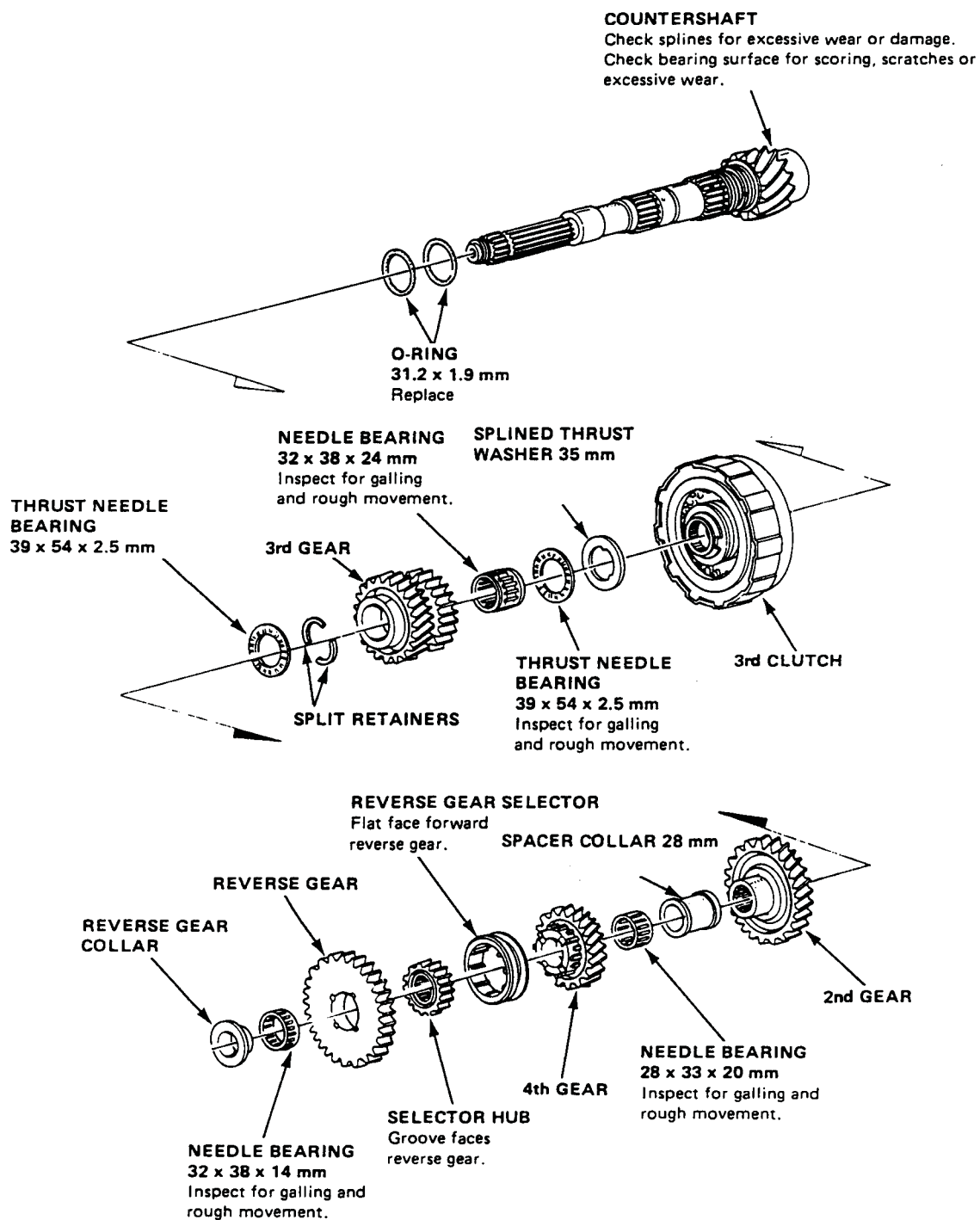
**OPEN:**



**NOTE:**

- Lubricate all parts with ATF during reassembly.
- Install thrust needle bearings with unrolled edge of bearing retainer facing washer.



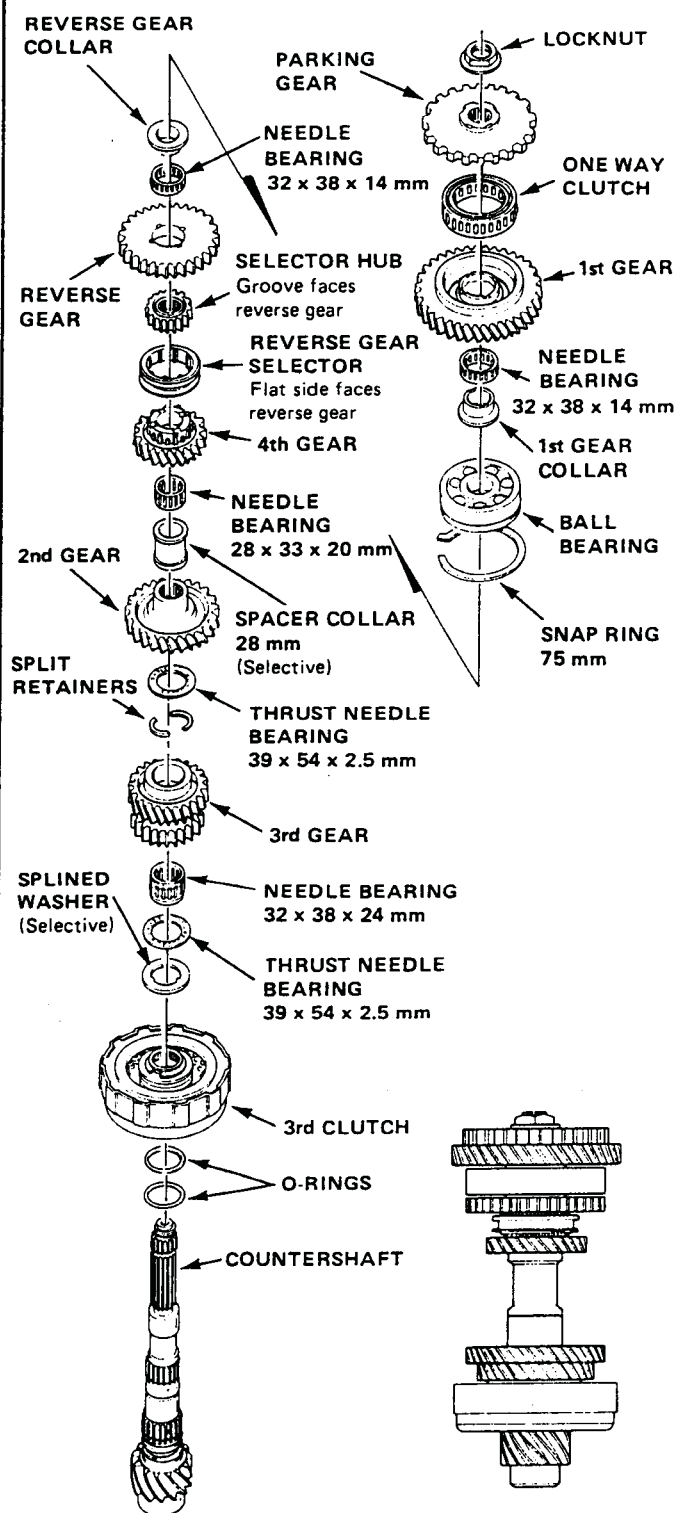


1. Remove both the mainshaft and countershaft bearings from the transmission housing.
2. Assemble the mainshaft and the countershaft including bearings and all parts shown below.
3. Install the mainshaft and countershaft assemblies into the torque converter housing.
4. Install the mainshaft holder to prevent the shafts from turning.
5. Torque the mainshaft locknut to 35 N·m (3.5 kg-m, 25 lb-ft). (Left-hand threads).
6. Hold the parking gear on the countershaft with your hand and torque the countershaft locknut to 35 N·m (3.5 kg-m, 25 lb-ft).
7. Measure clearances as described on the next page.



Lubricate all parts with ATF before final reassembly.

## Countershaft Assembly

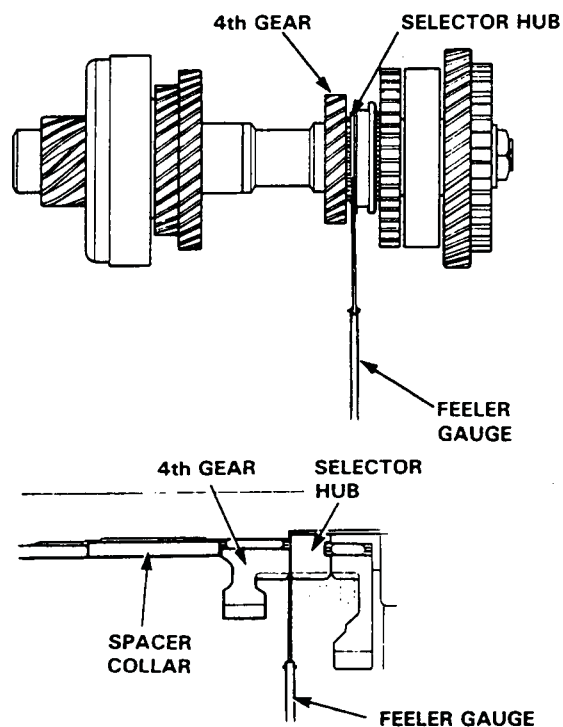


ASSEMBLED COUNTERSHAFT

8. On the countershaft, measure the clearance between the shoulder on the selector hub and the shoulder on 4th gear.

## Countershaft 4th Gear Clearance:

Standard: 0.07–0.15 mm (0.003–0.006 in.)



If clearance exceeds the service limit, measure the thickness of the spacer collar and select one which gives correct clearance.

## Replacement spacer collars:

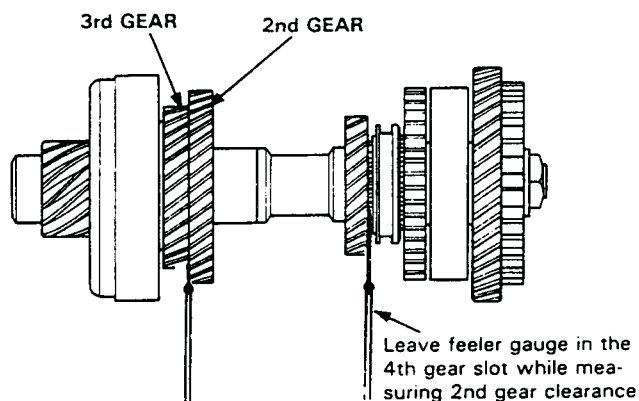
P/N	THICKNESS
90501-PG4-000	47.50 mm (1.870 in.)
90502-PG4-000	47.55 mm (1.872 in.)
90503-PG4-000	47.60 mm (1.874 in.)
90504-PG4-000	47.65 mm (1.876 in.)
90505-PG4-000	47.70 mm (1.878 in.)
90506-PG4-000	47.75 mm (1.880 in.)
90507-PG4-000	47.80 mm (1.882 in.)

NOTE: Leave feeler gauge in place (4th gear) while measuring 2nd gear clearance.

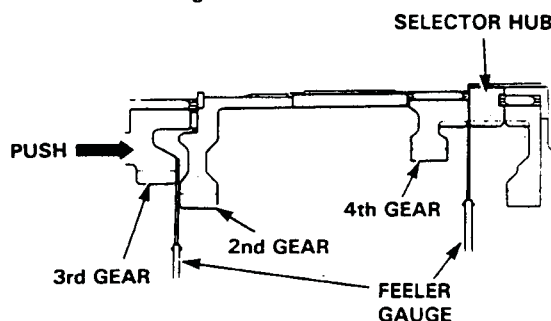
## Countershaft 2nd Gear Clearance:

Standard: 0.07–0.15 mm (0.003–0.006 in.)

9. Slide the 3rd gear out fully. Measure and record the clearance between the 2nd and 3rd gears with a feeler gauge.



- Slide the 3rd gear in fully and again measure the clearance between the 2nd and 3rd gears with another feeler gauge.
- Calculate the difference between the two readings to determine the actual clearance between the two gears.

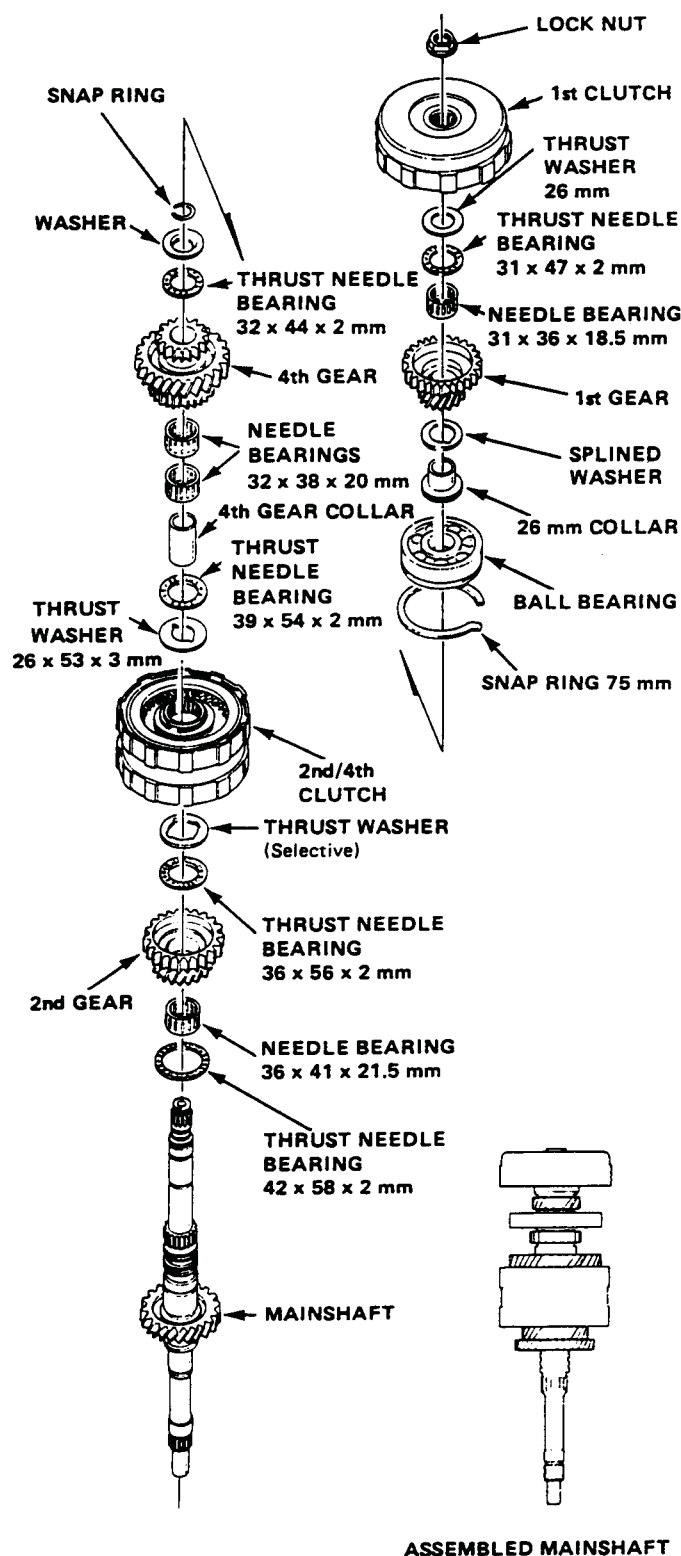


If clearance exceeds service limit, measure the thickness of the splined thrust washer (35 mm I.D.) and select one which gives the proper clearance.

## Replacement splined thrust washers:

P/N	THICKNESS
90411-PG4-000	4.50 mm (0.177 in.)
90412-PG4-000	4.55 mm (0.179 in.)
90413-PG4-000	4.60 mm (0.181 in.)
90414-PG4-000	4.65 mm (0.183 in.)
90415-PG4-000	4.70 mm (0.185 in.)
90416-PG4-000	4.75 mm (0.187 in.)
90417-PG4-000	4.80 mm (0.189 in.)
90418-PG4-000	4.85 mm (0.191 in.)
90419-PG4-000	4.90 mm (0.193 in.)

## Mainshaft Assembly

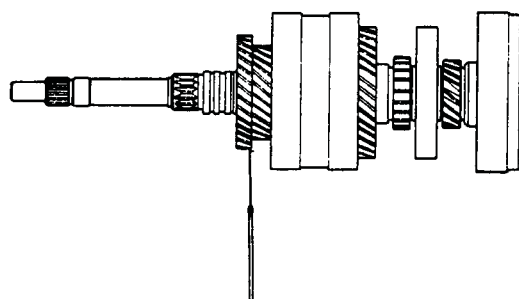


NOTE: Make all measurements before changing the thrust washers. Recheck after making the adjustments.

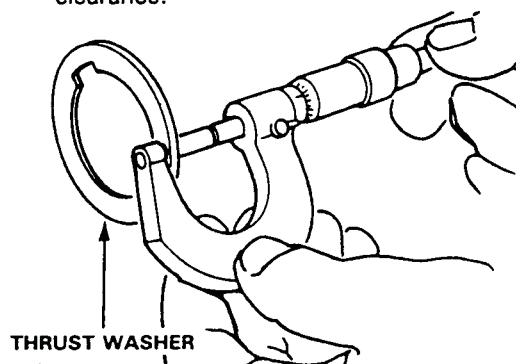
10. On the mainshaft measure the clearance between the shoulder of 2nd gear and main 3rd gear, the same way you did on the countershaft in step 9.

**Mainshaft 2nd Gear Clearance:**

Standard (New): 0.07–0.15 mm  
(0.003–0.006 in.)



If the clearance exceeds the service limit, measure the thickness of the 2nd clutch thrust washer (36.5 mm I.D.) and select one which gives the correct clearance.



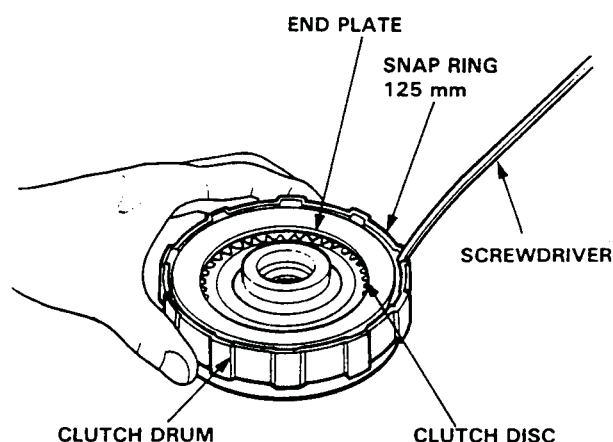
Replacement washer (36.5 mm I.D.)

P/N	THICKNESS
90441-PG4-000	4.00 mm (0.157 in.)
90442-PG4-000	4.05 mm (0.159 in.)
90443-PG4-000	4.10 mm (0.161 in.)
90444-PG4-000	4.15 mm (0.163 in.)
90445-PG4-000	4.20 mm (0.165 in.)
90446-PG4-000	4.25 mm (0.167 in.)
90447-PG4-000	4.30 mm (0.169 in.)
90448-PG4-000	4.35 mm (0.171 in.)
90449-PG4-000	4.40 mm (0.173 in.)

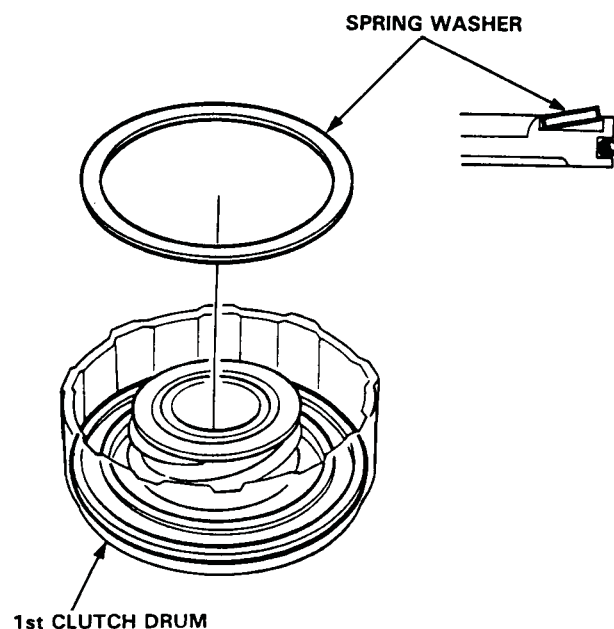
**NOTE:**

- The 1st and 3rd clutches are identical except for the spring washers: 1st clutch spring washer can be removed, while the 3rd clutch spring washer can not.
- The 2nd and 4th clutches are identical except for the spring washers: 2nd clutch spring washer can be removed, while the 4th clutch spring washer can not.
- To disassemble the 2nd/4th clutch, use the special tool in Step 3 in the same manner as for the 1st and 3rd clutches.

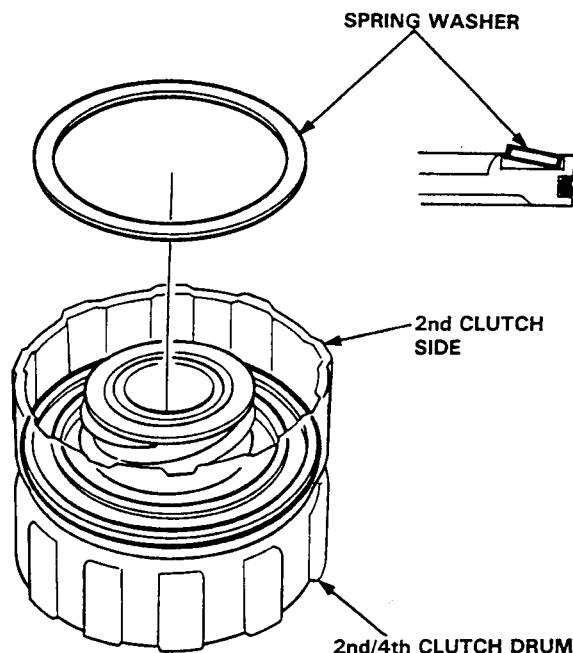
1. Remove the snap ring.



- 2-①. 1st clutch:  
Remove the end plate, clutch discs and plates.  
Also remove the spring washer.



- 2-②. 2nd clutch:  
Remove the end plate, clutch discs and plates.  
Also remove the spring washer.



- 2-③. 3rd clutch:  
Remove the end plate, clutch discs and plates.

**NOTE:** Spring washer can not and must not be removed from the 3rd clutch as it is staked.

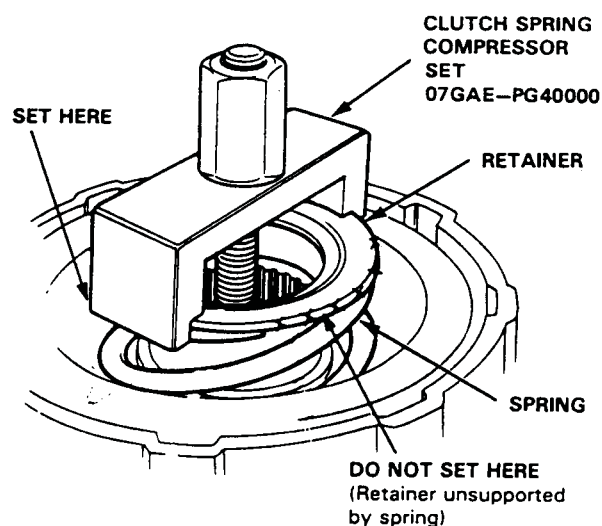
- 2-④. 4th clutch:  
Remove the end plate, clutch discs and plates.

**NOTE:** Spring washer can not and must not be removed from the 4th clutch as it is staked.

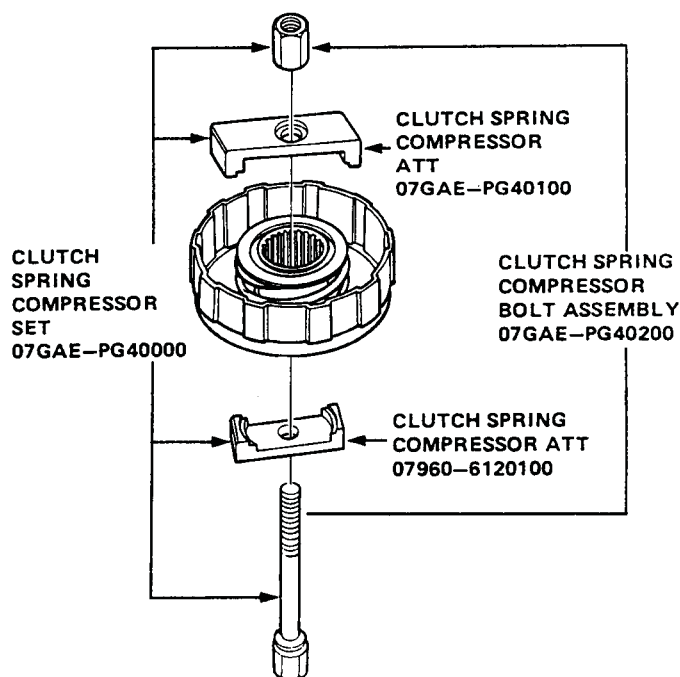


3. Install the clutch spring compressor as shown.

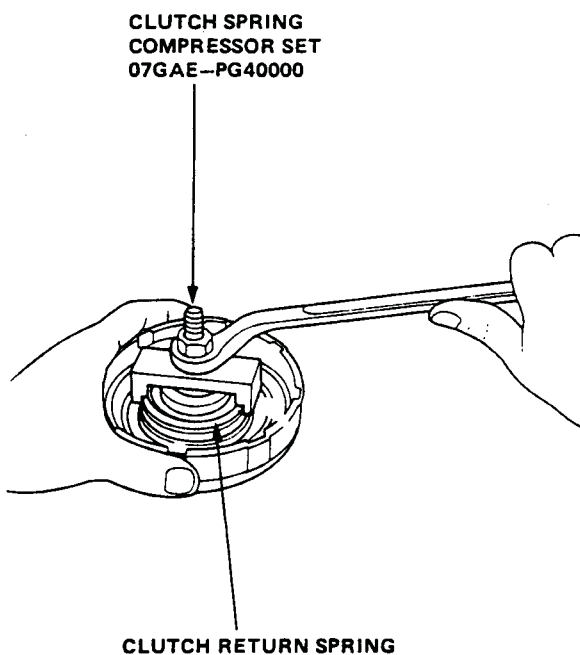
**CAUTION:** If either end of the compressor attachment is set over an area of the retainer which is unsupported by the spring, the retainer may be damaged.



## 1st and 3rd Clutches

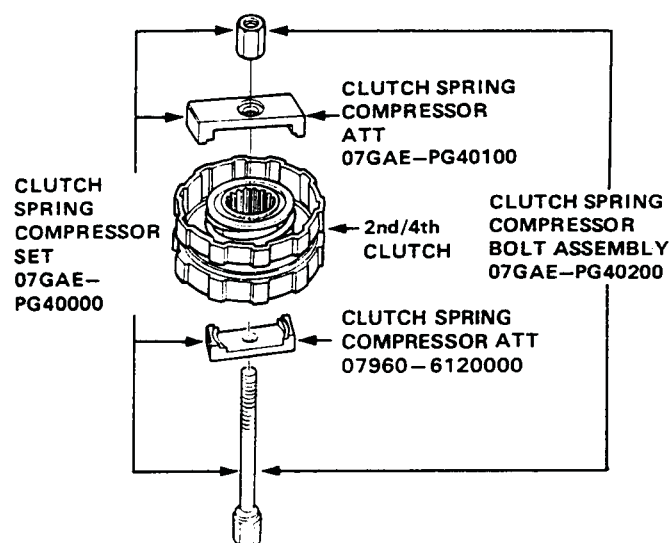


- Compress the clutch return spring.

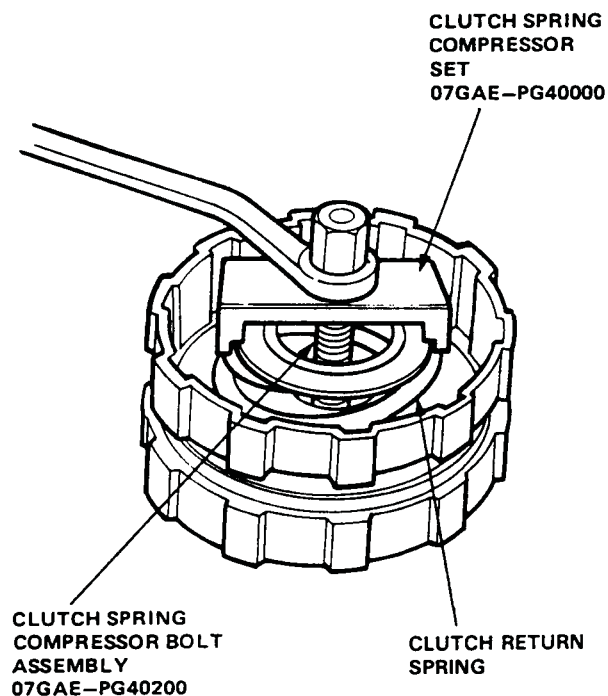


## 2nd/4th Clutch

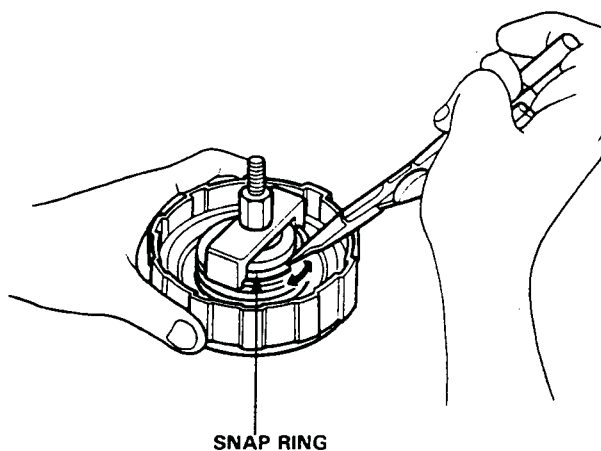
- Assemble the spring compressor on the clutch drum.



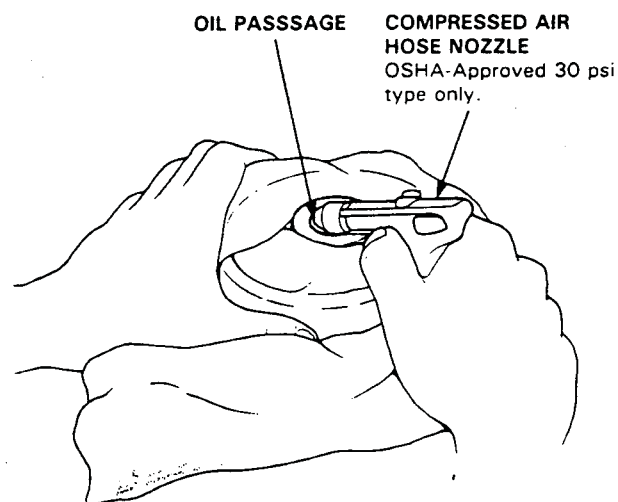
- Compress the clutch return spring.



- Remove the snap ring. Then remove the clutch spring compressor, spring retainer and spring.

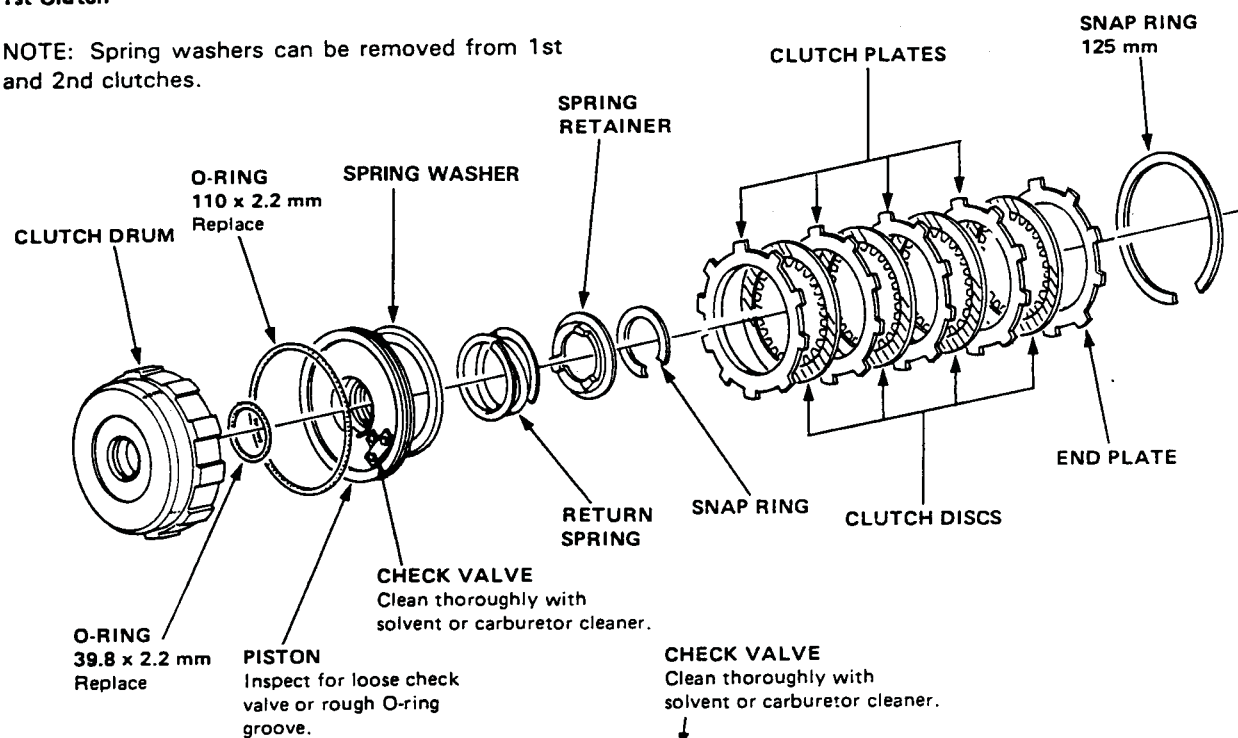


- Wrap a shop rag around the clutch drum and apply air pressure to the oil passage to remove the piston. Place a finger tip on the other end while applying air pressure.

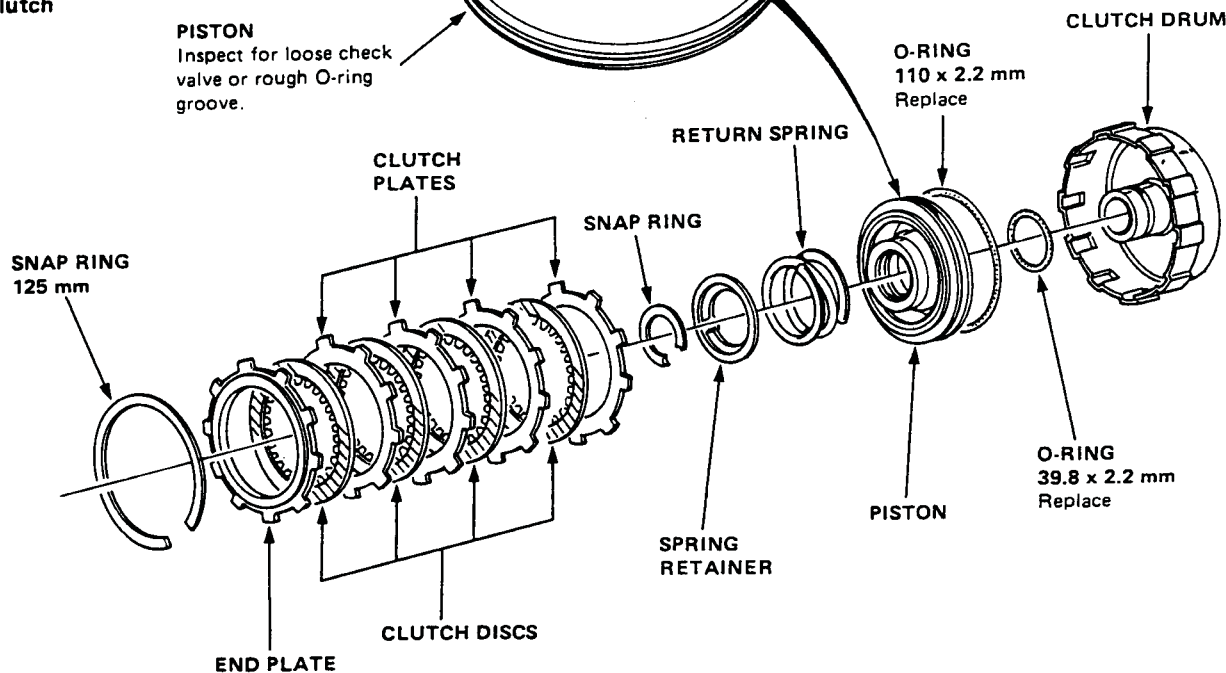


## 1st Clutch

NOTE: Spring washers can be removed from 1st and 2nd clutches.

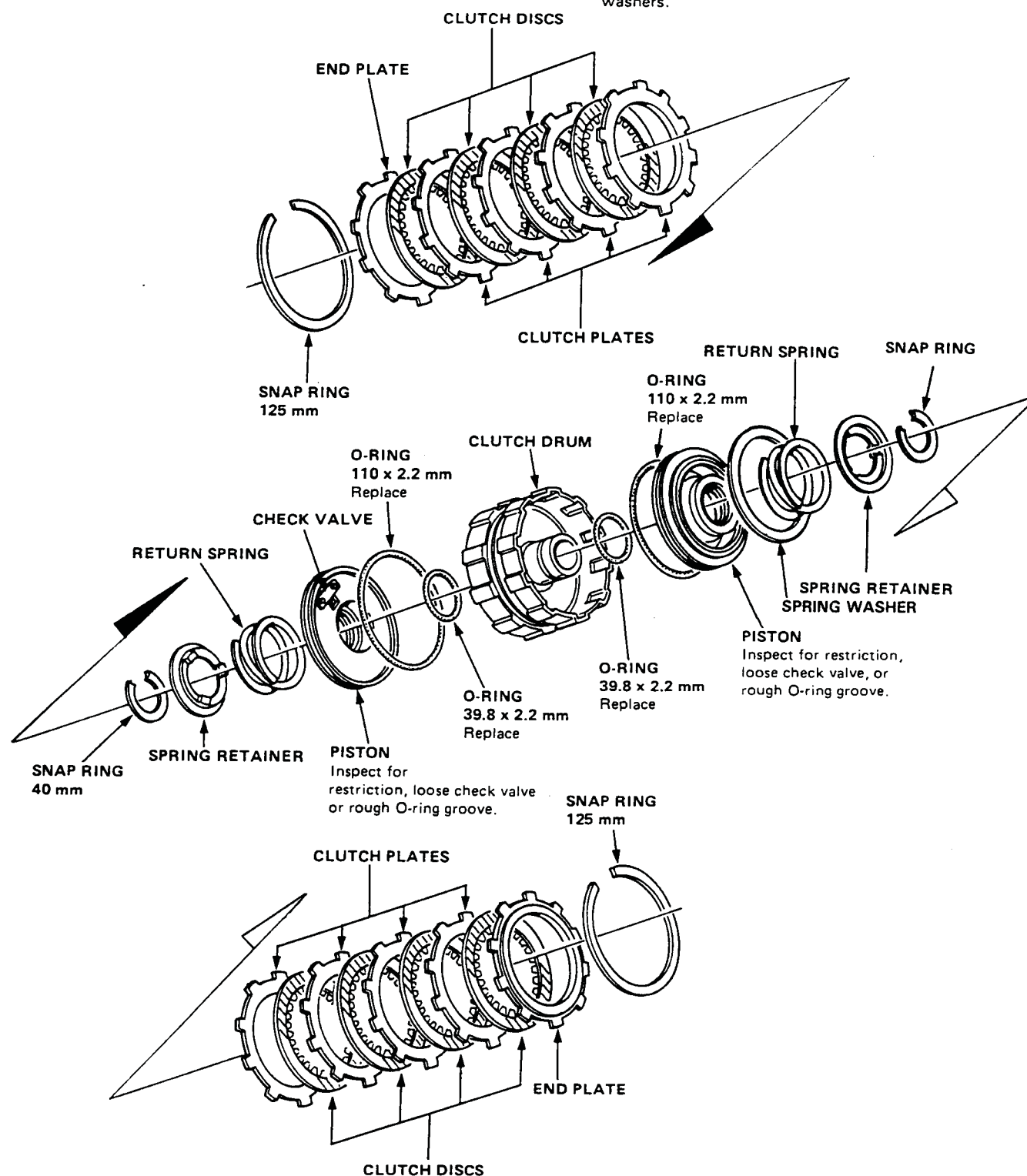


## 3rd Clutch



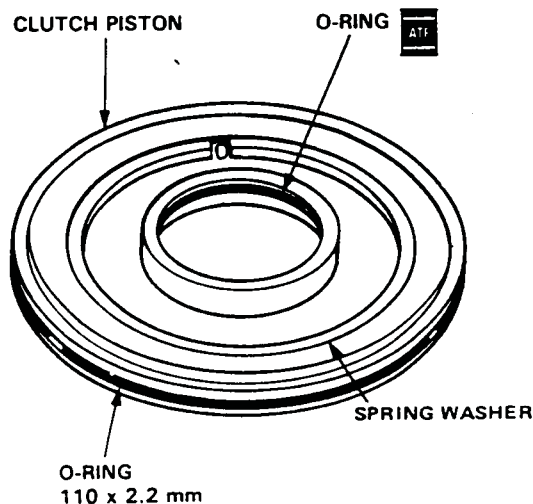
## 2nd/4th Clutch

NOTE: The 2nd clutch spring washer faces the opposite direction of the 1st, 3rd and 4th clutch spring washers.

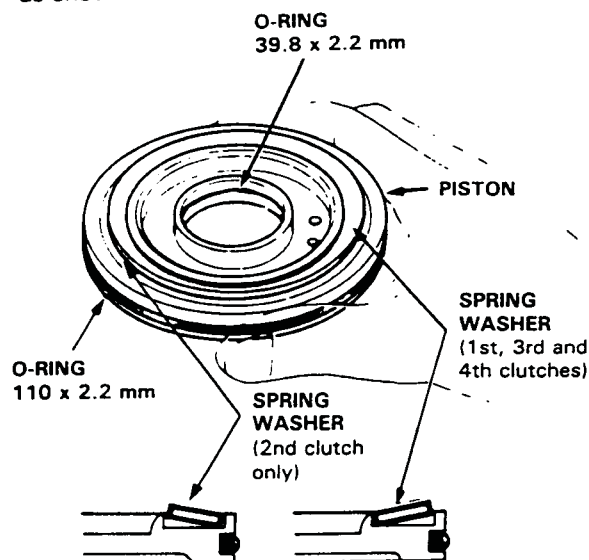


**NOTE:**

- The 1st and 3rd clutch assemblies are identical except installing the spring washer in the 1st clutch.
  - The 2nd and 4th clutch assemblies are identical except installing the spring washer in the 2nd clutch.
  - The 2nd clutch spring washer faces the opposite direction of the 1st, 3rd and 4th clutch spring washers.
  - To reassemble the 2nd/4th clutch, use the special tool in Step 7 in the same manner as for the 1st and 3rd clutches.
1. Clean all parts thoroughly in solvent, and dry with compressed air. Blow out all passages.
  2. Lubricate all parts with ATF before reassembly.



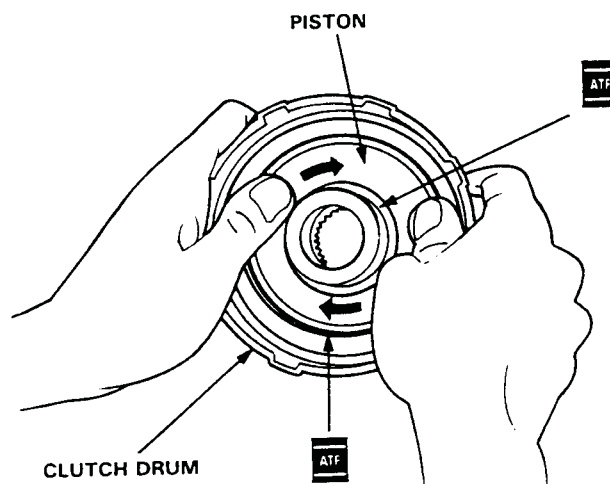
3. Install new O-ring on clutch piston. Make sure the spring washer is properly positioned as shown.



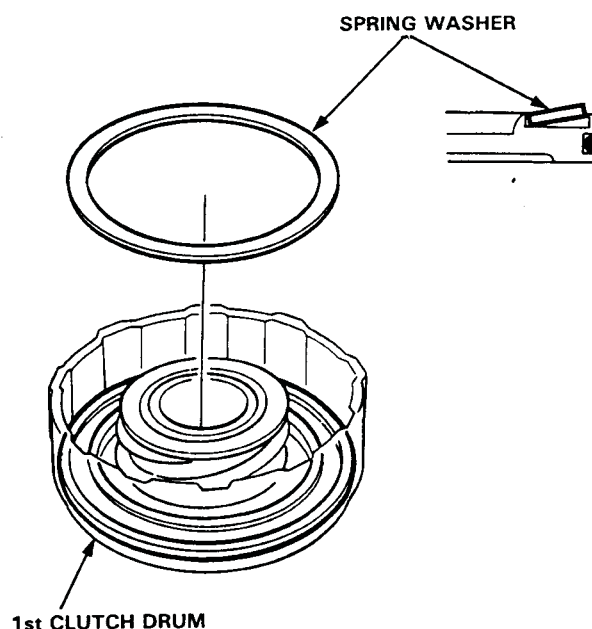
4. Install the piston in the clutch drum. Apply pressure and rotate to ensure proper seating.

**NOTE:** Lubricate the piston O-ring with ATF before installing.

**CAUTION:** Do not pinch O-ring by forcing piston installation.

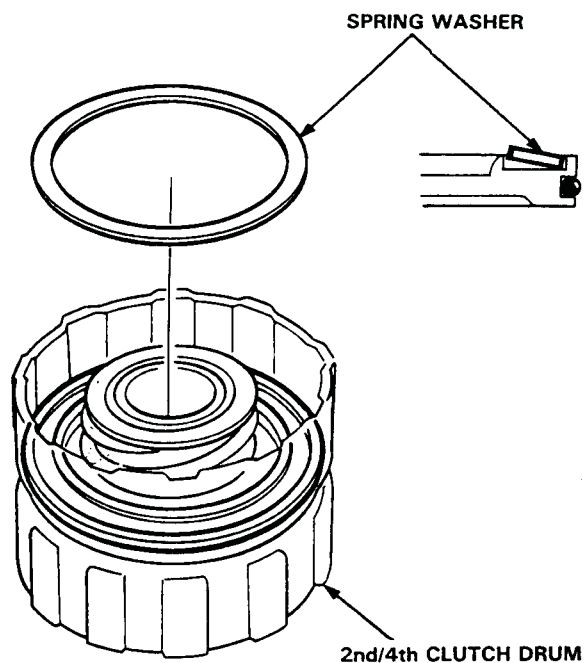


1st clutch:  
Install the spring washer.



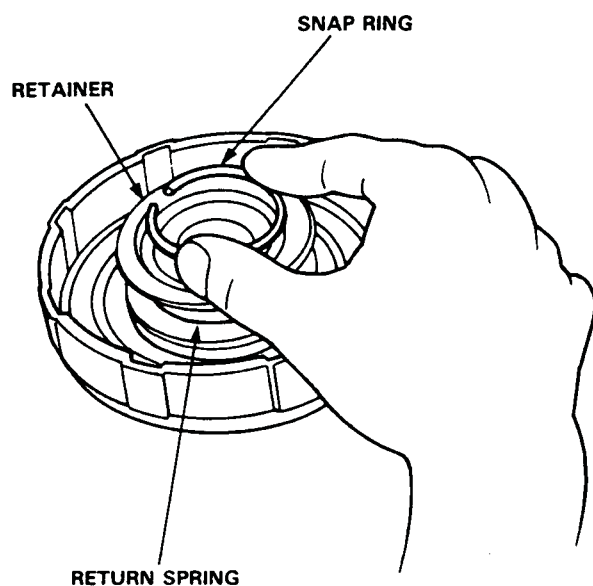
2nd clutch:  
Install the spring washer.

NOTE: 2nd clutch spring washer faces the opposite direction of 1st clutch spring washer.



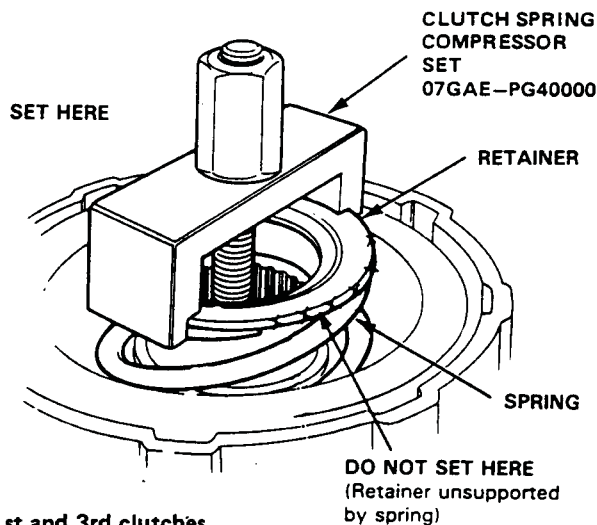
5. Install the return spring and retainer.

6. Position the snap ring on the spring retainer.



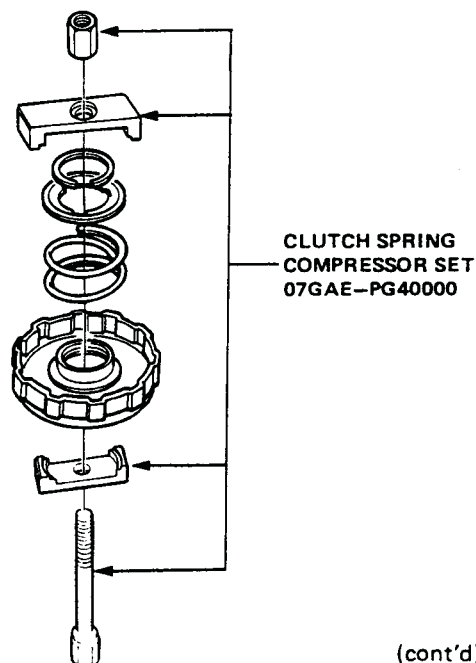
7. Assemble the spring compressor on the clutch drum.

**CAUTION:** If either end of the compressor attachment is set over an area of the retainer which is unsupported by the spring, the retainer may be damaged.



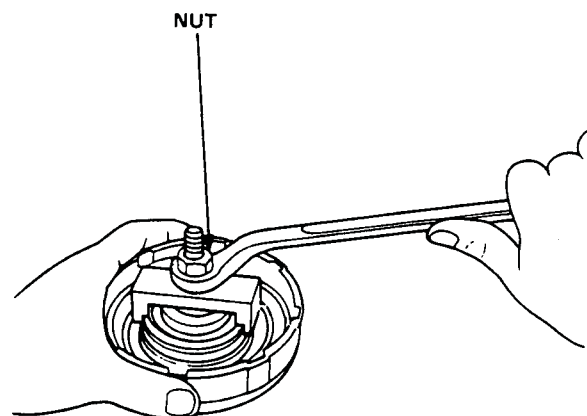
1st and 3rd clutches

- Assemble the spring compressor on the clutch drum.



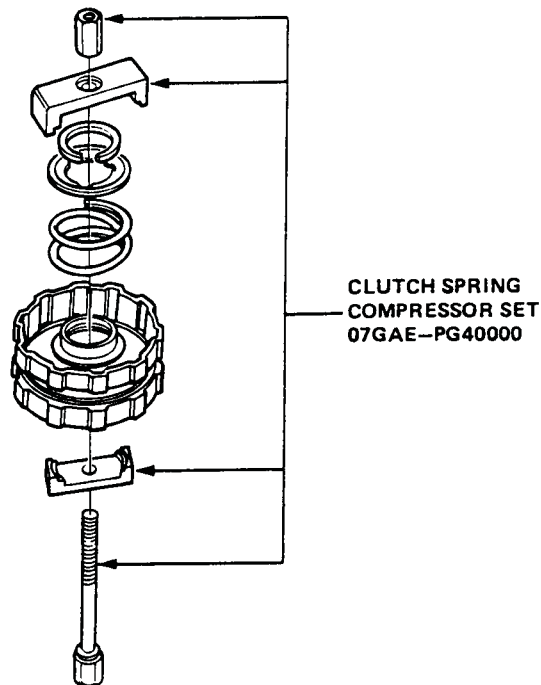
(cont'd)

8. Compress the spring until the retainer is below the snap ring groove in the hub.

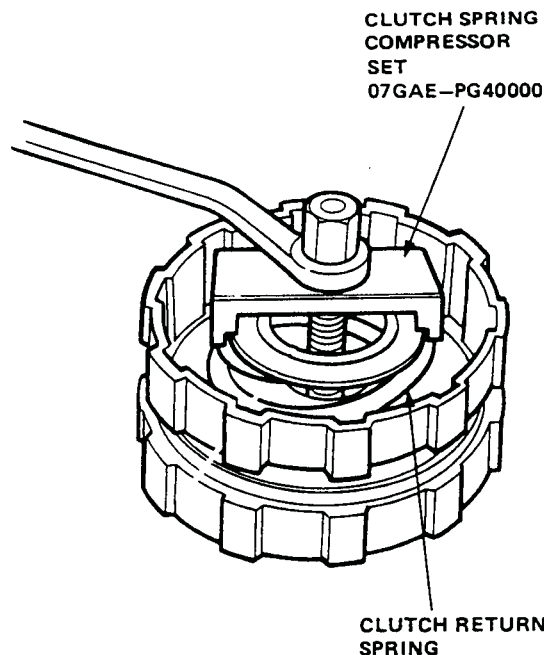


## 2nd/4th Clutch

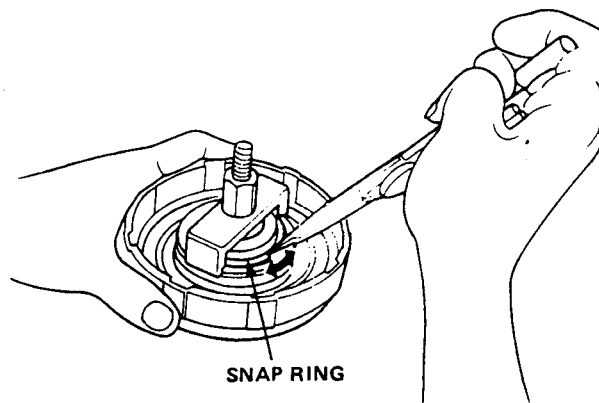
- Assemble the spring compressor on the clutch drum.



- Compress the clutch return spring.



9. Then install the snap ring (with its rounded edge facing in) in the hub groove and remove the spring compressor.

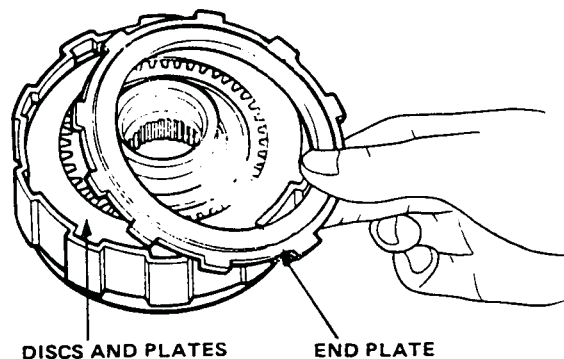




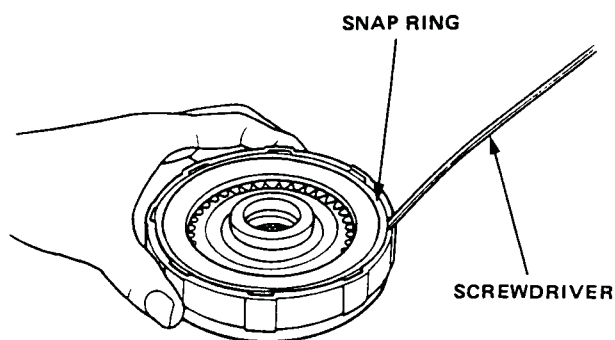
10. Soak the clutch discs thoroughly in automatic transmission fluid for a minimum of 30 minutes.

11. Starting with a clutch plate, alternately install the clutch plates and discs. Install the clutch end plate with flat side toward the disc.

**NOTE:** Before installing the plates and discs, make sure the inside of the clutch drum is free of grit or other foreign matter.



12. Install the 125 mm snap ring.

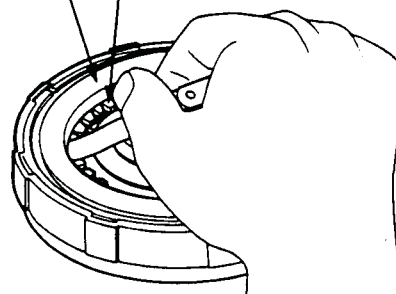


13. Using bent feeler gauges, carefully measure the clearance between the clutch end plate and the top disc. Do not damage the disc.

**End Plate-to-Top Disc Clearance:**

	Service Limit	
LOW	0.65–0.85 mm	(0.026–0.033 in.)
2ND	0.50–0.70 mm	(0.020–0.028 in.)
3RD	0.50–0.70 mm	(0.020–0.028 in.)
4TH	0.40–0.60 mm	(0.016–0.024 in.)

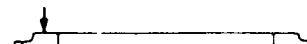
END PLATE TOP DISC



14. If not within service limit, select a new clutch end plate from following table.

P/N	PLATE NO.	THICKNESS
22551–PF4–000	1	2.1 mm (0.082 in.)
22552–PF4–000	2	2.2 mm (0.086 in.)
22553–PF4–000	3	2.3 mm (0.090 in.)
22554–PF4–000	4	2.4 mm (0.094 in.)
22555–PF4–000	5	2.5 mm (0.098 in.)
22556–PF4–000	6	2.6 mm (0.102 in.)
22557–PF4–000	7	2.7 mm (0.106 in.)
22558–PF4–000	8	2.8 mm (0.110 in.)
22559–PF4–000	9	2.9 mm (0.114 in.)
22560–PF4–000	10	3.0 mm (0.118 in.)
22561–PF4–000	11	3.1 mm (0.122 in.)
22562–PF4–000	12	3.2 mm (0.126 in.)
22563–PF4–000	13	3.3 mm (0.130 in.)
22564–PF4–000	14	3.4 mm (0.134 in.)

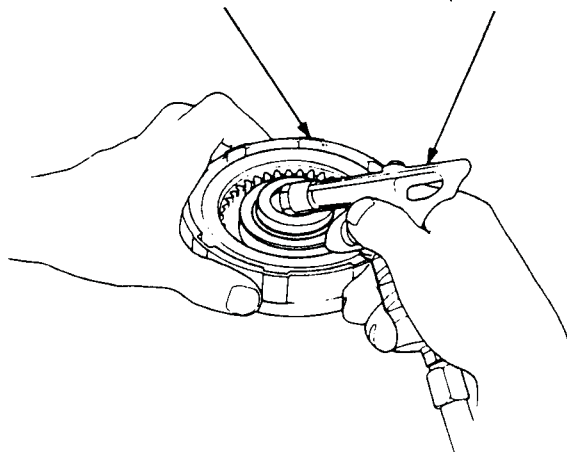
NUMBER



END PLATE

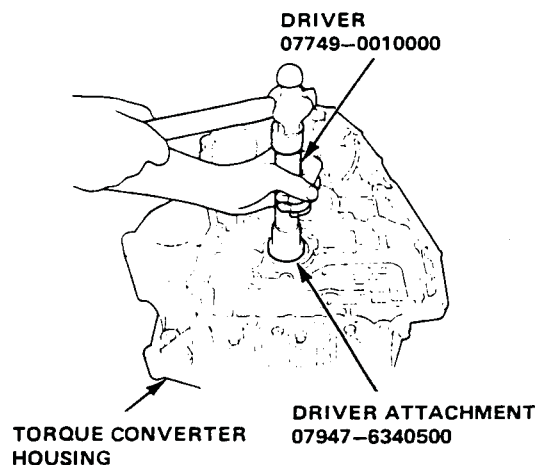
15. Check the clutch engagement by blowing air into the oil passage in the clutch drum hub. Remove the air pressure and check that the clutch releases.

CLUTCH ASSEMBLY  
OSHA APPROVED  
30 psi NOZZLE

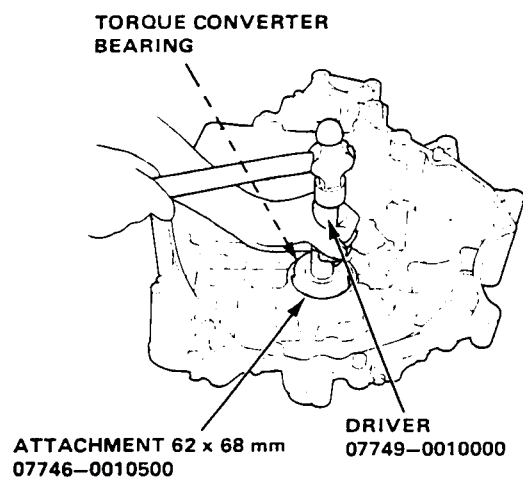


## Torque converter housing

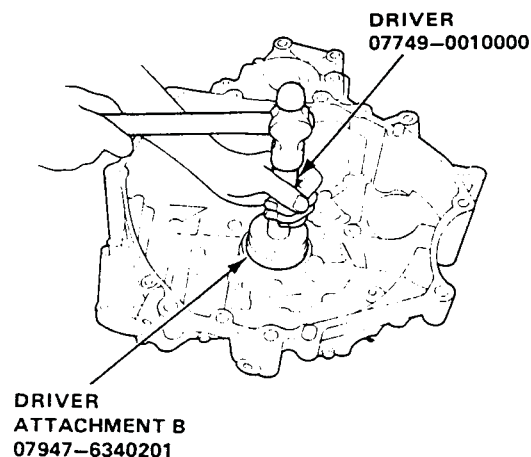
1. Remove the mainshaft bearing and seal from the torque converter housing.



2. Drive in the new mainshaft bearing until it bottoms in housing.



3. Then install the new mainshaft seal flush with the housing, using driver attachment B 07947-6340201.

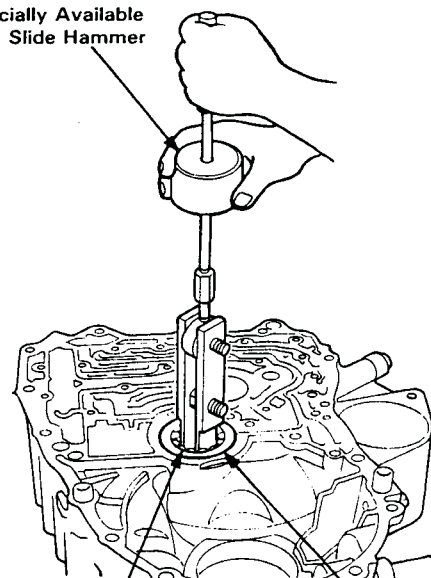


4. Turn the torque converter housing over and remove the countershaft bearing.

**BEARING/TRANSMISSION  
CASE PULLER SET  
07936-6340000**

or:

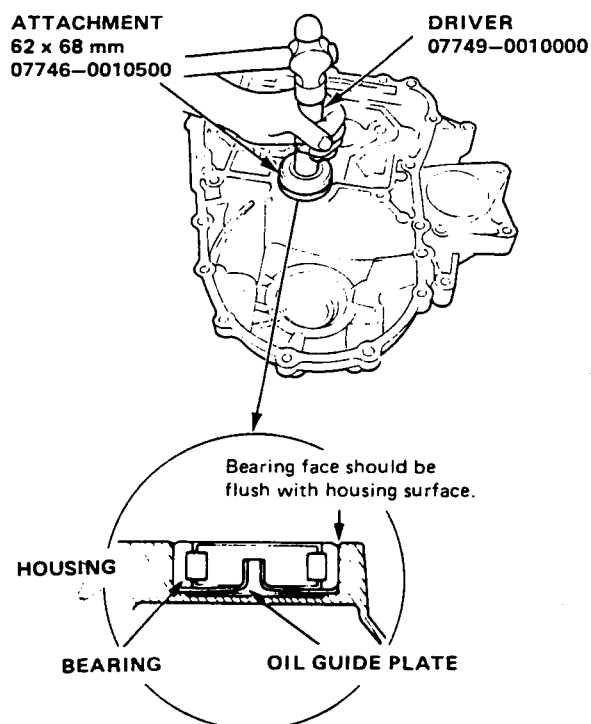
**Commercially Available  
3/8 x 16 Slide Hammer**



**ADJUSTABLE BEARING REMOVER  
(25-40 mm)  
07736-A010000A**  
or:  
**BEARING REMOVER  
ATTACHMENT  
07GAC-PF40210**

**COUNTERSHAFT  
NEEDLE BEARING**  
Replace with new  
bearing if removed.

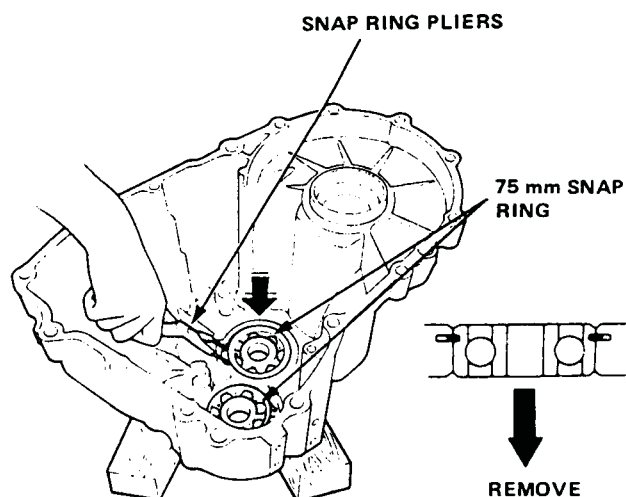
5. Make sure the oil guide plate is installed in the bearing hole, then install a new countershaft bearing flush with the housing.



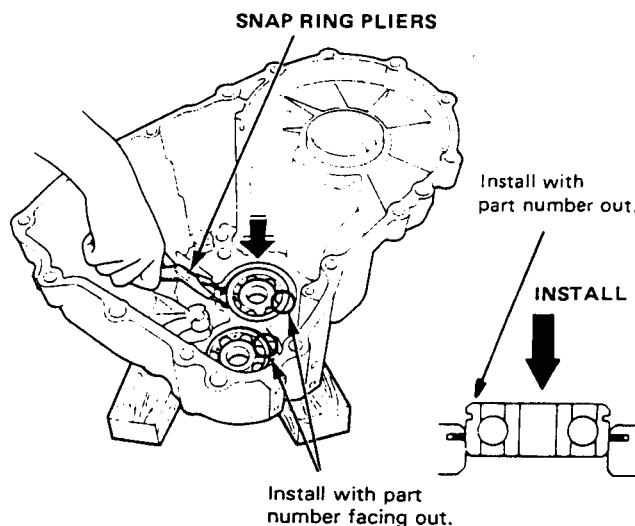
## Transmission housing

1. To remove the mainshaft and countershaft bearings from the transmission housing, expand each snap ring with snap ring pliers, then push the bearing out by hand.

**NOTE:** Do not remove the snap rings unless it's necessary to clean the grooves in the housing.



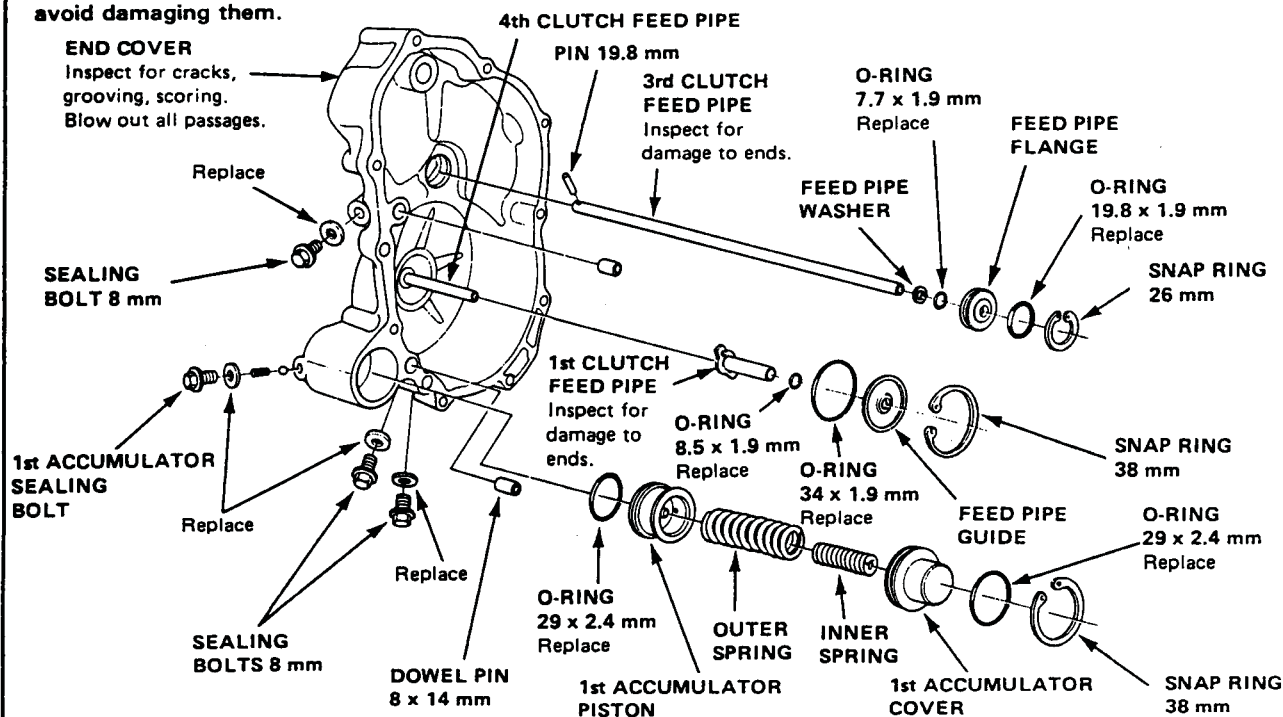
2. Expand each snap ring with snap ring pliers, insert the new bearing part-way into it, then release the pliers. Push the bearing down into the transmission until the ring snaps in place around it.



3. Make sure the snap rings are seated in the bearing and housing grooves.

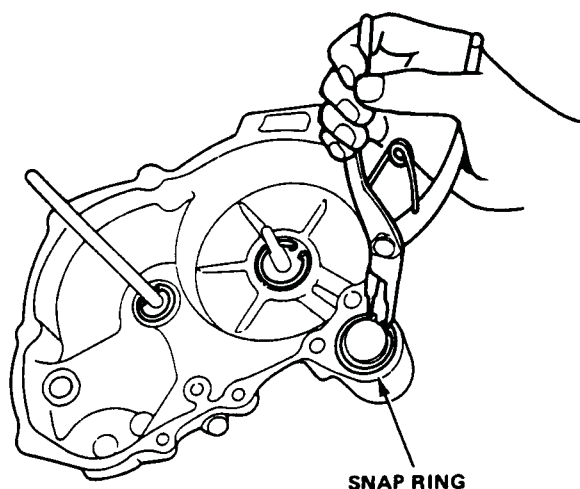
## Disassembly/Inspection

**CAUTION:** Remove and install parts carefully to avoid damaging them.

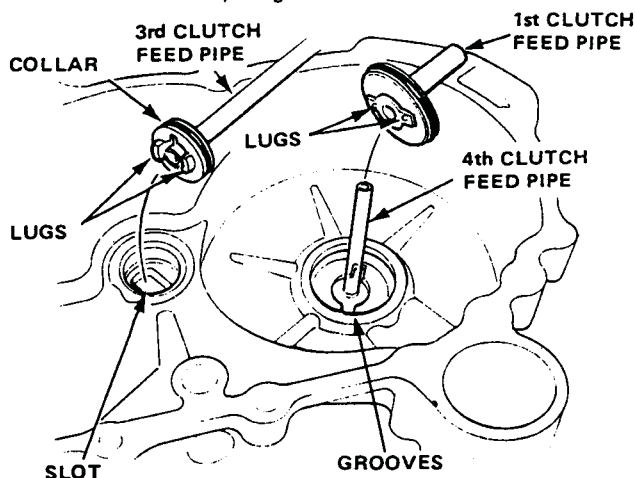


## Reassembly

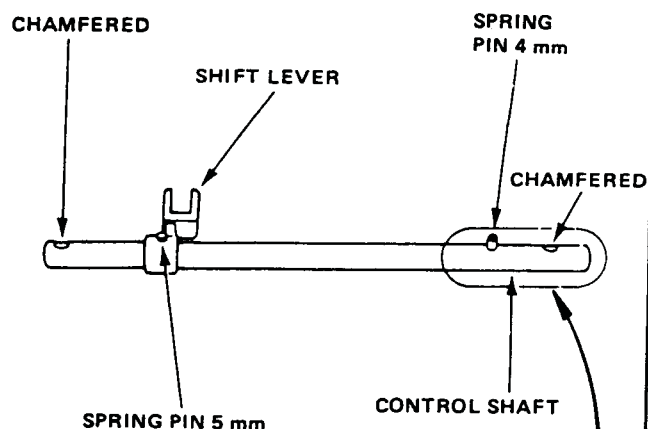
1. Seat a new O-ring in the groove of the 1st accumulator, and slide the accumulator piston into the right side transmission cover. Install the outer spring, inner spring, another new O-ring and the accumulator cover, in that order.
2. Install 38 mm snap ring.



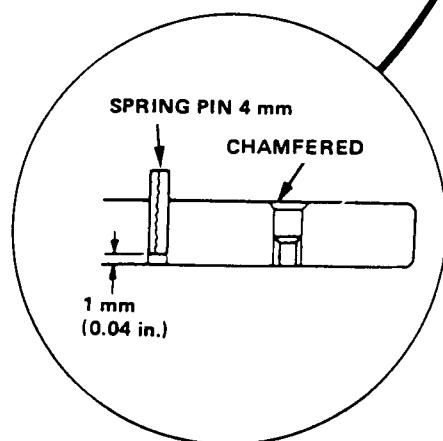
3. With feed pipes assembled, align lugs on the collars with slot in end cover.
4. Install the snap ring.
5. Install the feed pipes in the end cover, aligning the lugs of the 1st clutch feed pipe with the grooves of the end cover.
6. Install the snap ring.



## Installation



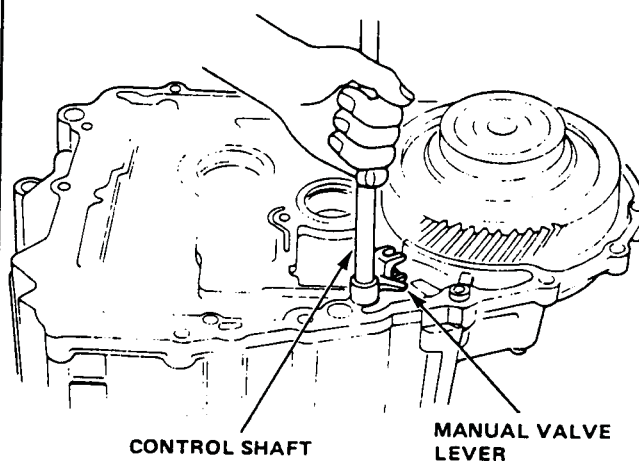
Drive the 4 mm spring pin in from the side with the chamfered hole, to a depth of 1 mm from the opposite side.



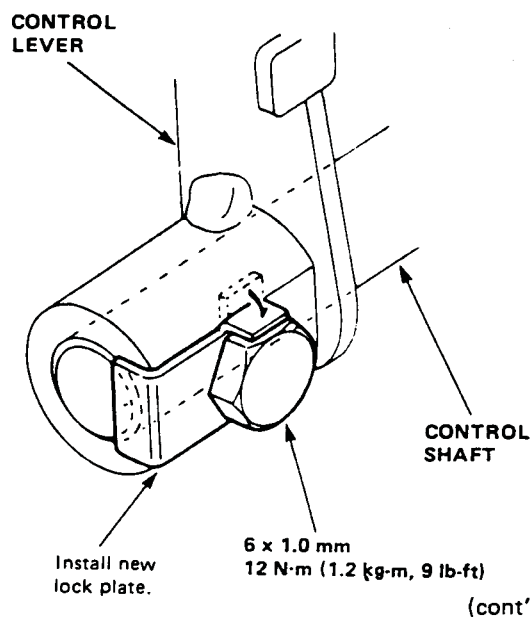
## Reassembly

NOTE: Lubricate all parts with ATF during re-assembly.

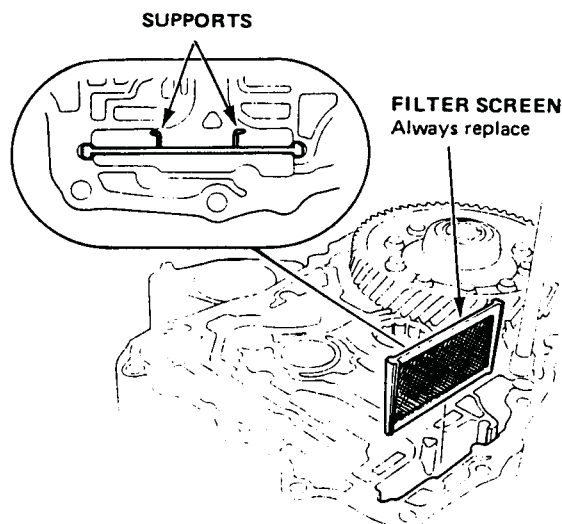
1. Install the differential assembly. If the torque converter housing, transmission housing and/or differential side bearings were replaced, the differential side clearance must be checked as shown in Section 15.
2. Assemble the manual valve lever on the control shaft, then install in the torque converter housing as shown.



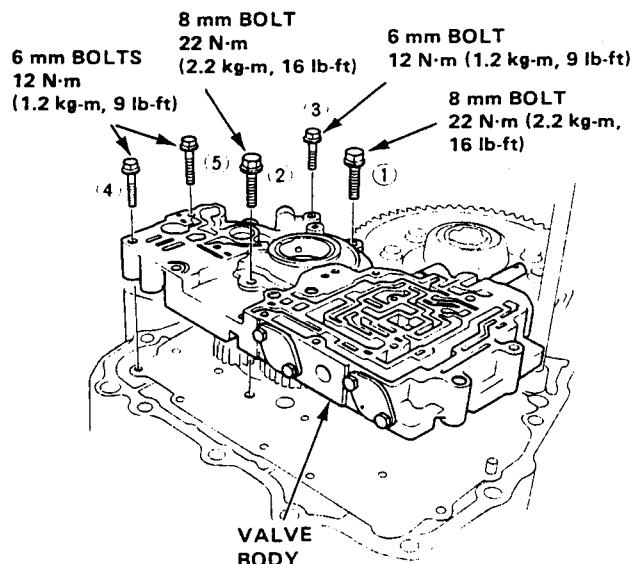
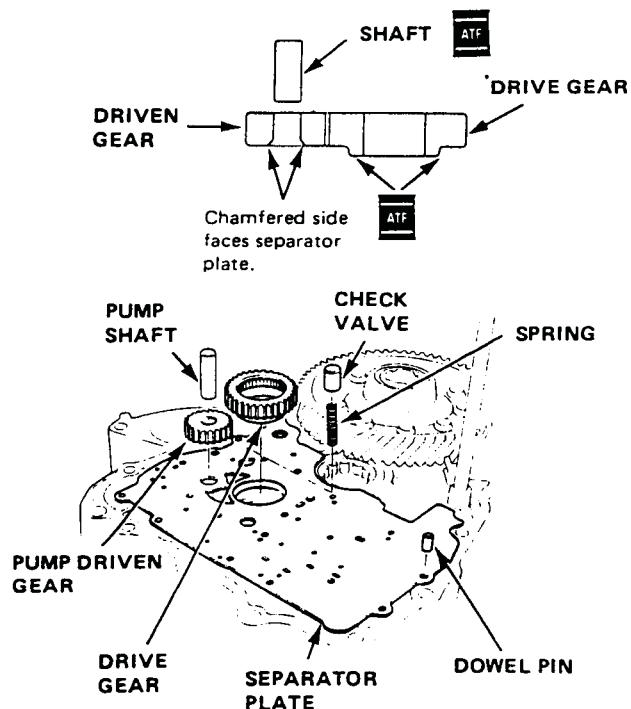
3. Install the control lever and new lock plate on the other end of the shaft. Tighten the bolt to the torque shown, then bend the tab over against the bolt head.



4. Install the new filter screen.

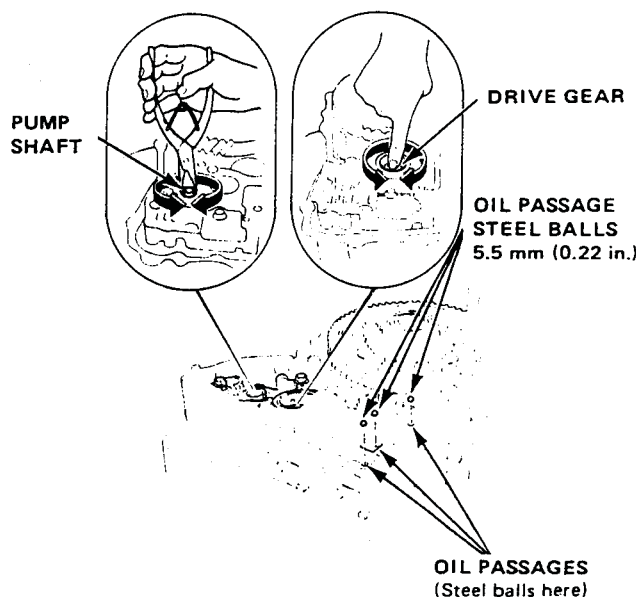


5. Install the separator plate, dowel pin, pump gears, and shaft.  
6. Install the check valve and spring, then install the main valve body on the torque converter housing.



7. Tighten the 5 valve body bolts in the sequence shown. Make sure the pump drive gear rotates smoothly in the normal operating direction and the pump shaft moves smoothly in both the axial and normal operating directions.  
8. Torque the valve body bolts to 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 lb-ft) and 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 lb-ft), and again check that the pump gear and pump shaft move freely.

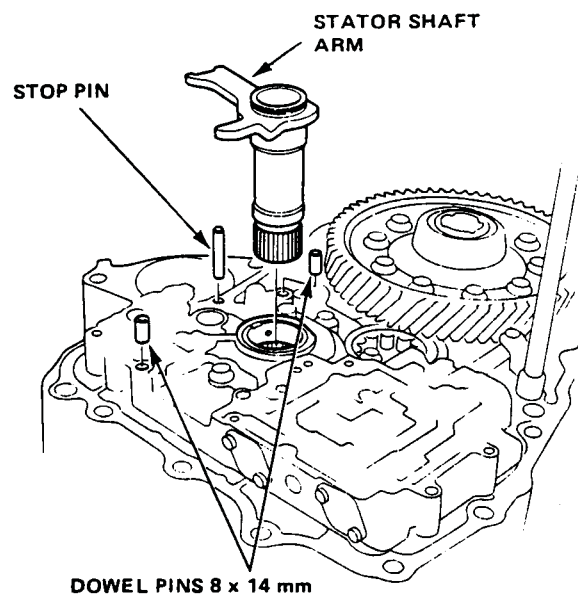
**CAUTION:** If the pump gear and pump shaft do not move freely, loosen the valve body bolts, realign the shaft, and then retighten to the specified torque. Failure to align the pump shaft correctly will result in seized pump gear or pump shaft.



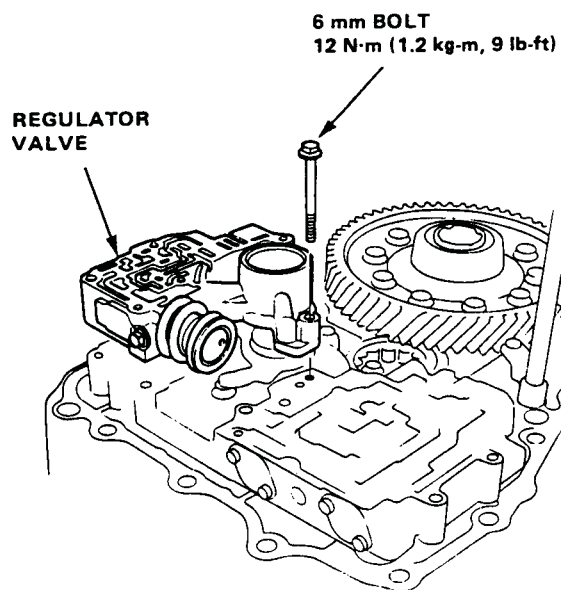
9. Install the 3 steel balls in main valve body oil passages.



10. Install the stator shaft arm, stop pin and dowel pins.

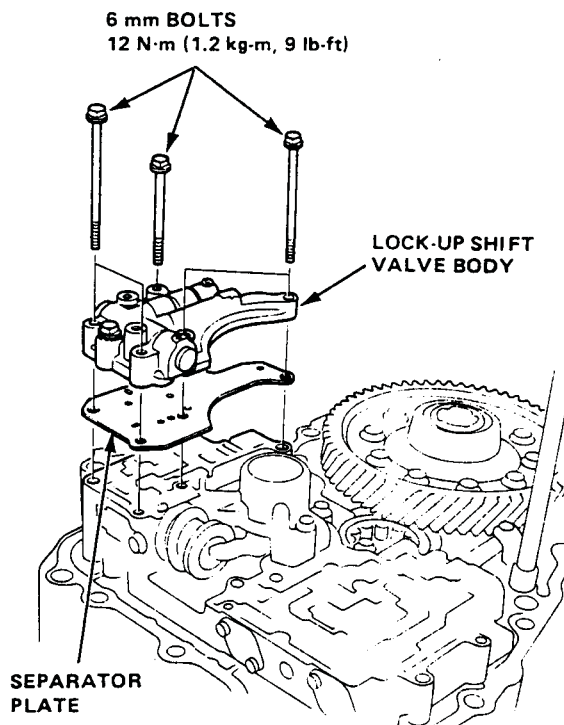


11. Install the regulator valve and torque its bolt to 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 lb-ft).

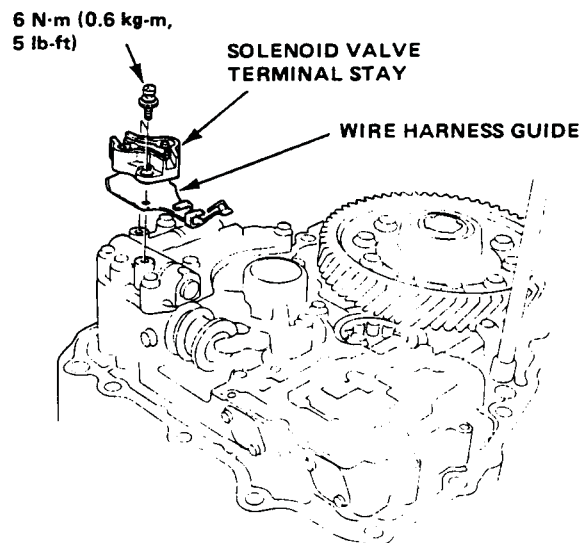


12. Install the dowel pin, and separator plate.

13. Install the lock-up shift valve body bolts as shown, and torque to 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 lb-ft).



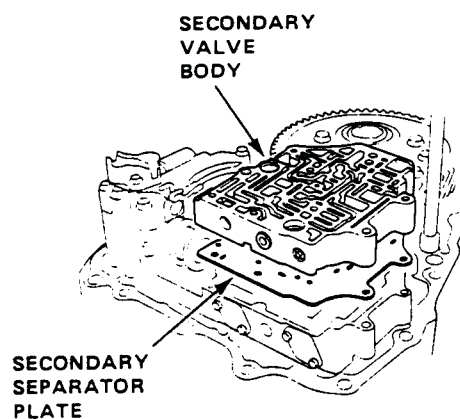
14. Install the wire harness guide and the solenoid valve terminal stay.



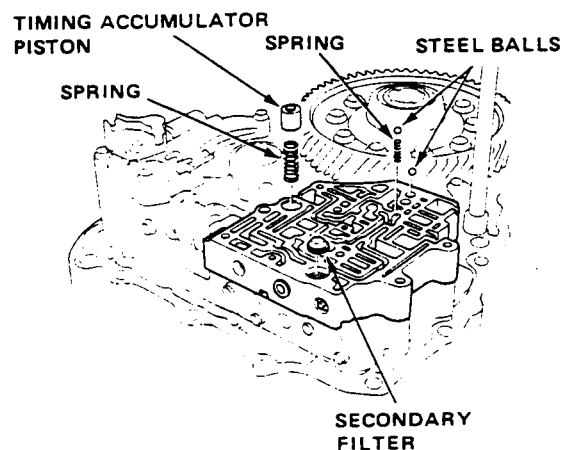
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15. Install the separator plate and the secondary valve body.

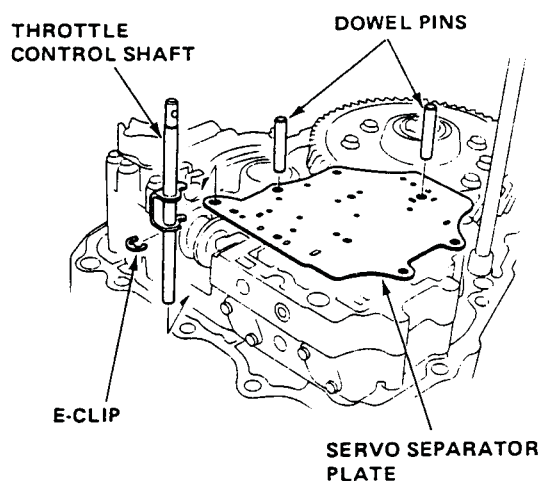


16. Install the steel balls, ball spring, timing accumulator piston, spring and secondary filter in the secondary valve body.

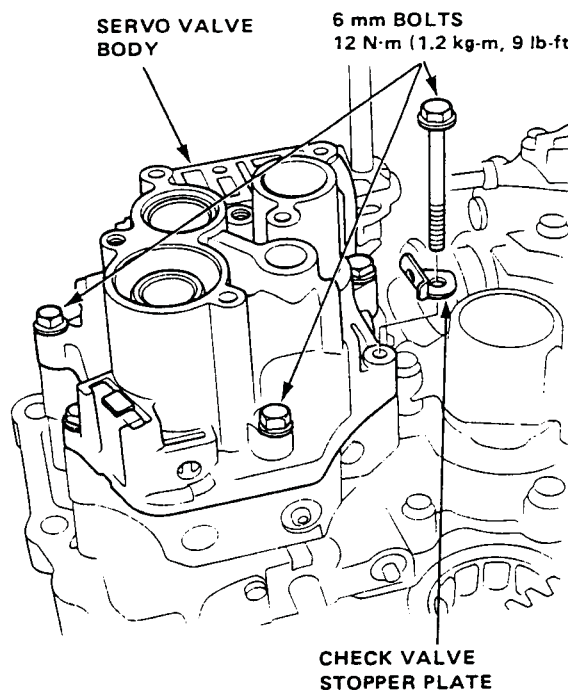


NOTE: The ball for the top oil passage has a spring to press the ball against the servo separator plate.

17. Install the separator plate and dowel pins, then install the throttle control shaft.

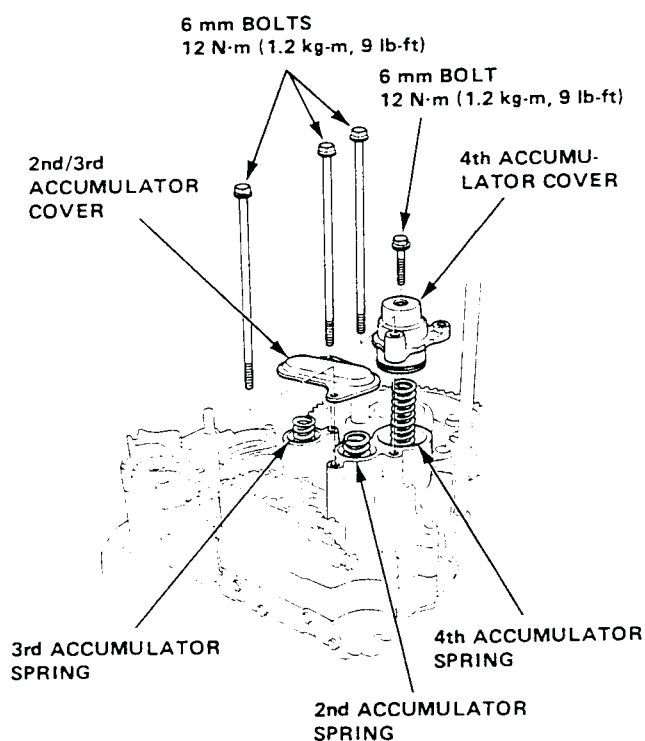


18. Install the servo valve body (4 bolts) and stopper plate (1 bolt) as shown.

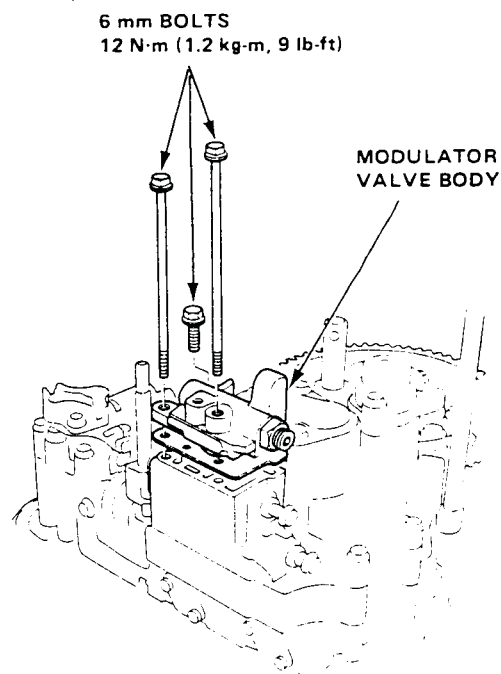


19. Install the accumulator springs.
20. Install the 2nd/3rd accumulator cover, and torque the bolts to 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 lb-ft) in a criss-cross pattern.
21. Install the 4th accumulator cover, and torque the bolts to 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 lb-ft) in a criss-cross pattern.

**CAUTION:** To prevent stripping the threads, press down on accumulator cover, then install the bolts.

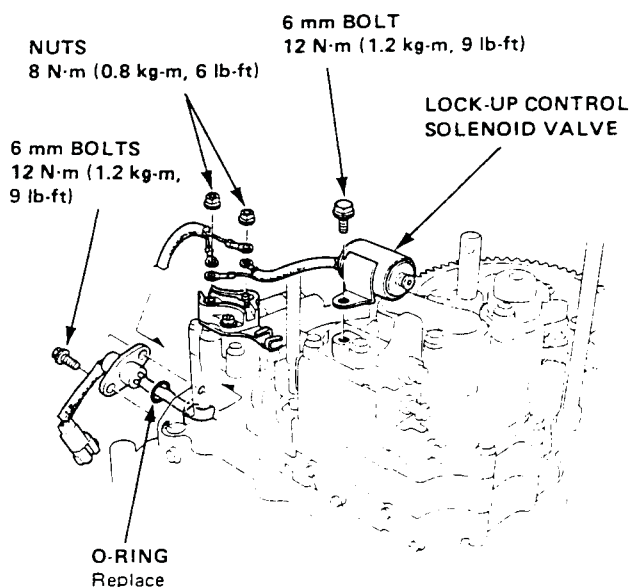


22. Install the separator plate and modulator valve body.



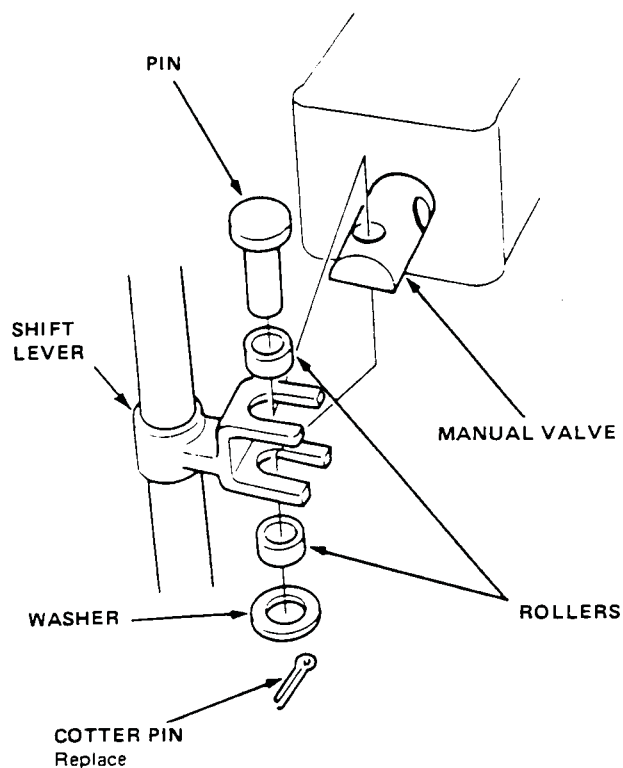
23. Install the lock-up control solenoid valve and solenoid valve terminals.

**CAUTION:** Connect the wires color-to-color and do not twist them. Be sure to route the harness securely through the harness guides.

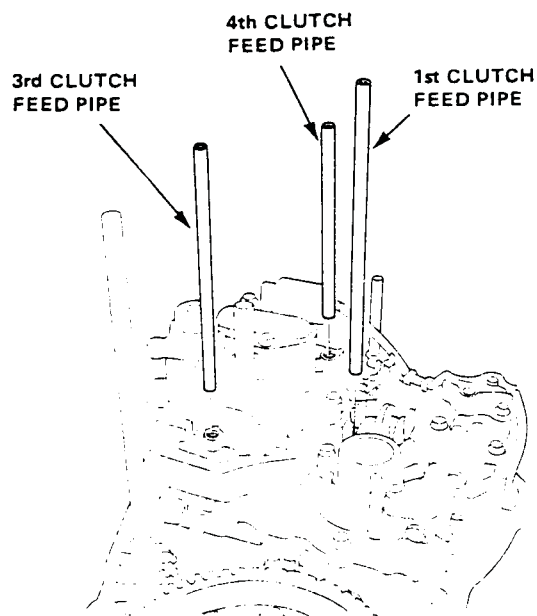


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24. Put the rollers on each side of the manual valve stem, then attach the valve to the lever with the pin. Secure with the cotter pin.

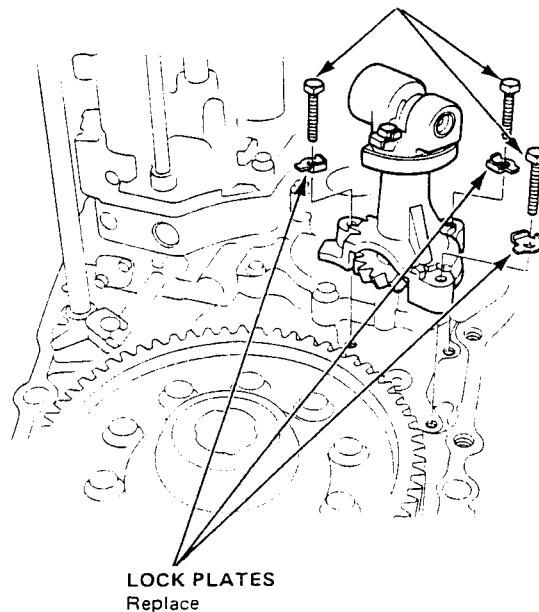


25. Install the 1st, 3rd and 4th clutch feed pipes.



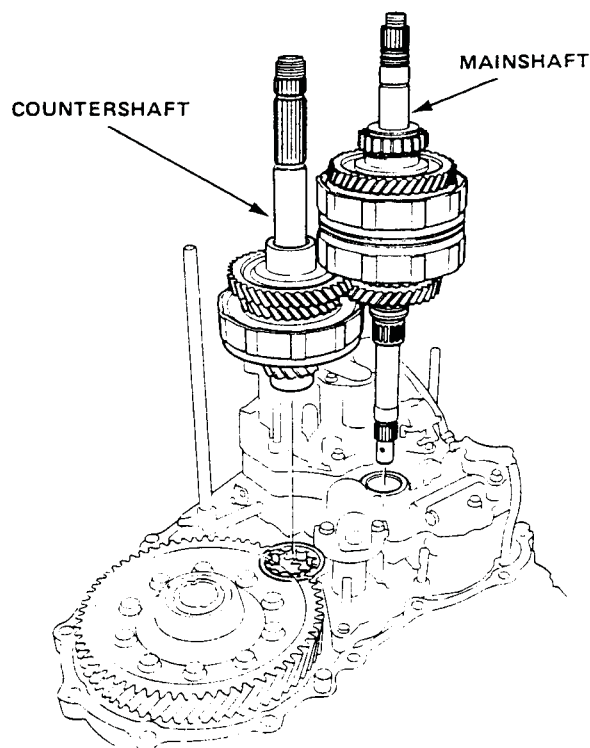
26. Install the governor valve using new lock plates, and the three 6 mm bolts.

**BOLTS**  
M6 x 1.0 mm, 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 lb-ft)



27. Set the countershaft and mainshaft in place as an assembly.

**NOTE:** Do not tap on the shafts with a hammer to drive in.

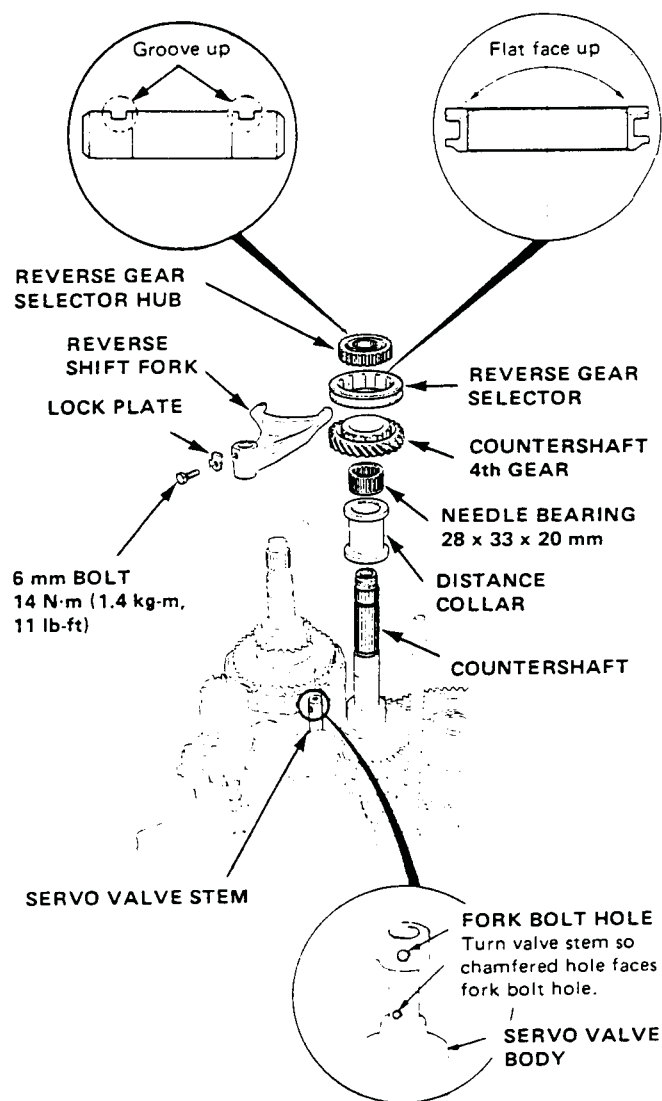


28. Install 4th gear and its needle bearing, and the countershaft 4th gear and its selector hub.

29. Assemble the reverse shift fork and selector sleeve, then install them as an assembly on the countershaft.

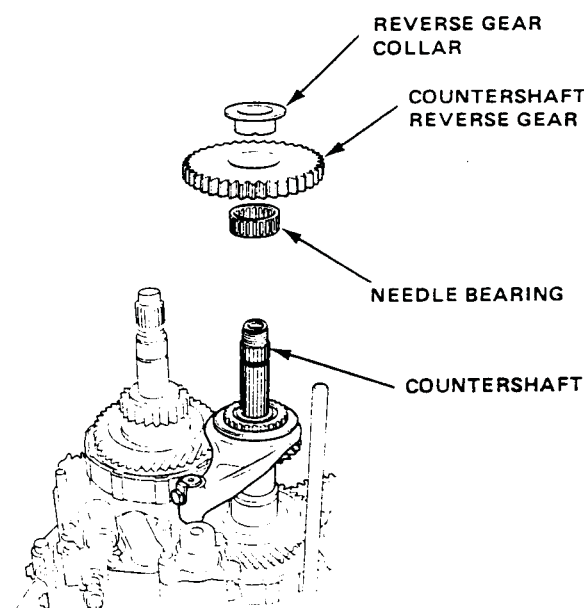
**NOTE:**

- Install the sleeve with its flat face up.
- Install the reverse gear selector hub with the groove facing up.

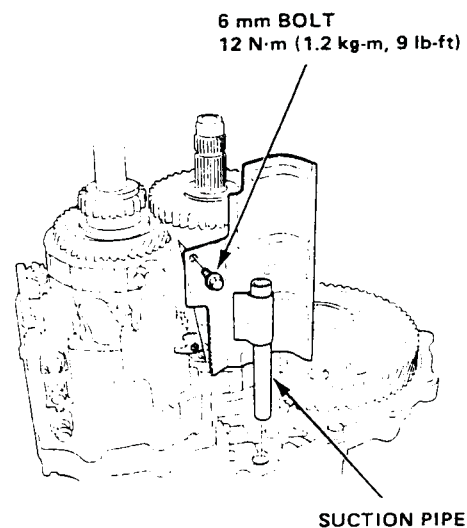


30. Install the reverse shift fork over the servo valve stem. Align the hole in the stem with hole in fork as shown, and install the bolt and new lock plate. Bend the lock tab against the bolt head.

31. Install the countershaft reverse gear, needle bearing, and reverse gear collar.

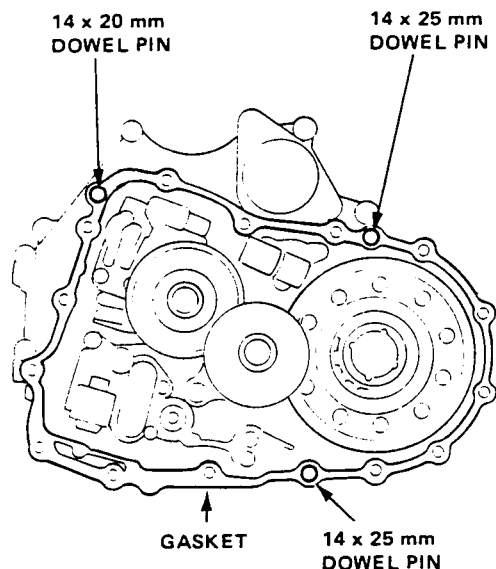


32. Install the suction pipe.



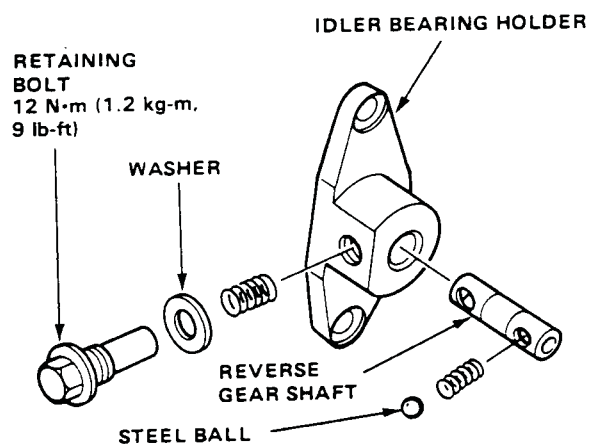
(cont'd)

33. Install the new gasket and three dowel pins in the torque converter housing.



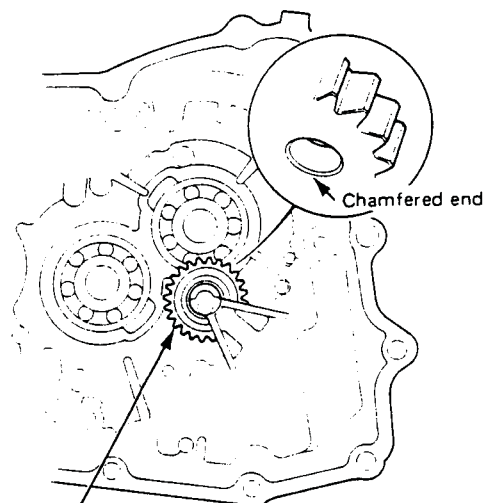
34. Assemble the idler bearing holder.

NOTE: Align the hole in the shaft with the spring.



35. Install the reverse idler gear.

NOTE: Install the reverse idler gear so that the larger chamfer on the shaft bore faces the torque converter housing.



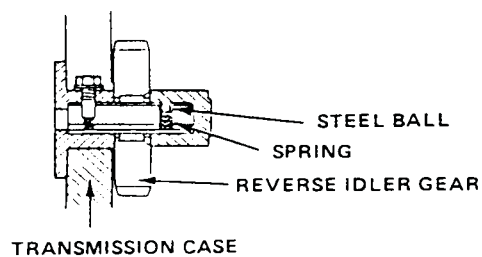
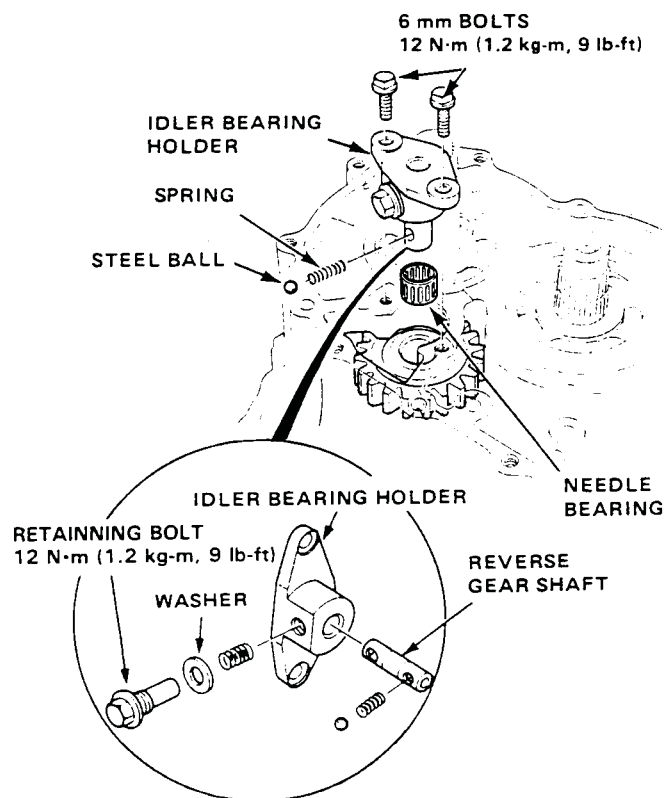
**REVERSE IDLER GEAR**  
Inspect teeth for wear.

36. Install the needle bearing into the idler gear.

37. Install the idler bearing holder into the transmission housing.

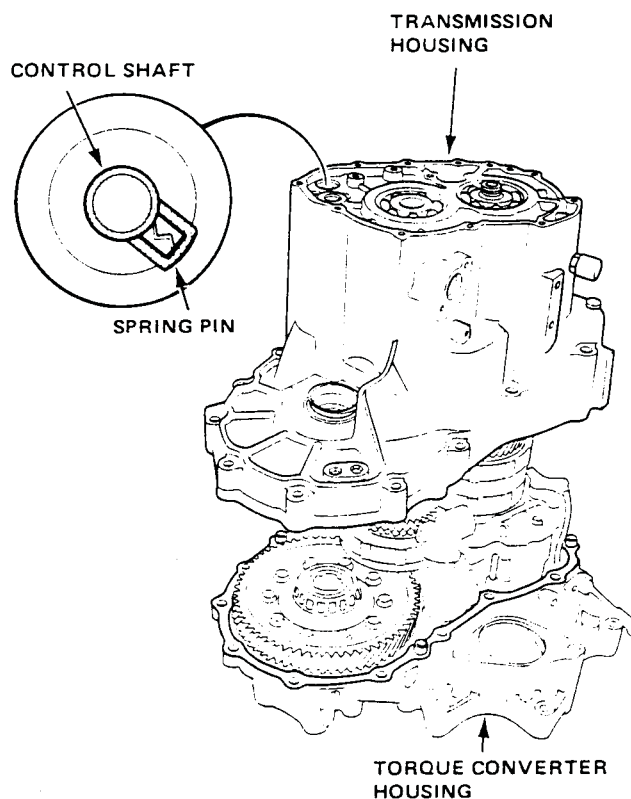
38. Tighten the reverse idler bearing holder bolts.

39. Install the spring and steel ball.



40. Place the transmission housing on the torque converter housing.

NOTE: Be sure the main valve control shaft lines up with the hole in the housing and that the reverse idler gear meshes with the mainshaft and countershaft, or the housing will not go on.



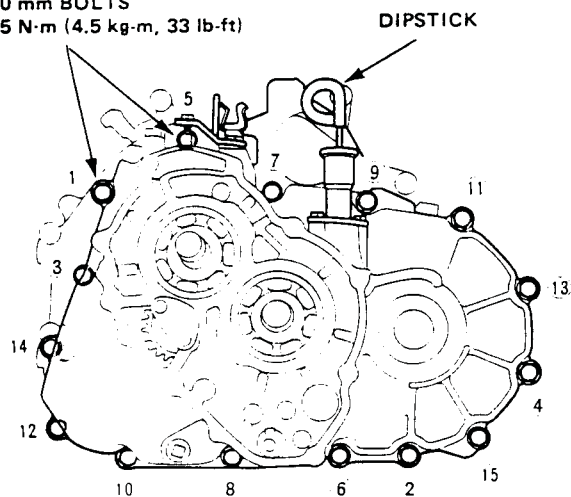
(cont'd)

41. Torque bolts to 45 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 lb-ft) in order of (1) thru (15) in two or more steps.

NOTE: When tightening the transmission housing bolts, take care that you do not distort or damage the throttle control bracket; distortion or damage to the bracket will change transmission shift points.

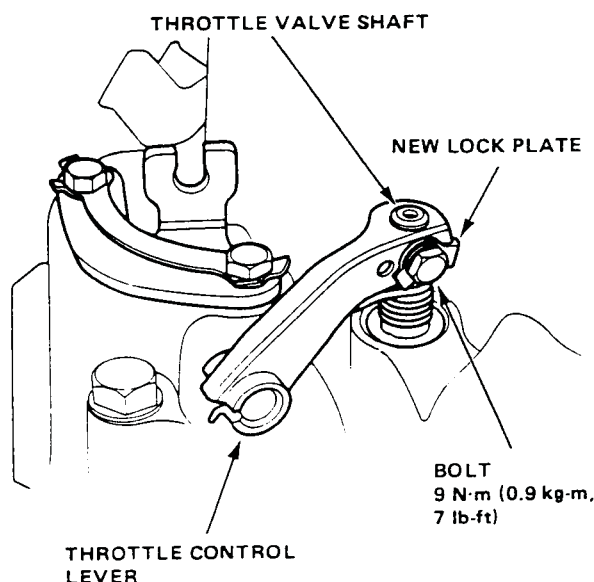
42. Install the dipstick.

10 mm BOLTS  
45 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 lb-ft)



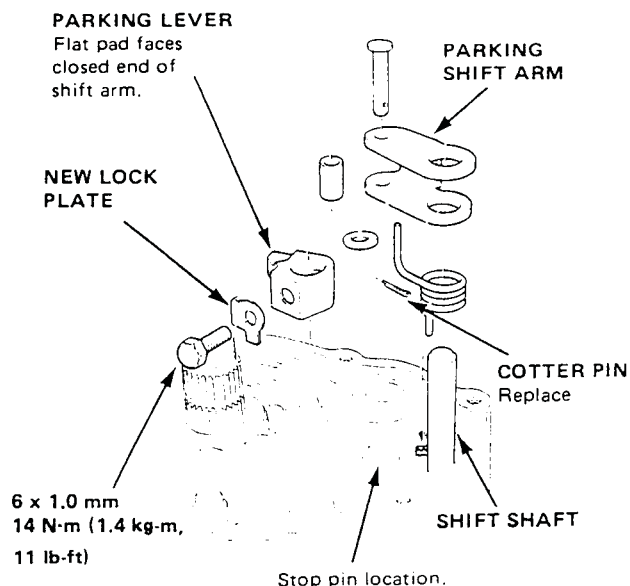
43. Install the throttle control lever and spring on the throttle control shaft.

44. Install the bolt and new lock plate. Bend the lock tab against the bolt head.



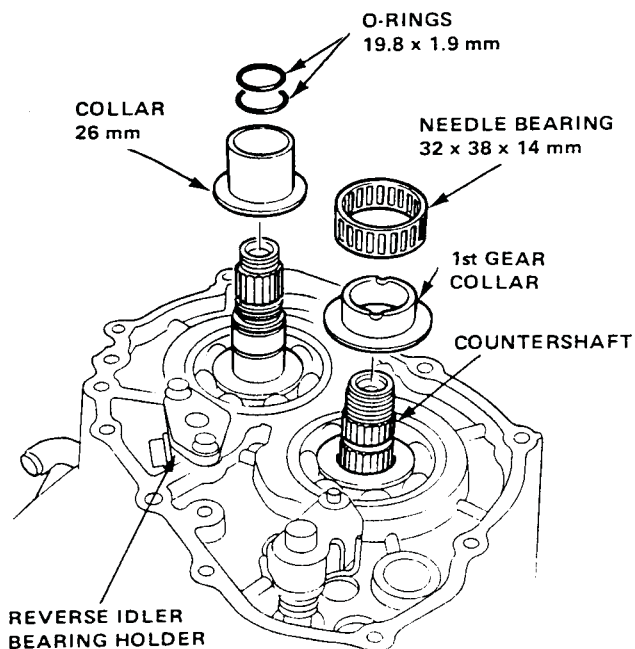
45. Install the parking shift arm and spring on the shift shaft with the bolt and a new lock plate. Bend the lock tab against the bolt head.

NOTE: The spring should put clockwise tension on the shift arm, forcing it against the stop pin.



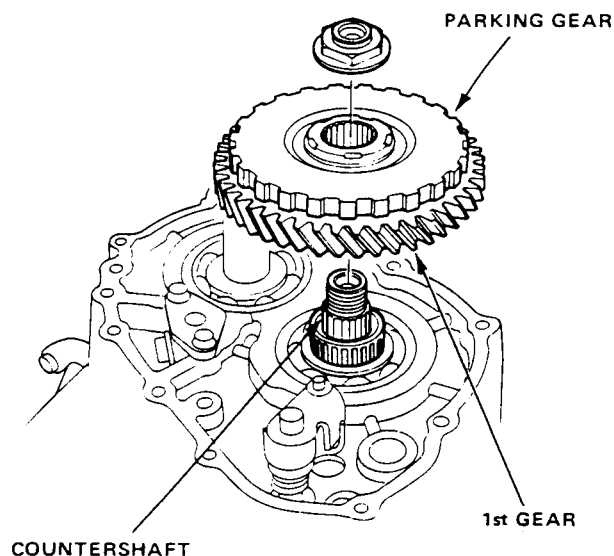
46. Install the 1st gear collar and needle bearing on the countershaft. Install the 26 mm collar on the mainshaft.

47. Install new 19.8 x 1.9 mm O-rings on the mainshaft.

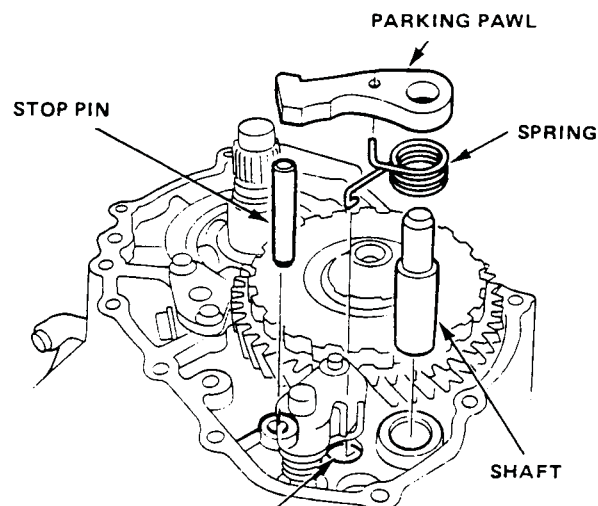




48. Install the countershaft 1st gear and parking gear on the countershaft.



49. Install the stop pin, parking pawl shaft, parking pawl, and pawl release spring.



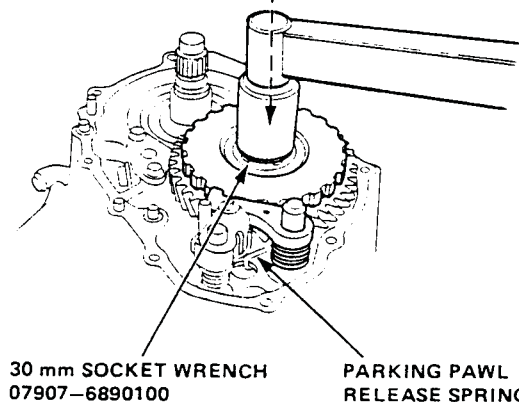
**NOTE:**

- One end of the parking pawl release spring fits into the hole in the parking pawl, the other end into the hole in the transmission housing as shown.
- The release spring should put clockwise tension on the pawl, forcing it away from the parking gear.

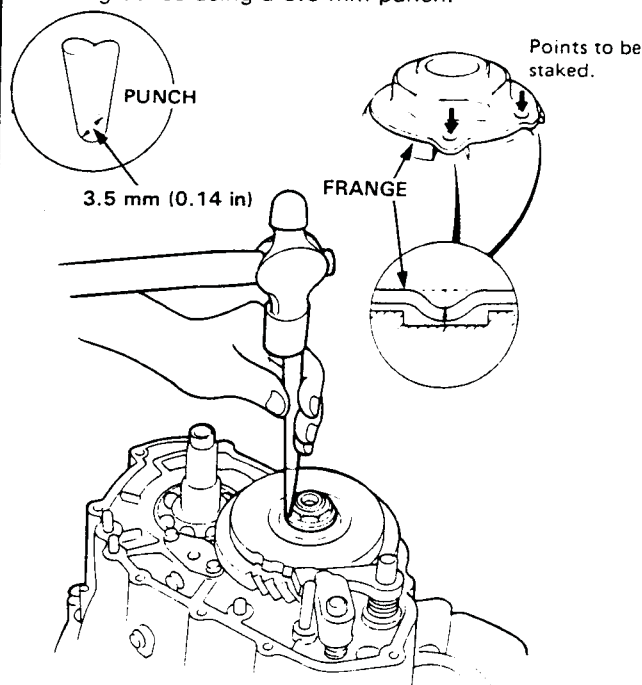
50. Shift to PARK and install the mainshaft holder.  
51. Install and torque the new countershaft locknut.

**CAUTION:** Locknut has left-hand threads.

**COUNTERSHAFT LOCKNUT**  
140 - 0 - 140 N·m  
(14.0 - 0 - 14.0 kg·m,  
102 - 0 - 102 lb·ft)  
Replace

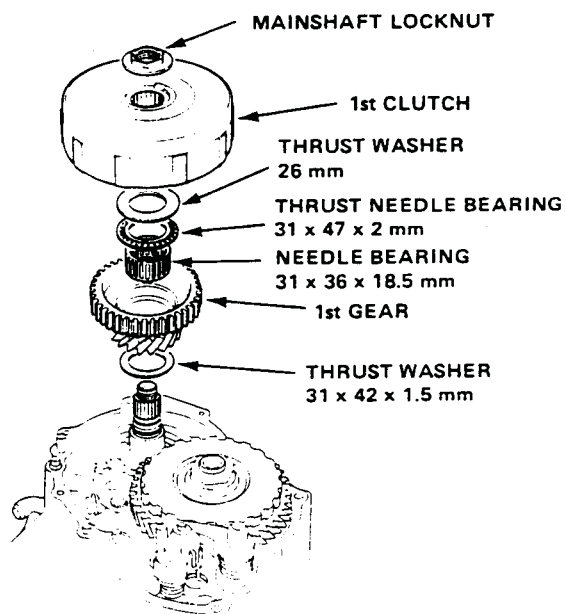


52. Stake the locknut flange at two places into the gear grooves using a 3.5 mm punch.

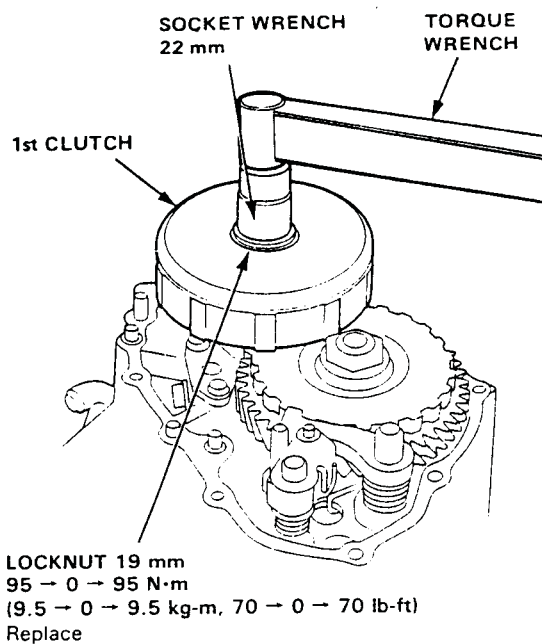


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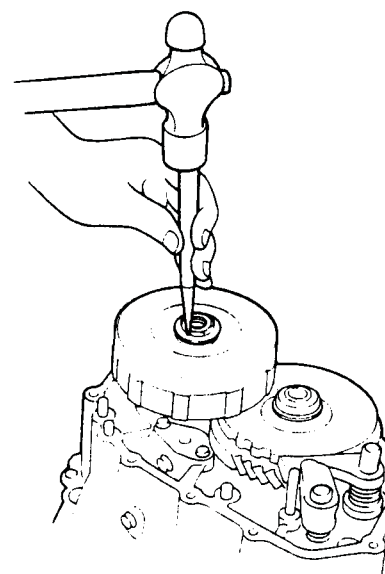
53. Install 31 x 36 x 18.5 mm needle bearing and thrust washer on the mainshaft.
54. Install 1st gear, thrust needle bearing, and the thrust washer on the mainshaft.



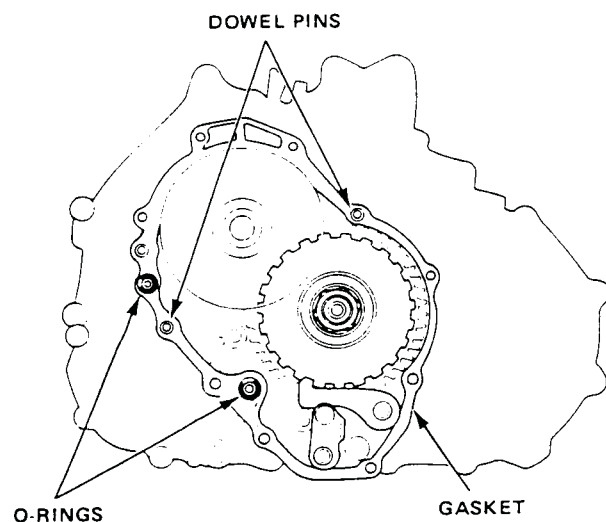
55. Install the 1st clutch on the mainshaft.
56. Attach the mainshaft holder from the underside of the torque converter case.
57. Install and torque the new mainshaft locknut.



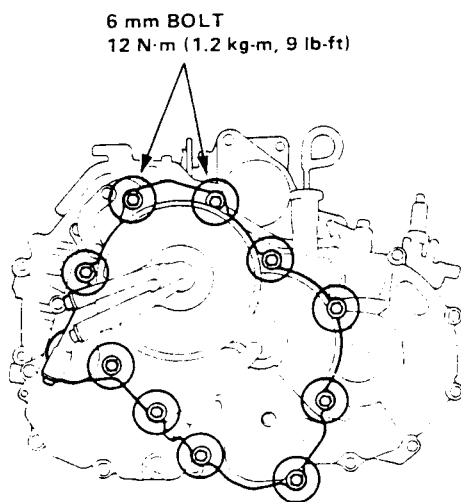
58. Stake the locknut flange into the groove in the 1st clutch.



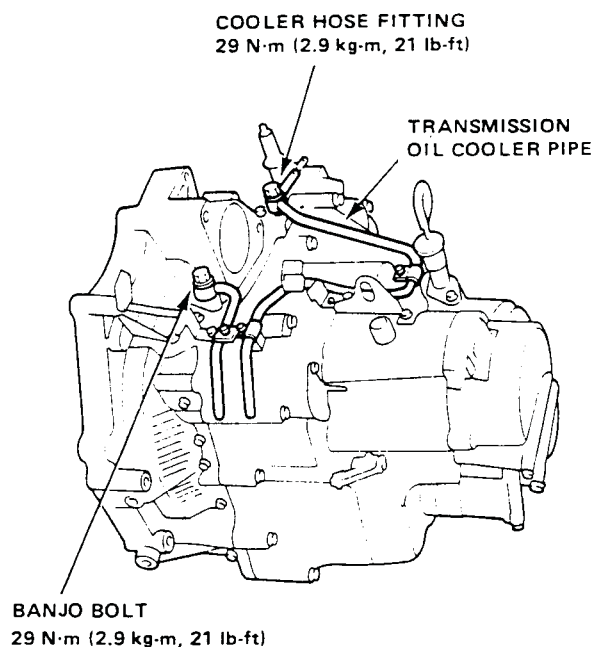
59. Install the gasket, dowel pins, and O-rings on the transmission housing.



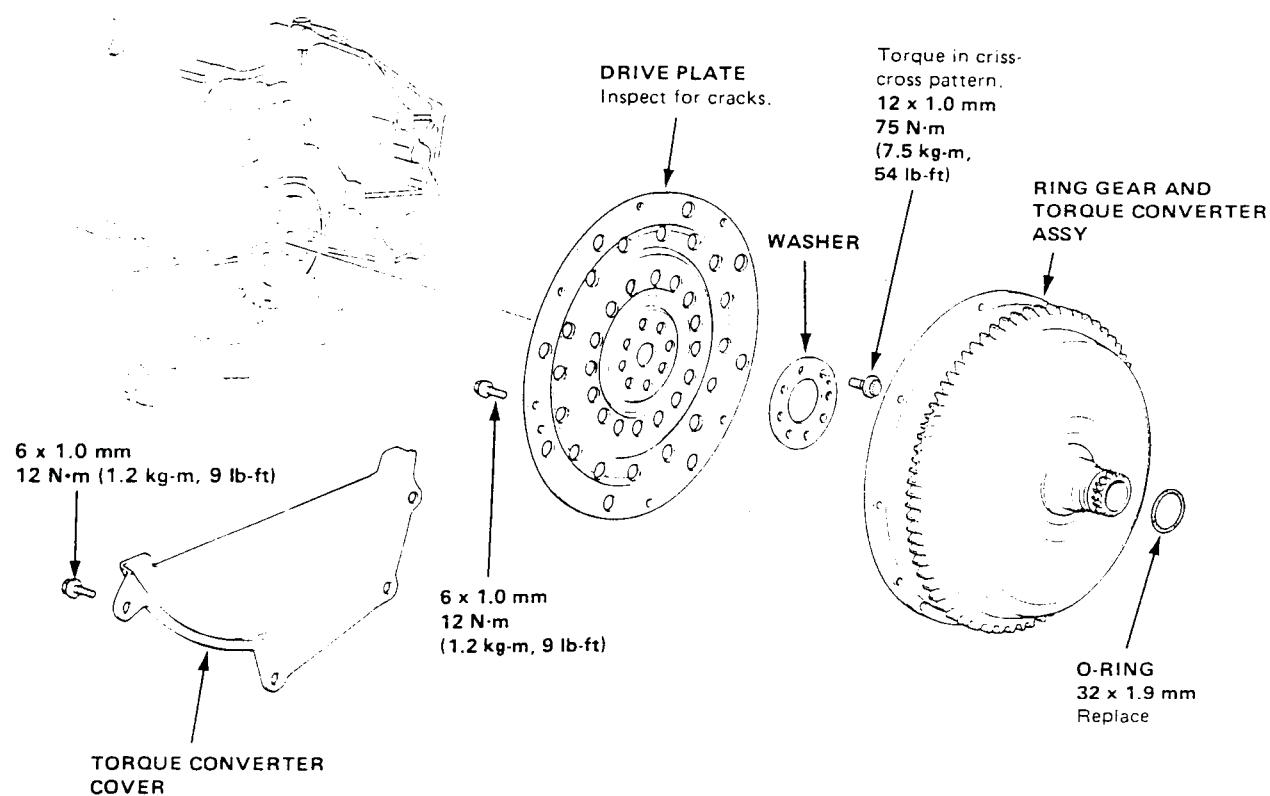
60. Install the end cover and torque all 9 bolts to 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 lb-ft).
61. Install the transmission cooler banjo fitting, but do not tighten until the transmission is installed in the car and the hose is positioned properly.



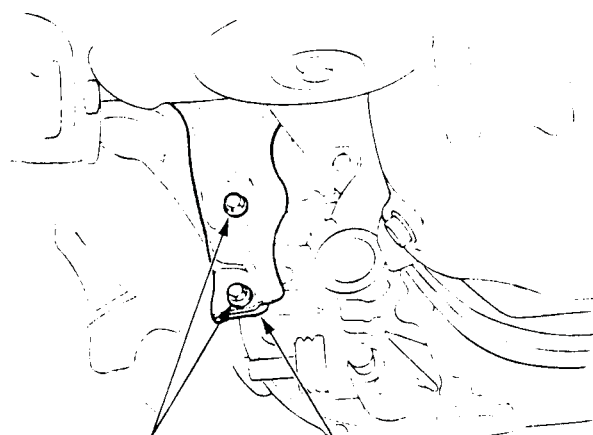
62. Install the transmission cooler hose fitting and torque to 29 N·m (2.9 kg-m, 21 lb-ft).



## Disassembly

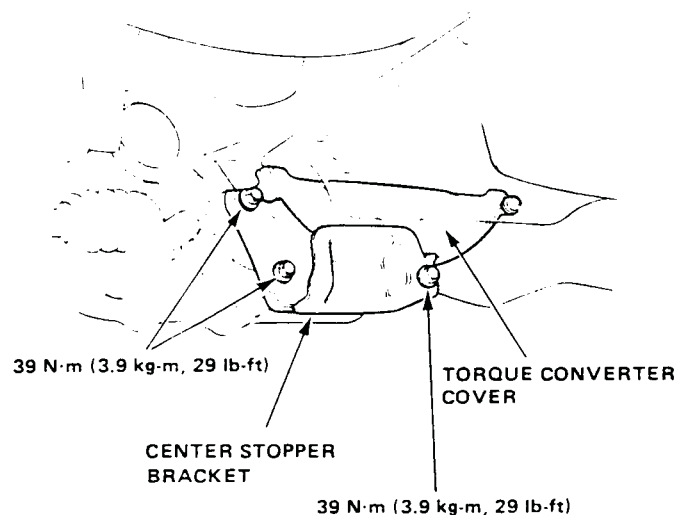


1. Place the transmission on the transmission jack and raise to the engine level.
2. Secure the transmission to the engine with the mounting bolts.
3. Install the starter.
4. Attach the torque converter to the drive plate with mounting bolts, and torque to 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 8 lb-ft). Rotate the crank as necessary to tighten bolts to 1/2 torque, then final torque, in a criss-cross pattern. Check for free rotation after tightening the last bolt.
5. Install the transmission to the rear engine mount bracket with two bolts.



10 x 1.25 mm BOLTS  
39 N·m (3.9 kg-m, 29 lb-ft) REAR ENGINE MOUNT BRACKET

6. Install the torque converter cover.



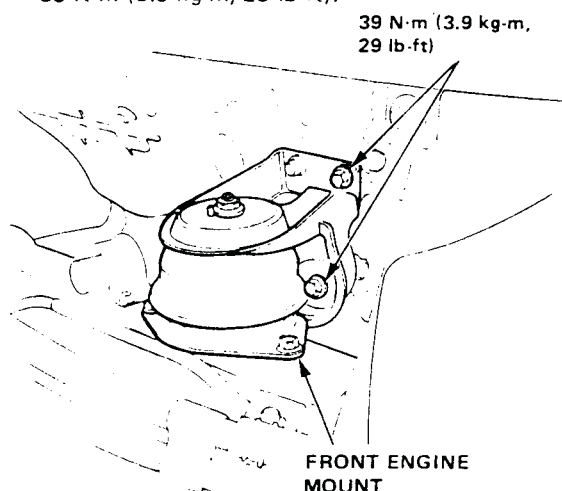
39 N·m (3.9 kg-m, 29 lb-ft)

CENTER STOPPER BRACKET

TORQUE CONVERTER COVER

39 N·m (3.9 kg-m, 29 lb-ft)

7. Install the center stopper bracket to the transmission.
8. Install the center beam.
9. Connect the radius rod.
10. Install the front engine mount bolts and torque to 39 N·m (3.9 kg-m, 29 lb-ft).

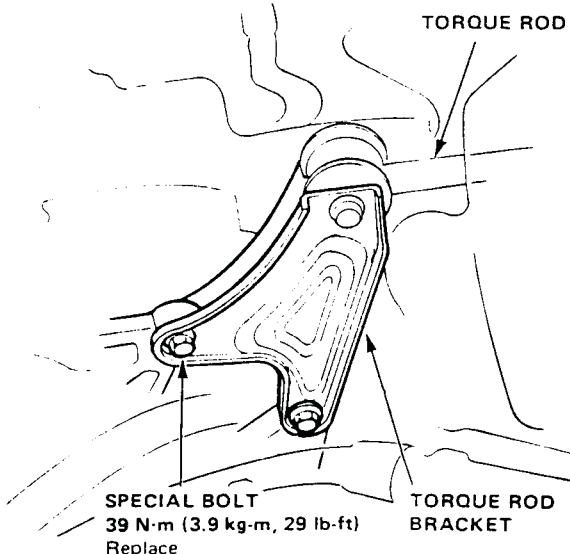


39 N·m (3.9 kg-m, 29 lb-ft)

FRONT ENGINE MOUNT

11. Remove the chain hoist by removing the two 10 mm bolts.
12. Install the torque rod bracket and torque the bolts to 39 N·m (3.9 kg-m, 29 lb-ft).

NOTE: Replace the bolts with new ones whenever loosened or removed.



TORQUE ROD

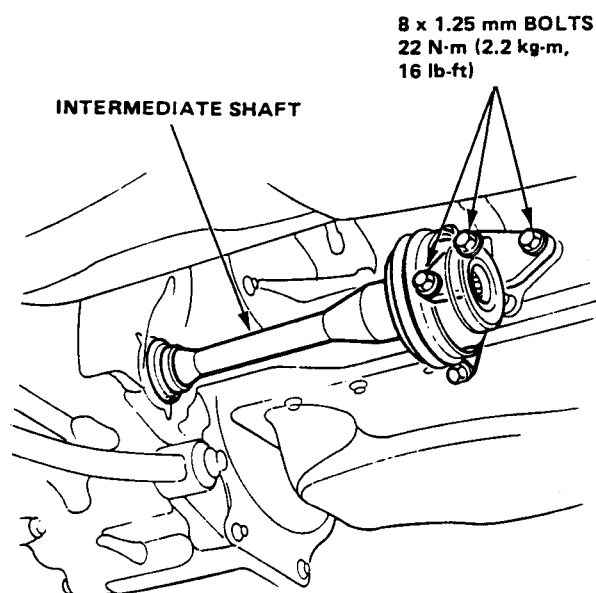
SPECIAL BOLT  
39 N·m (3.9 kg-m, 29 lb-ft)  
Replace

TORQUE ROD BRACKET

13. Remove the transmission jack.

(cont'd)

14. Connect the intermediate shaft. Install the right and left axles.



15. Route the control cable to the center console through the cable guide and secure with the bolt.
16. Connect the control cable with the adjuster pin, and reinstall the center console.
17. Connect the lockup control solenoid valve wire connectors.
18. Connect the cooler hoses to the joint pipes.
19. Connect the control cable on the throttle body side.
20. Install the speedometer gearbox.
21. Install the air cleaner case and intake hose.

22. Install the two 6 x 1.0 mm bolts located at the side of the battery base, and retighten the intake hose band of the throttle body.
23. Refill the transmission with ATF.
24. Connect the starter and ground cables.
25. Connect the battery positive (+) and negative (-) cables to the battery.
26. Start the engine, set the parking brake, and shift the transmission through all gears three times. Check for proper control cable adjustment.
27. Let the engine reach operating temperature with the transmission in Neutral or Park, then turn it off and check the fluid level.
28. Road test

## HONDA TRANSMISSION APPLICATION CHART

	2-SPEED	3-SPEED	3-SP LOCKUP	4-SP 4.165*	4-SP 4.325*	4-SP 4.325**	4-SP 4.550*	4-SP 4.550**
CIVIC 73-80	■							
CIVIC 81-83		■						
CIVIC 84-85			■					
CIVIC 86-87				■				
CIVIC 88-UP					■			
ACCORD PRELUDE 73-79	■							
ACCORD PRELUDE 80-82		■						
ACCORD 83			■					
ACCORD 84-85				■				
ACCORD 86-89							■	
PRELUDE 83-84				■				
PRELUDE (CARB.) 85-87				■				
PRELUDE (F.I.) 85-UP							■	
INTEGRA 86-89						■		
LEGEND 86-UP								■
<p>◆ NOTE: AXLE SEALS FOR 1985 ACCORD LXI (F.I.) NOT INCLUDED ORDER (1) 29305 AND (1) 29304 SEPARATELY.</p> <p>◆ NOTE: AXLE SEALS FOR 1988-UP PRELUDE NOT INCLUDED ORDER (1) 29413 AND (1) 29414 SEPARATELY.</p> <p>* MEASUREMENT OF FRICTION PLATE      + ACURA      * 1988-UP</p>								
2-SPEED	3-SPEED ALL	4-SPEED	4-SPEED	4-SPEED 1988-UP	4-SPEED ACURA	4-SPEED	4-SPEED ACURA	
	4.165* O.D.	4.165* O.D.	4.325* O.D.	4.325* O.D.	4.325* O.D.	4.550* O.D.	4.550* O.D.	
1113	1114	1115	1115	1115	1115	1182	1183	
2113	2114	2115	2115 ◆	2184	2185	2182 ◆	2183	